UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

	FORM 10-Q	
×	Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the	he Securities Exchange Act of 1934
	For Quarterly Period Ended Septen	nber 30, 2017
	or	
	Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
	For the transition period from	to
	Commission File Number:	1-5415
	A. M. Castle 8 (Exact name of registrant as specifie	
	Maryland	36-0879160
((State or other jurisdiction of incorporation of organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
142	20 Kensington Road, Suite 220, Oak Brook, Illinois (Address of principal executive offices)	60523 (Zip Code)
	Registrant's telephone, including area code	
	(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if ch	anged since last report) None
the Se	ate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports recurities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such fili ⊠ No □	(or for such shorter period that the registrant
any, e the pr	ate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronievery Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant ■ No □	ursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during
filer, s	ate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated fismaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See elerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth	e the definitions of "large accelerated filer,"
Large	e accelerated filer □	Accelerated filer
_	accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting com	pany) Smaller reporting company 🗵
		Emerging growth company

f an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. □
ndicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ No 国
The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock as of November 10, 2017 was 3,734,109 shares.

A. M. Castle & Co.

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Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)

Amounts in thousands, except par value and per share data

A.M. Castle & Co. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sneets	Successor		Predecessor	
		otember 30, 2017		cember 31, 2016
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,116	\$	35,624
Accounts receivable, less allowances of \$422 and \$1,945, respectively		76,802		64,385
Inventories		154,321		146,603
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		16,223		10,141
Income tax receivable		388		433
Total current assets		258,850		257,186
Goodwill and intangible assets, net		8,175		4,101
Prepaid pension cost		9,518		8,501
Deferred income taxes		_		381
Other noncurrent assets		823		9,449
Property, plant and equipment:				., .
Land		5,940		2,070
Buildings		22,017		37,341
Machinery and equipment		29,693		125.836
Property, plant and equipment, at cost		57,650	-	165,247
Accumulated depreciation		(502)		(115,537
Property, plant and equipment, net		57,148		49,710
Total assets	\$	334,514	\$	329,328
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' (EQUITY) DEFICIT	<u> </u>	001,011	-	020,020
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	47,170	\$	33,083
Accrued and other current liabilities	Ψ	14,586	Ψ	19,854
Income tax payable				209
Short-term borrowings		3,581		
Current portion of long-term debt		118		137
Total current liabilities		65,455	_	53,283
Long-term debt, less current portion		244,347		286,459
Deferred income taxes		1,785		200,400
Build-to-suit liability		9,973		12,305
Other noncurrent liabilities		3,931		5,978
Pension and postretirement benefit obligations		6,395		6,430
Commitments and contingencies (Note 15)		0,595		0,430
Stockholders' equity (deficit):				
Predecessor preferred stock, \$0.01 par value—9,988 shares authorized (including 400 Series B Junior Preferred, \$0.00 par value); no shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2016		_		_
Predecessor common stock, \$0.01 par value—60,000 shares authorized; 32,768 shares issued and 32,566 outstanding at December 31, 2016		_		327
Successor common stock, \$0.01 par value—200,000 Class A shares authorized with 3,734 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2017		20		_
Predecessor additional paid-in capital		_		244,825
Successor additional paid-in capital		5,791		_
Accumulated deficit		(821)		(253,291
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(2,362)		(25,939
Treasury stock, at cost—no shares at September 30, 2017 and 202 shares at December 31, 2016		(2,002)		(1,049
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)		2,628		(35,127
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)	\$	334,514	\$	329,328

A.M. Castle & Co. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive (Loss) Income

. ,	5	Successor	Predecessor		or	
	•	ember 1, 2017 Through ember 30, 2017	Through			Three Months Ended tember 30, 2016
Net sales	\$	41,725	\$	81,518	\$	124,893
Costs and expenses:						
Cost of materials (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)		31,482		63,406		92,406
Warehouse, processing and delivery expense		5,972		12,277		19,561
Sales, general and administrative expense		4,846		10,048		16,820
Restructuring expense		_		398		912
Depreciation and amortization expense		502		2,391		3,845
Total costs and expenses		42,802		88,520		133,544
Operating loss		(1,077)		(7,002)		(8,651)
Interest expense, net		1,408		2,602		8,743
Financial restructuring expense		_		424		_
Unrealized gain on embedded debt conversion option		_		_		(6,285)
Other (income) expense, net		(2,078)		(823)		6,250
Reorganization items, net		128		(80,033)		_
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in losses of joint venture		(535)		70,828		(17,359)
Income tax expense (benefit)		286		(1,395)		903
(Loss) income from continuing operations before equity in losses of joint venture		(821)		72,223		(18,262)
Equity in losses of joint venture		_		_		(36)
(Loss) income from continuing operations		(821)		72,223		(18,298)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		_		_		(1,688)
Net (loss) income	\$	(821)	\$	72,223	\$	(19,986)
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share:						
Continuing operations	\$	(0.41)	\$	2.27	\$	(0.57)
Discontinued operations		_		_		(0.05)
Net basic and diluted (loss) earnings per common share	\$	(0.41)	\$	2.27	\$	(0.62)
Comprehensive (loss) income:						
Net (loss) income	\$	(821)	\$	72,223	\$	(19,986)
Change in unrecognized pension and postretirement benefit costs, net of tax		_		9,369		456
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	_	(2,362)	_	17,827	_	2,967
Comprehensive (loss) income	\$	(3,183)	\$	99,419	\$	(16,563)

A.M. Castle & Co. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive (Loss) Income Continued

Net sales September 30, 2017 Through Through Through Through Through September 30, 2017 Through Through September 30, 2017 Through Through September 30, 2016 (a) \$ 353.96 (a) \$ 419,433 Costs and expenses: Cost of materials (sec/clusive of depreciation and amortization) 31,482 266,495 323,808 Warehouse, processing and delivery expense 5,972 50,314 63,772 Sales, general and administrative expense 4,846 39,139 51,486 Restructuring expenses — 566 14,674 Depreciation and amortization expense 502 10,150 12,498 Total costs and expenses 42,802 366,664 466,238 Operating loss 1,077 (12,738) (46,805) Interest expense, net 1,408 23,402 28,711 Financial restructuring expense — 7,024 — Unrealized loss (gain) on embedded debt conversion option option operations before income texes and equity in losses of joint venture 128 (7,569) Obther (income) expense, net (2,078) 34,803 (79,096) Reorganization items, net (2,078) 34,803 (79,096)	and Comprehensive (Loss) income Continued		Successor	Predecessor			or
Costs and expenses: Cost of materials (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) 31,482 266,495 323,808 Warehouse, processing and delivery expense 5,972 50,314 63,772 Sales, general and administrative expense 4,846 39,139 51,466 Restructuring expense — 566 14,674 Depreciation and amortization expense 502 10,150 12,488 Total costs and expenses 42,802 366,664 466,238 Operating loss (1,077) (12,738) (46,805) Interest expense, net 1,408 23,402 28,711 Financial restructuring expense — 7,024 — Unrealized loss (gain) on embedded debt conversion option — 146 (7,569) Debt restructuring loss, net — — 6,562 Other (income) expense, net (2,078) (3,582) 4,587 Reorganization items, net (2,078) (3,582) 4,587 Reorganization items, net (2,38) (74,531) — (Loss) income from continuing operations			Through		Through	Sep	Ended
Cost of materials (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) 31,482 266,495 323,808 Warehouse, processing and delivery expense 5,972 50,314 63,772 53les, general and administrative expense 4,846 39,139 51,486 Restructuring expense — 566 14,674 Depreciation and amortization expense 502 10,150 12,498 Total costs and expenses 42,802 366,664 466,238 466,23	Net sales	\$	41,725	\$	353,926	\$	419,433
amortization) 31,482 266,495 323,808 Warehouse, processing and delivery expense 5,972 50,314 63,772 Sales, general and administrative expense 4,846 39,139 51,486 Restructuring expense — 566 14,674 Deperciation and amortization expense 502 10,180 12,498 Total costs and expenses 42,802 366,664 466,238 Operating loss (10,77) (12,738) (46,805) Interest expense, net 1,408 23,402 28,711 Financial restructuring expense — 7,024 — Unrealized loss (gain) on embedded debt conversion option — 146 (7,569) Debt restructuring loss, net — — — 6,562 Other (Income) expense, net (2,078) (3,582) 4,587 Reorganization items, net (2,078) (3,582) 4,587 (Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in losses of joint venture (83 3,6190 (80,195) (Loss) income from continuing op	Costs and expenses:						
Sales, general and administrative expense 4,846 39,139 51,486 Restructuring expense — 566 14,674 Depreciation and amortization expense 502 10,150 12,498 Total costs and expenses 42,802 366,664 466,238 Operating loss (1,077) (12,738) (46,805) Interest expense, net 1,408 23,402 28,711 Financial restructuring expense — 7,024 — Unrealized loss (gain) on embedded debt conversion option — 146 (7,569) Debt restructuring loss, net — — — 6,562 Other (income) expense, net (2,078) (3,582) 4,587 Reorganization items, net 128 (74,531) — (Loss) income from continuing operations before income traxe expense (benefit) 286 (1,387) 1,099 (Loss) income from continuing operations before equity in losses of joint venture (821) 36,190 (80,195) Equity in losses of joint venture — — — — <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>31,482</td><td></td><td>266,495</td><td></td><td>323,808</td></t<>			31,482		266,495		323,808
Restructuring expense	Warehouse, processing and delivery expense		5,972		50,314		63,772
Depreciation and amortization expense 502 10,150 12,498 Total costs and expenses 42,802 366,664 466,238 Operating loss (1,077) (12,738) (46,805) Interest expense, net 1,408 23,402 28,711 Financial restructuring expense 7,024	Sales, general and administrative expense		4,846		39,139		51,486
Total costs and expenses	Restructuring expense				566		14,674
Departing loss	Depreciation and amortization expense		502		10,150		12,498
Interest expense, net	Total costs and expenses		42,802		366,664		466,238
Financial restructuring expense	Operating loss		(1,077)		(12,738)		(46,805)
Unrealized loss (gain) on embedded debt conversion option — 146 (7,569) Debt restructuring loss, net — — — 6,562 Other (income) expense, net (2,078) (3,582) 4,587 Reorganization items, net 128 (74,531) — (Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in losses of joint venture (535) 34,803 (79,096) Income tax expense (benefit) 286 (1,387) 1,099 (Loss) income from continuing operations before equity in losses of joint venture (821) 36,190 (80,195) Equity in losses of joint venture — — — (4,177) (Loss) income from continuing operations (821) 36,190 (84,372) Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes — — — 6,246 Net (loss) income \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share: Continuing operations — — — 0.22 Net basic and diluted (loss) income per common share: \$ (0.41) \$ 1.12 <td>Interest expense, net</td> <td></td> <td>1,408</td> <td></td> <td>23,402</td> <td></td> <td>28,711</td>	Interest expense, net		1,408		23,402		28,711
option — 146 (7,569) Debt restructuring loss, net — — — 6,562 Other (income) expense, net (2,078) (3,582) 4,587 Reorganization items, net 128 (74,531) — (Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxe sand equity in losses of joint venture (535) 34,803 (79,096) Income tax expense (benefit) 286 (1,387) 1,099 (Loss) income from continuing operations before equity in losses of joint venture — — 4(,177) (Loss) income from continuing operations (821) 36,190 (80,195) Equity in losses of joint venture — — — 4(,177) (Loss) income from continuing operations (821) 36,190 (84,372) Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes — — — 6,246 Net (loss) income \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share: — — — — 0.22 Net basic and diluted (loss) income pe	Financial restructuring expense		_		7,024		
Other (income) expense, net (2,078) (3,582) 4,587 Reorganization items, net 128 (74,531) — (Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in losses of joint venture (535) 34,803 (79,096) Income tax expense (benefit) 286 (1,387) 1,099 (Loss) income from continuing operations before equity in losses of joint venture — — (4,177) (Loss) income from continuing operations (821) 36,190 (80,195) Equity in losses of joint venture — — — (4,177) (Loss) income from continuing operations (821) 36,190 (84,372) Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes — — — 6,246 Net (loss) income \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share: — — — — 0.22 Net basic and diluted (loss) income per common share: — — — — 0.22 Net basic and diluted (loss) income: * (0.41) \$ 1.12	Unrealized loss (gain) on embedded debt conversion option		_		146		(7,569)
Reorganization items, net 128 (74,531) —	Debt restructuring loss, net		_		_		6,562
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in losses of joint venture (535) 34,803 (79,096) Income tax expense (benefit) 286 (1,387) 1,099 (Loss) income from continuing operations before equity in losses of joint venture (821) 36,190 (80,195) Equity in losses of joint venture — — (4,177) (Loss) income from continuing operations (821) 36,190 (84,372) Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes — — — 6,246 Net (loss) income \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share: — — — 6,246 Net (loss) income \$ (0.41) \$ 1.12 \$ (3.02) Discontinued operations — — — — 0.22 Net basic and diluted (loss) income per common share: — — — — 0.22 Net basic and diluted (loss) income: — — \$ (3.41) \$ (3.12) \$ (2.80) Comprehensive (loss) income: — — </td <td>Other (income) expense, net</td> <td></td> <td>(2,078)</td> <td></td> <td>(3,582)</td> <td></td> <td>4,587</td>	Other (income) expense, net		(2,078)		(3,582)		4,587
income taxes and equity in losses of joint venture (535) 34,803 (79,096) Income tax expense (benefit) 286 (1,387) 1,099 (Loss) income from continuing operations before equity in losses of joint venture (821) 36,190 (80,195) Equity in losses of joint venture — — — (4,177) (Loss) income from continuing operations (821) 36,190 (84,372) Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes — — — 6,246 Net (loss) income \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share: Continuing operations — — — 0.22 Net basic and diluted (loss) income per common share: \$ (0.41) \$ 1.12 \$ (2.80) Comprehensive (loss) income: \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Change in unrecognized pension and postretirement benefit costs, net of tax — 9,797 1,368 Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax (2,362) 16,142 (497)	Reorganization items, net		128		(74,531)		_
(Loss) income from continuing operations before equity in losses of joint venture (821) 36,190 (80,195) Equity in losses of joint venture — — (4,177) (Loss) income from continuing operations (821) 36,190 (84,372) Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes — — — 6,246 Net (loss) income \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share: Continuing operations \$ (0.41) \$ 1.12 \$ (3.02) Discontinued operations — — — 0.22 Net basic and diluted (loss) income per common share \$ (0.41) \$ 1.12 \$ (2.80) Comprehensive (loss) income: \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Change in unrecognized pension and postretirement benefit costs, net of tax — 9,797 1,368 Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax (2,362) 16,142 (497)			(535)		34,803		(79,096)
equity in losses of joint venture (821) 36,190 (80,195) Equity in losses of joint venture — — (4,177) (Loss) income from continuing operations (821) 36,190 (84,372) Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes — — — 6,246 Net (loss) income \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share: Continuing operations — — — 0.22 Net basic and diluted (loss) income per common share \$ (0.41) \$ 1.12 \$ (2.80) Comprehensive (loss) income: Net (loss) income \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Change in unrecognized pension and postretirement benefit costs, net of tax — 9,797 1,368 Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax (2,362) 16,142 (497)	Income tax expense (benefit)		286		(1,387)		1,099
(Loss) income from continuing operations (821) 36,190 (84,372) Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes — — 6,246 Net (loss) income \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share: Continuing operations — — 0.22 Net basic and diluted (loss) income per common share \$ (0.41) \$ 1.12 \$ (2.80) Comprehensive (loss) income: \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Change in unrecognized pension and postretirement benefit costs, net of tax — 9,797 1,368 Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax (2,362) 16,142 (497)	(Loss) income from continuing operations before equity in losses of joint venture		(821)		36,190		(80,195)
Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	Equity in losses of joint venture		_		_		(4,177)
taxes — — 6,246 Net (loss) income \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share: Continuing operations \$ (0.41) \$ 1.12 \$ (3.02) Discontinued operations — — — 0.22 Net basic and diluted (loss) income per common share \$ (0.41) \$ 1.12 \$ (2.80) Comprehensive (loss) income: Net (loss) income \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Change in unrecognized pension and postretirement benefit costs, net of tax — 9,797 1,368 Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax (2,362) 16,142 (497)	(Loss) income from continuing operations		(821)		36,190		(84,372)
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share: Continuing operations \$ (0.41) \$ 1.12 \$ (3.02) Discontinued operations — 0.22 Net basic and diluted (loss) income per common share \$ (0.41) \$ 1.12 \$ (2.80) Comprehensive (loss) income: Net (loss) income \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Change in unrecognized pension and postretirement benefit costs, net of tax — 9,797 1,368 Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax (2,362) 16,142 (497)			_		_		6,246
Continuing operations \$ (0.41) \$ 1.12 \$ (3.02) Discontinued operations — — 0.22 Net basic and diluted (loss) income per common share \$ (0.41) \$ 1.12 \$ (2.80) Comprehensive (loss) income: Net (loss) income \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Change in unrecognized pension and postretirement benefit costs, net of tax — 9,797 1,368 Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax (2,362) 16,142 (497)	Net (loss) income	\$	(821)	\$	36,190	\$	(78,126)
Continuing operations \$ (0.41) \$ 1.12 \$ (3.02) Discontinued operations — — 0.22 Net basic and diluted (loss) income per common share \$ (0.41) \$ 1.12 \$ (2.80) Comprehensive (loss) income: Net (loss) income \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Change in unrecognized pension and postretirement benefit costs, net of tax — 9,797 1,368 Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax (2,362) 16,142 (497)							
Discontinued operations — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share:						
Net basic and diluted (loss) income per common share \$\\ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	Continuing operations	\$	(0.41)	\$	1.12	\$	(3.02)
Comprehensive (loss) income: Net (loss) income \$ (821) \$ 36,190 \$ (78,126) Change in unrecognized pension and postretirement benefit costs, net of tax — 9,797 1,368 Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax (2,362) 16,142 (497)	Discontinued operations		_		_		0.22
Net (loss) income\$ (821)\$ 36,190\$ (78,126)Change in unrecognized pension and postretirement benefit costs, net of tax—9,7971,368Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax(2,362)16,142(497)	Net basic and diluted (loss) income per common share	\$	(0.41)	\$	1.12	\$	(2.80)
Net (loss) income\$ (821)\$ 36,190\$ (78,126)Change in unrecognized pension and postretirement benefit costs, net of tax—9,7971,368Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax(2,362)16,142(497)	Comprehensive (loss) income:						
Change in unrecognized pension and postretirement benefit costs, net of tax — 9,797 1,368 Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax (2,362) 16,142 (497)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Φ.	(821)	\$	36 100	Ф	(78 126)
benefit costs, net of tax — 9,797 1,368 Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax (2,362) 16,142 (497)	,	ψ	(021)	Ψ	50,180	ψ	(70,120)
	benefit costs, net of tax		<u>—</u>		9,797		1,368
Comprehensive (loss) income \$ (3,183) \$ 62,129 \$ (77,255)	Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax		(2,362)		16,142		(497)
	Comprehensive (loss) income	\$	(3,183)	\$	62,129	\$	(77,255)

A.M. Castle & Co. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow	Successor	Prede	cessor			
	September 1, 2017	January 1, 2017 Nine Months Through Ended				
	Through September 30, 2017	August 31, 2017	September 30, 2016			
Operating activities:						
Net (loss) income	\$ (821)	\$ 36,190	\$ (78,126)			
Less: Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	<u> </u>	l	6,246			
(Loss) income from continuing operations	(821)	36,190	(84,372)			
Adjustments to reconcile (loss) income from continuing operations to net cash used in operating activities of continuing operations:						
Depreciation and amortization	502	10,150	12,498			
Amortization of deferred gain	(9)	(56)	(92)			
Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discount	73	3,810	4,258			
Debt restructuring loss, net	_	_	6,562			
Loss from lease termination		<u> </u>	4,452			
Unrealized loss (gain) on embedded debt conversion option	_	146	(7,569)			
Noncash reorganization items, net		(87,107)	_			
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	_	7	1,720			
Unrealized gain on commodity hedges	<u> </u>	_	(813)			
Unrealized foreign currency transaction (gain) loss	(1,292)	(4,439)	2,484			
Equity in losses of joint venture	(1,202)	(1,100)	4,141			
Noncash interest paid in kind	951	<u> </u>	, I I			
Share-based compensation expense	215	630	916			
Deferred income taxes		(953)	113			
Other, net	75	593	679			
Changes in assets and liabilities:	10	000	010			
Accounts receivable	(3,658)	(6,061)	(5,128)			
Inventories	(784)	(2,703)	34,780			
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(3,050)	(3,100)	(301)			
Other noncurrent assets	567	1,664	(302)			
Prepaid pension costs	(168)	(849)	(406)			
Accounts payable	235	8,602	6,026			
Income tax payable and receivable	174	(340)	198			
Accrued and other current liabilities	523	(6,002)	8,604			
Pension and postretirement benefit obligations and	020	(0,002)	0,004			
other noncurrent liabilities	(93)	(471)	865			
Net cash used in operating activities of continuing operations	(6,560)	(50,289)	(10,687)			
Net cash used in operating activities of discontinued operations			(6,907)			
Net cash used in operating activities	(6,560)	(50,289)	(17,594)			
Investing activities:						
Proceeds from sale of investment in joint venture	_	_	31,550			
Capital expenditures	(924)	(2,850)	(2,431)			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	5	619	2,829			
Proceeds from release of cash collateralization of letters of credit	_	7,492	_			
Net cash (used in) from investing activities of continuing operations	(919)	5,261	31,948			
	, ,	,				

A.M. Castle & Co. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	Successor	Predecessor		
	September 1, 2017 Through September 30, 2017	January 1, 2017 Through August 31, 2017	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016	
Net cash from investing activities of discontinued operations	_	_	53,570	
Net cash (used in) from investing activities	(919)	5,261	85,518	
Financing activities:				
Proceeds from long-term debt including credit facilities	8,677	195,026	581,052	
Repayments of long-term debt including credit facilities	(25)	(175,414)	(640,415)	
Short-term borrowings (repayments), net	(216)	3,797	_	
Payments of debt restructuring costs	-	_	(8,677)	
Payments of debt issue costs	_	(1,831)	_	
Payments of build-to-suit liability	-	(3,000)	(687)	
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	8,436	18,578	(68,727)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	95	890	(292)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	1,052	(25,560)	(1,095)	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	10,064	35,624	11,100	
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	\$ 11,116	\$ 10,064	\$ 10,005	

A. M. Castle & Co. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Unaudited - Amounts in thousands except per share data and percentages

(1) Basis of Presentation

As previously disclosed, on June 18, 2017 (the "Petition Date"), A. M. Castle & Co. (the "Company") and four of its subsidiaries (together with the Company, the "Debtors") filed voluntary petitions for reorganization under chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code (the "Bankruptcy Code") with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware in Wilmington, Delaware (the "Bankruptcy Court"). The four subsidiaries in the chapter 11 cases were Keystone Tube Company, LLC, HY-Alloy Steels Company, Keystone Service, Inc. and Total Plastics, Inc. Also on June 18, 2017, the Debtors filed the Debtors' Prepackaged Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization with the Bankruptcy Court and on July 25, 2017, the Debtors filed the Debtors' Amended Prepackaged Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization (the "Plan") with the Bankruptcy Court. On August 2, 2017, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order (the "Confirmation Order") confirming the Plan. On August 31, 2017 (the "Effective Date"), the Plan became effective pursuant to its terms and the Debtors emerged from their chapter 11 cases. Refer to *Note 2 - Bankruptcy Related Disclosures*.

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared to reflect the application of FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") No. 852, "Reorganizations" and ASC 805, "Business Combinations". Accordingly, the Company adopted fresh-start accounting upon emergence from their Chapter 11 Cases and became a new entity for financial reporting purposes as of September 1, 2017. For accounting purposes all emergence related transactions of the Predecessor including the impact of the issuance of the Successor common stock, the entry into a new asset-based revolving credit facility and new senior secured convertible notes, and the accelerated debt obligations of the Company that were satisfied pursuant to the terms of the Plan, were recorded as of August 31, 2017. Accordingly, the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the Successor are not comparable to the consolidated financial statements for the Predecessor.

Also in connection with the adoption of fresh-start accounting, the Company elected to make an accounting policy change related to the accounting for stock-based compensation. The Predecessor estimated the level of forfeitures expected to occur at the time of each grant and recorded compensation expense only for those stock-based awards that it ultimately expected would vest. The estimate was based on the Company's historical rates of forfeitures and was updated periodically. The Successor has elected to no longer estimate the number of stock-based awards expected to vest but rather, will account for forfeitures as they occur.

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included herein have been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). This report contains Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company as of September 30, 2017 (Successor), for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 (Predecessor), for the period from July 1, 2017 to August 31, 2017 (Predecessor), for the period from January 1, 2017 to August 31, 2017 (Predecessor), and for the period from September 1, 2017 to September 30, 2017 (Successor). The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2016 (Predecessor) is derived from the audited financial statements at that date. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC. In the opinion of management, the unaudited statements included herein contain all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of financial results for the interim period. These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. The 2017 interim results reported herein may not necessarily be indicative of the results of the Company's operations for the full year.

(2) Bankruptcy Related Disclosures

Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Filing

On the Petition Date, the Debtors filed voluntary chapter 11 petitions for reorganization under the Bankruptcy Code with the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to the terms of a Restructuring Support Agreement (as defined below) that contemplated the reorganization of the Debtors pursuant to a prepackaged plan of reorganization. The chapter 11 cases were consolidated for procedural purposes only and were administered jointly under the caption *In re Keystone Tube Company, LLC., et al.* (Case No. 17-11330). No trustee was appointed in the chapter 11 cases, and during the

pendency of the chapter 11 cases, the Debtors continued to operate their business as "debtors-in-possession" subject to the supervision and orders of the Bankruptcy Court in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code.

The filing of the bankruptcy petitions constituted a default or event of default that accelerated the Company's obligations under (i) the Credit Facilities Agreement (as defined below) and the 11.00% Senior Secured Term Loan Credit Facilities due 2018 issued pursuant thereto (the "Credit Facilities"), (ii) the Indenture dated February 8, 2016 (the "Senior Notes Indenture") and the 12.75% Secured Notes due 2018 issued pursuant thereto (the "12.75% Secured Notes"), and (iii) the Indenture dated May 19, 2016 (the "Convertible Notes Indenture") and the 5.25% Convertible Senior Secured Notes due 2019 issued pursuant thereto (the "5.25% Convertible Notes"). The Credit Facilities Agreement, the Senior Notes Indenture, and the Convertible Notes Indenture provide that, as a result of the filing of the bankruptcy petitions, all outstanding indebtedness due thereunder shall be immediately due and payable. Any efforts to enforce such payment obligations under the Credit Facilities Agreement, the Senior Notes Indenture, and the Convertible Notes Indenture were automatically stayed as a result of the bankruptcy petitions, and the creditors' rights of enforcement in respect of the Credit Facilities Agreement, the Senior Notes Indenture, and the Convertible Notes Indenture are subject to the applicable provisions of the Restructuring Support Agreement (as defined below) and the Bankruptcy Code.

Prior to the Petition Date, on June 16, 2017, the Debtors entered into a Commitment Agreement with certain of their creditors (the "Commitment Parties"). The Commitment Parties are the holders (or the investment advisors or managers for the holders) of the Credit Facility term loans made to the Company under a Credit and Guaranty Agreement, dated December 8, 2016, by and among the Company, Highbridge International Capital Management, LLC, Corre Partners Management, LLC, Whitebox Credit Partners, L.P., WFF Cayman II Limited, and SGF, LLC and Cantor Fitzgerald Securities, among others (as amended, the "Credit Facilities Agreement").

The Commitment Agreement was entered into pursuant to a Restructuring Support Agreement dated April 6, 2017, as amended, by and among the Debtors and certain of their creditors, including the Commitment Parties (the "RSA"). The RSA provides for a consensual restructuring of the debt and equity of the Company, which the Company seeks to effect by means of the Plan.

The Company continued its operations without interruption during the pendency of the chapter 11 cases and reorganization process. To maintain and continue ordinary course operations without interruption, the Company received approval from the Bankruptcy Court of a variety of "first day" motions seeking certain relief and authorizing the Company to maintain its operations and pay trade claims in the ordinary course.

Plan of Reorganization and Emergence from Chapter 11

Pursuant to the terms of the RSA, on the Petition Date, the Debtors filed the Plan with the Bankruptcy Court.

The Plan allowed general unsecured claims and claims that are unimpaired under the Plan to be paid in full in cash.

On August 2, 2017, the Bankruptcy Court entered the Confirmation Order approving and confirming the Plan. On the Effective Date, the Plan became effective pursuant to the terms described above and the Debtors emerged from their Chapter 11 Cases.

Key components of the Plan, which became effective on August 31, 2017, include:

- Entry into a new senior secured exit financing facility in the form of an asset-based revolving credit facility (the "New ABL Facility") with PNC Bank, National Association, as lender and as administrative and collateral agent (the "Agent"), and the other lenders party thereto. The New ABL Agreement provides for a \$125,000 senior secured, revolving credit facility for the Company. The proceeds of the advances under the New ABL Facility may only be used to (i) pay certain fees and expenses to the Agent and the lenders under the New ABL Facility, (ii) provide for Borrowers' working capital needs and reimburse drawings under letters of credit, (iii) repay the obligations under the Debtor-in-Possession Revolving Credit and Security Agreement dated as of June 10, 2017 ("DIP Facility"), by and among the Company, the lenders party thereto, and PNC Bank, National Association, and certain other existing indebtedness, and (iv) provide for the Borrowers' capital expenditure needs, in accordance with the New ABL Facility.
 - On the Effective Date, in connection with its entering into the New ABL Agreement, the Company borrowed an aggregate amount equal to \$78,797, proceeds from which, along with proceeds of the New Money Notes of \$38,002, were used to pay down all outstanding indebtedness, accrued interest, and related fees of the Company under the Credit Facilities Agreement and the borrowings outstanding under the DIP Facility.

Entry into an Indenture (the "Second Lien Notes Indenture") with Wilmington Savings Fund Society, FSB ("WSFS, FSB"), as trustee and collateral agent ("Indenture Agent") and, pursuant thereto, issued approximately \$162,502 in aggregate original principal amount of its 5.00% / 7.00% Convertible Senior Secured Paid-in-Kind ("PIK") Toggle Notes due 2022 (the "Second Lien Notes"), excluding restricted notes issued under the A.M. Castle & Co. 2017 Management Incentive Plan (See Note 11 - Share Based Compensation, for full description).

The Second Lien Notes were issued as follows:

- \$111,875 in aggregate principal Second Lien Notes issued to holders of Prepetition Second Lien Secured Claims in partial satisfaction of their claims;
- \$3,125 in aggregate principal Second Lien Notes issued to holders of Prepetition Third Lien Secured Claims in partial satisfaction of their claims; and
- \$47,502 in aggregate principal Second Lien Notes issued to the Commitment Parties pursuant to the Commitment Agreement (the "New Money Notes").

As a result of these Plan actions, all of the outstanding indebtedness of the 12.75% Secured Notes and 5.25% Convertible Notes was discharged and canceled.

- Issuance of an aggregate of 2,000 shares of new common stock, as follows:
 - 1,300 shares issued to holders of Prepetition Second Lien Secured Claims in partial satisfaction of their claims;
 - 300 shares issued to holders of Prepetition Third Lien Secured Claims in partial satisfaction of their claims; and
 - 400 shares issued to participating holders of the Company's outstanding common stock as of August 2, 2017.
- Payment in full of all general unsecured claims and claims that were unimpaired under the Plan in cash in the ordinary course of business.
- Cash payment of \$6,646 to holders of Prepetition Second Lien Secured Claims.
- Cash payment of a put option fee of \$2,000 to the Commitment Parties pursuant to the Commitment Agreement.
- All agreements, instruments, and other documents evidencing, relating to or connected with any equity interests
 of the Company (which include warrants to purchase the Company's prior common stock and unvested/
 unexercised awards under any existing pre-Effective Date management incentive compensation plans) were
 canceled without recovery.
- All prior director, officer and employee incentive plans, as well as the awards issued thereunder, were canceled.
 The new A.M. Castle & Co. 2017 Management Incentive Plan, under which persons eligible to receive awards include directors, officers and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries, became effective.

Reporting During Bankruptcy

During the pendency of the Company's Chapter 11 Cases, expenses and income directly associated with the chapter 11 proceedings were reported separately in reorganization items, net in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss. Reorganization items, net also include adjustments to reflect the carrying value of liabilities subject to compromise ("LSTC") at their estimated allowed claim amounts, as such adjustments were determined. In addition, effective as of the Petition Date and during the pendency of the Company's Chapter 11 Cases, the Company discontinued recording interest expense on outstanding prepetition debt classified as LSTC. Upon the Company's emergence from its Chapter 11 Cases, the Company settled and extinguished or reinstated liabilities that were subject to compromise.

Fresh-Start Accounting

Under ASC No. 852, *Reorganizations*, fresh-start accounting is required upon emergence from Chapter 11 if (i) the reorganization value of the assets of the emerging entity immediately before the date of confirmation is less than the total of all post-petition liabilities and allowed claims; and (ii) holders of existing voting shares immediately before confirmation receive less than 50% of the voting shares of the emerging entity. The Company qualified for and adopted fresh-start accounting as of the Effective Date. Adopting fresh-start accounting results in a new reporting entity with

no beginning retained earnings or deficits. The cancellation of all existing common shares outstanding on the Effective Date and issuance of new shares of the reorganized entity resulted in a change of control of the Company under ASC No. 852.

Adoption of fresh-start accounting resulted in the Company becoming a new entity for financial reporting purposes and the recording of the Company's assets and liabilities at their fair value as of the Effective Date, with the excess of reorganization value over net asset values recorded as goodwill, in conformity with ASC No. 805, *Business Combinations*. The estimated fair values of the Company's assets and liabilities as of that date differed from the recorded values of its assets and liabilities as reflected in its historical consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Company's adoption of fresh-start accounting affected its results of operations following the fresh-start reporting date, as the Company had a new basis in its assets and liabilities. The Company also adopted one new accounting policy in connection with its adoption of fresh-start accounting (see *Note 1 - Basis of Presentation*). Consequently, the Company's financial statements on or after the Effective Date are not comparable with the financial statements prior to that date and the historical financial statements before the Effective Date are not reliable indicators of its financial condition and results of operations for any period after it adopted fresh-start accounting.

Reorganization Value

Reorganization value is the value attributed to an entity emerging from bankruptcy, as well as the expected net realizable value of those assets that will be disposed before emergence occurs. This value is viewed as the value of the entity before considering liabilities and approximates the amount a willing buyer would pay for the assets of the entity immediately after emergence. Fresh-start accounting requires that the reporting entity allocate the reorganization value to its assets and liabilities in relation to their fair values upon emergence from Chapter 11, with the excess of reorganization value over net asset values recorded as goodwill. The Company's valuation of the reorganized Company, which was included in the Disclosure Statement related to the Plan, estimated the enterprise value of the Company to be in a range between \$234 million and \$264 million. The Company estimated the enterprise value of the Successor Company to be \$244 million. The estimated enterprise value and the equity value are highly dependent on the achievement of the future financial results contemplated in the projections that were set forth in the Plan. The estimates and assumptions made in the valuation are inherently subject to significant uncertainties. The primary assumptions for which there is a reasonable possibility of the occurrence of a variation that would have significantly affected the reorganization value include the assumptions regarding revenue growth, operating expenses, the amount and timing of capital expenditures and the discount rate utilized.

In order to determine the reorganization value, the Company estimated the enterprise value of the Successor utilizing the discounted cash flow analysis.

To estimate the fair value utilizing the discounted cash flow analysis, the Company established an estimate of future cash flows for the period from August 31, 2017 to December 31, 2021 and discounted the estimated future cash flows to the present value, adding the present value of the terminal value of cash flows beyond December 31, 2021. The expected cash flows for the period August 31, 2017 to December 31, 2021 were derived from earnings forecasts and assumptions regarding growth and margin projections and adjusted for other cash flows including capital expenditures and charges to working capital, as applicable, and expressed as a multiple of Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA"). The discount rate of 11.1% was estimated based on an after-tax weighted average cost of capital reflecting the rate of return that would be expected by a market participant.

The following table reconciles the Company's enterprise value to the estimated fair value of the Successor's equity as of the Effective Date:

Enterprise value	\$ 244,000
Less: fair value of debt	(238,340)
Equity value	\$ 5,660

The fair value of the convertible notes portion of the debt was determined based on market information and a review of prices and terms available for similar debt instruments that do not contain a conversion feature, as well as other factors related to the callable nature of the convertible notes. Given the nature and the variable interest rates, the fair value of borrowings under the asset-based lending facility approximated carrying value as of the Effective Date.

The following table reconciles the Company's enterprise value to the reorganization value of the Successor's assets:

Enterprise value	\$ 244,000
Current liabilities	64,992
Noncurrent liabilities	 23,479
Reorganization value of Successor assets	\$ 328,648

The total of all postpetition liabilities and allowed claims immediately prior to confirmation of the Plan was approximately \$404 million.

Fresh-Start Balance Sheet

The following fresh-start balance sheet as of the Effective Date, August 31, 2017, illustrates the financial effects on the Company of the implementation of the Plan and the adoption of fresh-start reporting. This fresh-start balance sheet reflects the effect of the completion of the transactions included in the Plan, including the issuance of successor equity and the settlement of prepetition indebtedness.

Reorganization adjustments, shown in column 2 of the following schedule, represent amounts recorded on the Effective Date for the implementation of the Plan, including the settlement of liabilities subject to comprise and related payments, the issuance of new debt and new shares of common stock, repayment of the debtor-in-possession revolving credit facility and cancellation of Predecessor common stock.

Fresh-start adjustments, as shown in column 3 of the following schedule, represent amounts recorded on the Effective Date as a result of the adoption of fresh-start accounting, which resulted in the Company becoming a new entity for financial reporting purposes. The Company's assets and liabilities have been recorded at estimated fair value as of the fresh-start reporting date or Effective Date.

As	of	Aug	just	31,	2017

	Pre	decessor	Reorganization Adjustments			esh-Start ustments	Sı	uccessor
ASSETS						_		
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,443	\$	(10,379) (a)	\$	_	\$	10,064
Accounts receivable, net		73,056		_		_		73,056
Inventories		153,785		_		_		153,785
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		14,217		_		_		14,217
Income tax receivable		588		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		588
Total current assets		262,089		(10,379)		_		251,710
Intangible assets, net		24		_		8,151 (j)		8,175
Prepaid pension cost		9,350		_		_		9,350
Deferred income taxes		1,381		_		_		1,381
Other noncurrent assets		1,364		_		_		1,364
Property, plant and equipment:								_
Land		2,073		_		3,867 (i)		5,940
Buildings		37,498		_		(15,518) (i)		21,980
Machinery and equipment		129,324		_		(100,576) (i)		28,748
Property, plant and equipment, at cost		168,895				(112,227)		56,668
Accumulated depreciation		(122,087)		_		122,087		_
Property, plant and equipment, net		46,808				9,860		56,668
Total assets	\$	321,016	\$	(10,379)	\$	18,011	\$	328,648
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EARNINGS (DEFICIT)					_			
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	47,063	\$	_	\$	_	\$	47,063
Accrued and other current liabilities		12,145		1,961 (b)		_		14,106
Short-term borrowings		3,797		_		_		3,797
Current portion of long-term debt		109,213		(109,187) (c)		_		26
Total current liabilities		172,218		(107,226)				64,992
Long-term debt, less current portion		_		234,517 (d)		_		234,517
Deferred income taxes		_		_		3,159 (m)		3,159
Build-to-suit liability		9,898		_		_		9,898
Other noncurrent liabilities		5,711		_		(1,715) (k)		3,996
Pension and postretirement benefit obligations		6,426		_				6,426
Liabilities subject to compromise		211,363		(211,363) (e)		_		_
Commitments and contingencies				,				
Stockholders' earnings (deficit):								
Predecessor common stock		327		(327) (f)		_		_
Successor common stock		_		20 (g)		_		20
Predecessor additional paid-in capital		245,546		(1,883) (f)		(243,663) (1)		_
Successor additional paid-in capital		· <u> </u>		5,640 (g)				5,640
Retained (deficit) earnings		(302,833)		69,165 (h)		233,668 (1)		_
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(26,562)				26,562 (I)		_
Treasury stock, at cost		(1,078)		1,078 (f)				_
Total stockholders' earnings (deficit)		(84,600)		73,693		16,567		5,660
Total liabilities and stockholders' earnings (deficit)	\$	321,016	\$	(10,379)	\$	18,011	\$	328,648

Reorganization Adjustments

The unaudited consolidated financial information gives effect to the following Reorganization Adjustments, the Plan and the implementation of the transactions contemplated by the Plan. These adjustments give effect to the terms of the Plan and certain underlying assumptions, which include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. Represents net cash outflows occurring upon the Plan becoming effective on August 31, 2017 as follows:

Cash received from initial draw on New ABL Facility	\$ 78,797
Repayment of Debtor-In-Possession financing borrowings, including interest and fees	(66,932)
Cash received from issuance of New Money Notes	38,002
Payment of put option fee	(2,000)
Repayment of prepetition First Lien Notes, including interest and fees	(49,415)
Payment of cash recovery to prepetition Second Lien Noteholders	(6,646)
Payment related to key employee incentive plan	(1,229)
Professional fees paid upon emergence	(956)
Net cash paid upon emergence	\$ (10,379)

- b. Represents the accrual of success fees earned upon emergence of \$2,416 net of payment of accrued interest on the prepetition First Lien Notes of \$455.
- c. Represents repayment of the Debtor-In-Possession financing balance of \$66,599 and the repayment of the prepetition First Lien Notes principal balance of \$48,000, net of the write-off of unamortized original issue discount and deferred issuance costs related to the prepetition First Lien Notes of \$5,412.
- d. Represents the fair value of the Second Lien Notes Indenture issued upon emergence of \$155,720 and the initial draw on New ABL Facility of \$78,797.
- e. Liabilities subject to compromise were satisfied as follows:

12.75% Senior Secured Notes due December 15, 2018	\$ 177,019
5.25% Convertible Notes due December 30, 2019	22,323
Accrued interest payable	12,021
Liabilities subject to compromise	211,363
Cash payment to prepetition Second Lien Noteholders	(6,646)
Fair value of Second Lien Notes (including conversion option) issued to prepetition Second and Third Lien Noteholders	(110,200)
New equity issued to prepetition Second and Third Lien Noteholders	(4,528)
Gain on settlement of liabilities subject to compromise	\$ 89,989

- f. Represents the cancellation of the Predecessor common stock, warrants and treasury stock.
- g. Represents the issuance of 2,000 common shares of the Successor company in accordance with the Plan.
- h. The cumulative effect on retained earnings of the reorganization adjustments discussed above is as follows:

Gain on settlement of liabilities subject to compromise	\$ 89,989
Write off of original issue discount and deferred financing costs	(5,412)
Backstop and other fees related to the repayment of old debt and issuance of new debt	(10,811)
Success fees and key employee incentive plan payments	(4,601)
Net impact to retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	\$ 69,165

Fresh-Start Adjustments

- i. Represents the adjustments made to increase the carrying value of property, plant and equipment to their estimated fair value. The Company's overall range of useful lives from an accounting policy perspective did not change. However, when the fair value of each asset was adjusted, a new remaining useful life was assigned to each asset, and the new value will be depreciated over that time period, which may be different from the remaining depreciable life of that asset at the end of the Predecessor period. Estimated fair value was determined as follows:
 - The cost approach was utilized to estimate the fair value of personal property as well as buildings and land improvements. This approach considers the amount required to construct or purchase a new asset of equal utility at current market prices, with adjustments in value for physical deterioration.
 - The sales comparison approach was utilized to estimate fair value of owned real property. The sales
 comparison approach relies upon recent sales, offerings of similar assets or a specific inflationary
 adjustment to original purchase price to arrive at a probable selling price.
- j. An adjustment of \$8,151 was made to record the estimated fair value of the Successor trade name of \$5,500 and write off \$24 of Predecessor intangible assets, and to record goodwill of \$2,675, representing the excess of the reorganization value of the assets over the fair value of identifiable assets, as follows:

Reorganization value of assets	\$ 328,648
Less: fair value of:	
Total current assets	(251,710)
Property, plant and equipment	(56,668)
Successor trade name	(5,500)
Other noncurrent assets	 (12,095)
Goodwill	\$ 2,675

The fair value of the Successor's customer relationships was determined to be nil.

- k. Represents the elimination of deferred rent and deferred gains of \$2,105, adjusting these balances to zero fair value, net of a liability for unfavorable contracts of \$390.
- I. Represents the cumulative impact of fresh-start adjustments as discussed above and the elimination of Predecessor retained deficit and other comprehensive loss.
- m. Represents the recording of a tax liability related to indefinite lived trade names and land.

Contractual Interest

Effective June 18, 2017, the Company discontinued recording interest expense on outstanding prepetition debt classified as LSTC. The table below shows contractual interest amounts for debt classified as LSTC calculated in accordance with the respective agreements without giving effect to any penalties as a result of the default on such agreements, which are amounts due under the contractual terms of the outstanding debt. Interest expense reported in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations for the periods after the Effective Date does not include \$4,089 and \$4,880, per the table below, in contractual interest on prepetition debt classified as LSTC, which was stayed by the Bankruptcy Court effective on the Petition Date.

		Predecessor				
	Τĥ	1, 2017 Irough st 31, 2017		ne 18, 2017 Through ust 31, 2017		
12.75% Senior Secured Notes due December 15, 2018	\$	3,887	\$	4,639		
5.25% Convertible Notes due December 30, 2019		202		241		
Total Contractual Interest	\$	4,089	\$	4,880		

Reorganization Items, Net

During the pendency of the Company's Chapter 11 Cases, expenses and income directly associated with the chapter 11 proceedings were reported separately in reorganization items, net in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss. Reorganization items, net also include adjustments to reflect the carrying value of LSTC at their estimated allowed claim amounts, as such adjustments were determined. The following table presents reorganization items incurred in the the periods after the Effective Date, as reported in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations:

	Successor	Predec	cessor			
	September 1, 2017 Through September 30, 2017	July 1, 2017 Through August 31, 2017	June 18, 2017 Through August 31, 2017			
Gain on extinguishment of debt	_	(89,989)	(89,989)			
Gain on fresh-start revaluation	_	(16,566)	(16,566)			
Write-off of unamortized debt issuance costs and discounts	_	5,412	10,262			
Prepayment penalties and debt-related fees	_	13,191	13,191			
Professional fees	128	6,690	7,342			
Key employee incentive plan	-	1,229	1,229			
Reorganization items, net	\$ 128	\$ (80,033)	\$ (74,531)			

For the period from June 18, 2017 through August 31, 2017, the cash reorganization items included approximately \$8,571 of professional fees and employee incentives and \$3,673 of debt issuance and repayment costs. Cash reorganization items included approximately \$128 for professional fees for the period from September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 (Successor). The cash outflow is included in net cash provided by operating activities in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the periods presented.

(3) New Accounting Standards

Standards Updates Adopted

Effective January 1, 2017, the Company adopted FASB ASU No. 2016-09, "Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting," which simplifies several aspects of the accounting for employee share-based payment transactions. Under ASU No. 2016-09, a company recognizes all excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies as income tax expense or benefit in the income statement, eliminating the notion of the additional paid-in capital pool and significantly reducing the complexity and cost of accounting for excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies. This aspect of the guidance is required to be applied prospectively. For interim reporting purposes, excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies are considered discrete items in the reporting period in which they occur and are not included in the estimate of an entity's annual effective tax rate. ASU No. 2016-09 further eliminates the requirement to defer recognition of an excess tax benefit until the benefit is realized through a reduction to taxes payable. Upon adoption, the Company elected to continue to estimate forfeitures expected to occur to determine the amount of compensation cost to be recognized in each period. The adoption of ASU No. 2016-09 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements. As described in *Note 1 - Basis of Presentation*, upon emergence from bankruptcy, the Company elected to account for forfeitures as they occur, which did not have a material impact on the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Standards Updates Issued Not Yet Effective

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-07, "Compensation – Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost." Under the new guidance, employers must present the service cost component of the net periodic benefit cost in the same income statement line item(s) as other employee compensation costs arising from services rendered during the period. In addition, only the service cost component will be eligible for capitalization in assets. The other components of net periodic benefit cost must be reported separately from the line item(s) that includes the service cost component and outside of any subtotal of operating income, if one is presented. Employers will have to disclose the line(s) used to present the other components of net periodic benefit cost, if the components are not presented separately in the income statement. The guidance on the income statement presentation of the components of net periodic benefit cost must be applied retrospectively, while the guidance limiting the capitalization of net periodic benefit cost in assets to the service cost

component must be applied prospectively. For public business entities, the guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those years. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an annual period for which interim financial statements have not been issued. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of ASU No. 2017-07 will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, "Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350)", which simplifies the subsequent measurement of goodwill by eliminating step two from the goodwill impairment test. ASU 2017-04 is effective for annual and interim impairment tests beginning January 1, 2020 for the Company and is required to be adopted using a prospective approach. Early adoption is allowed for annual goodwill impairment tests performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017. The Company does not expect the adoption of this ASU to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments," to reduce the existing diversity in practice related to how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows under Topic 230. The amendments in ASU No. 2016-15 address eight specific cash flow issues and apply to all entities that are required to present a statement of cash flows under Topic 230. The provisions of ASU No. 2016-15 must be applied retrospectively to all periods presented with limited exceptions. For public companies, the amendments in ASU No. 2016-15 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those years. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASU No. 2016-15 to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)," which requires that lessees recognize assets and liabilities for leases with lease terms greater than twelve months in the statement of financial position. ASU No. 2016-02 also requires additional disclosures to help users of financial statements better understand the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The provisions of ASU No. 2016-02 are to be applied using a modified retrospective approach, and are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of ASU No. 2016-02 will have on its consolidated financial statements, but the Company expects that most existing operating lease commitments will be recognized as operating lease obligations and right-of-use assets as a result of adoption.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)" and has subsequently issued several supplemental and/or clarifying ASUs (collectively, "ASC 606"). The underlying principle of ASC 606 is that a business or other organization will recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects what it expects in exchange for the goods or services. The standard also requires more detailed disclosures and provides additional guidance for transactions that were not addressed completely in prior accounting guidance. Adoption of ASC 606 is required for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company plans to adopt ASC 606 on January 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective transition method with the cumulative effect of initial adoption, if any, recognized in opening retained earnings or accumulated deficit on the adoption date. Almost all of the Company's purchase orders, contracts or purchase agreements do not contain performance obligations other than delivery of the agreed upon product, with title transfer generally occurring at the time of shipment. Thus, the Company generally recognizes revenue upon shipment of the product. While the Company is still in the process of completing an analysis of all of its revenue generating activities and the contracts which might impact its revenue generating activities in light of the new standard, the Company does not believe that any of its revenue streams will be materially affected by the adoption of ASC 606, and therefore it does not expect its Consolidated Statements of Operations will be materially affected. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating additional disclosures which may be required upon the adoption of ASC 606.

(4) Discontinued Operation

On March 15, 2016, the Company completed the sale of substantially all the assets of its wholly-owned subsidiary, Total Plastics, Inc. ("TPI") for \$55,070 in cash, subject to customary working capital adjustments. Under the terms of the sale, \$1,500 of the purchase price was placed into escrow pending adjustment based upon the final calculation of the working capital at closing. The Company and the buyer agreed to the final working capital adjustment during the third quarter of 2016, which resulted in the full escrowed amount being returned to the buyer. The sale ultimately resulted in pre-tax and after-tax gains of \$2,003 and \$1,306, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Summarized results of the discontinued operation for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were as follows:

	Three Months Nine Months Ended Ended September 30, September 30 2016 2016			
Net sales	\$		\$	29,680
Cost of materials		_		21,027
Operating costs and expenses		_		7,288
Interest expense ^(a)		_		333
Income from discontinued operations before income taxes				1,032
Income tax expense benefit (b)		_		(3,908)
(Loss) gain on sale of discontinued operations, net of income taxes		(1,688)		1,306
Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	\$	(1,688)	\$	6,246

^(a) Interest expense was allocated to the discontinued operation based on the debt that was required to be paid as a result of the sale of TPI.

⁽b) Income tax benefit for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 includes \$4,207 reversal of valuation allowance resulting from the sale of TPI.

(5) Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Diluted earnings (loss) per common share is computed by dividing income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding plus outstanding common stock equivalents. Common stock equivalents consist of employee and director stock options (Predecessor), restricted stock awards (Predecessor and Successor), other share-based payment awards (Predecessor), and contingently issuable shares related to the Company's 5.25% Convertible Notes (Predecessor), and the Company's Second Lien Notes (Successor), which are included in the calculation of weighted average shares outstanding using the treasury stock method, if dilutive. Refer to *Note 8 - Debt* for further description of the New Convertible Notes and Second Lien Notes.

The following tables are reconciliations of the basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share calculations:

	Sı	ıccessor	Predecessor				
	· T	mber 1, 2017 Through nber 30, 2017	7	ly 1, 2017 Through ust 31, 2017	Three Months Ended September 30, 2016		
Numerator:		_					
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$	(821)	\$	72,223	\$	(18,298)	
Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes				_		(1,688)	
Net (loss) income	\$	(821)	\$	72,223	\$	(19,986)	
Denominator:							
Weighted average common shares outstanding		2,000		31,790		32,260	
Effect of dilutive securities:							
Outstanding common stock equivalents				_			
Denominator for diluted earnings (loss) per common share		2,000		31,790		32,260	
Basic earnings (loss) per common share:							
Continuing operations	\$	(0.41)	\$	2.27	\$	(0.57)	
Discontinued operations		<u> </u>		_		(0.05)	
Net basic (loss) earnings per common share	\$	(0.41)	\$	2.27	\$	(0.62)	
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share:							
Continuing operations	\$	(0.41)	\$	2.27	\$	(0.57)	
Discontinued operations		_		_		(0.05)	
Net diluted (loss) earnings per common share	\$	(0.41)	\$	2.27	\$	(0.62)	
Excluded outstanding share-based awards having an anti-dilutive effect		1,734				2,326	
Excluded "in the money" portion of 5.25% Convertible Notes (Predecessor) having an anti-dilutive effect				_		_	
Excluded "in the money" portion of Second Lien Notes (Successor) having an anti-dilutive effect		_		_		<u> </u>	

	8	Successor	Predecessor				
	•	ember 1, 2017 Through ember 30, 2017	1	uary 1, 2017 Fhrough ust 31, 2017	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016		
Numerator:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 		<u>, </u>		<u>, </u>	
Loss from continuing operations	\$	(821)	\$	36,190	\$	(84,372)	
Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes				<u> </u>		6,246	
Net loss	\$	(821)	\$	36,190	\$	(78,126)	
Denominator:							
Weighted average common shares outstanding		2,000		32,174		27,909	
Effect of dilutive securities:							
Outstanding common stock equivalents						_	
Denominator for diluted earnings (loss) per common share		2,000		32,174		27,909	
Basic earnings (loss) per common share:							
Continuing operations	\$	(0.41)	\$	1.12	\$	(3.02)	
Discontinued operations		_		_		0.22	
Net basic (loss) earnings per common share	\$	(0.41)	\$	1.12	\$	(2.80)	
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share:							
Continuing operations	\$	(0.41)	\$	1.12	\$	(3.02)	
Discontinued operations		` <u> </u>		_		0.22	
Net diluted (loss) earnings per common share	\$	(0.41)	\$	1.12	\$	(2.80)	
Excluded outstanding share-based awards having an anti-dilutive effect		1,734		_		2,326	
Excluded "in the money" portion of 5.25% Convertible Notes (Predecessor) having an anti-dilutive effect				_			
Excluded "in the money" portion of Second Lien Notes (Successor) having an anti-dilutive effect		_		_			

The Second Lien Notes (Successor) are dilutive to the extent the Company generates net income and the average stock price during the period is greater than \$3.77 per share, which is the conversion price of the Second Lien Notes. The Second Lien Notes are only dilutive for the "in the money" portion of the Second Lien Notes that could be settled with the Company's common stock. In future periods, absent a fundamental change (as defined in the Second Lien Convertible Notes indenture), the outstanding Second Lien Convertible Notes could increase diluted average shares outstanding by a maximum of approximately 43,700 shares.

(6) Joint Venture

Kreher Steel Company, LLC ("Kreher"), a national distributor and processor of carbon and alloy steel bar products headquartered in Melrose Park, Illinois, was a 50% owned joint venture of the Company. In June 2016, the Company received an offer from its joint venture partner to purchase its ownership share in Kreher for an amount that was less than the current carrying value of the Company's investment in Kreher. The Company determined that the offer to purchase its ownership share in Kreher at a purchase price lower than the carrying value indicated that it may not be able to recover the full carrying amount of its investment, and therefore recognized a \$4,636 other-than-temporary impairment charge in the second quarter of 2016 to reduce the carrying amount of the investment to the negotiated purchase price. Prior to receiving the purchase offer, the Company had no previous indicators that its investment in Kreher had incurred a loss in value that was other-than-temporary.

In August 2016, the Company completed the sale of its ownership share in Kreher to its joint venture partner for aggregate cash proceeds of \$31,550, which resulted in a loss on disposal of \$5, including selling expenses.

The following information summarizes financial data for Kreher for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2016:

	Pred	ecessor
	Three Months Ended September 30, 2016	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
Net sales	\$ 17,737	\$ 79,007
Cost of materials	15,359	67,115
(Loss) income before taxes	(234) 267
Net income	(62) 928

(7) Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill

In connection with the Company's adoption of fresh-start accounting on the Effective Date, the Company recorded \$2,675 of goodwill representing the excess of reorganization value over the fair value of identifiable tangible and intangible assets. The goodwill will not be tax deductible. The Company will test goodwill for impairment at the reporting unit level on an annual basis and more often if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying value.

Intangible assets, net

Intangible assets, net consisted of the following:

	Successor					Prede	cesso	or
		Septembe	r 30, 2	017		Decembe	r 31,	2016
	Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization			Gross Carrying Amount		ccumulated mortization
Intangible assets subject to amortization:								
Customer relationships	\$	_	\$	_	\$	67,317	\$	63,216
Intangible assets not subject to amortization:								
Trade name		5,500		_		_		_
Total intangible assets	\$	5,500	\$		\$	67,317	\$	63,216

In connection with the Company's adoption of fresh-start accounting on the Effective Date, an insignificant amount of intangible assets and related accumulated amortization of the Predecessor were eliminated. Also as part of fresh-start accounting, the Company recorded an adjustment of \$5,500 representing the fair value of the intangible assets of the Successor (refer to Refer to Note 2 - Bankruptcy Related Disclosures). The intangible assets of the Successor are comprised of infinite-lived trade name, which is not subject to amortization. The fair value of the Successor trade name intangible asset was determined based on the relief from royalty method, which estimates the savings that the owner of the asset would realize rather than paying a royalty to use the asset, using forecasted net sales attributable to the trade name and applying a royalty rate, assumed to be 0.1% to those net sales.

The Company recorded amortization expense \$1,022 and \$1,533 for the period July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 and the three months ended September 30, 2016, respectively. Amortization expense was \$4,088 and \$4,593 for the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 and the nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively. The was no amortization expense recorded in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017.

(8) Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

	Successor		Predecessor	
		nber 30,)17	December 31, 2016	
LONG-TERM DEBT				
7.0% Convertible Notes due December 15, 2017	\$	_	\$	41
11.0% Senior Secured Term Loan Credit Facilities due September 14, 2018		_		99,500
12.75% Senior Secured Notes due December 15, 2018		_		177,019
5.25% Convertible Notes due December 30, 2019		_		22,323
5.00% / 7.00% Convertible Notes due August 31, 2022	1	65,896		_
Floating rate ABL Credit Facility due February 28, 2022		87,297		_
Other, primarily capital leases		316		96
Plus: derivative liability for embedded conversion feature		61,608		403
Less: unvested restricted Second Lien Notes ^(a)		(2,334)		_
Less: unamortized discount	(68,318)		(7,587)
Less: unamortized debt issuance costs		_		(5,199)
Total long-term debt	2	44,465		286,596
Less: current portion		118		137
Total long-term portion	\$ 2	44,347	\$	286,459

⁽a) Represents unvested portion of \$2,400 of restricted Second Lien Notes issued to certain members of management (see Note 11 - Share-based compensation).

Credit Facilities Agreement

On the Effective Date, by operation of the Plan, all outstanding indebtedness, accrued interest, and related fees of the Debtors under the Credit Facilities Agreement, amounting to \$49,400, was paid in full with the proceeds of borrowings under the New ABL Facility and the issuance of Second Lien Notes under the Second Lien Notes Indenture.

12.75% Senior Secured Notes

On the Effective Date, by operation of the Plan, all outstanding indebtedness of the Debtors under the Company's 12.75% Secured Notes and the Senior Notes Indenture, was discharged and canceled.

5.25% Convertible Senior Secured Notes

On the Effective Date, by operation of the Plan, all outstanding indebtedness of the Debtors under the Company's 5.25% Convertible Notes and the Convertible Notes Indenture, was discharged and canceled.

New ABL Credit Facility

Pursuant to the Plan, on the Effective Date, the Successor entered into the New ABL Facility under which the Company and four of its subsidiaries each are borrowers (collectively, in such capacity, the "Borrowers"). The obligations of the Borrowers have been guaranteed by the subsidiaries of the Company named therein as guarantors. The New ABL Facility provides for a \$125,000 senior secured, revolving credit facility for the Company. Subject to certain exceptions and permitted encumbrances, the obligations under the New ABL Facility are secured by a first priority security interest in substantially all of the assets of each of the Borrowers and certain of their foreign subsidiaries. The proceeds of the advances under the New ABL Facility may only be used to (i) pay certain fees and expenses to the Agent and the lenders under the New ABL Facility, (ii) provide for Borrowers' working capital needs and reimburse drawings under letters of credit, (iii) repay the obligations under the Debtor-in-Possession Revolving Credit and Security Agreement dated as of July 10, 2017, by and among the Company, the lenders party thereto, and PNC Bank, National Association, and certain other existing indebtedness, and (iv) provide for the Borrowers' capital expenditure needs, in accordance with the New ABL Facility.

The Company may prepay its obligations under the New ABL Facility at any time without premium or penalty, and must apply the net proceeds of material sales of collateral in prepayment of such obligations. Indebtedness for borrowings under the New ABL Facility is subject to acceleration upon the occurrence of specified defaults or events of default, including failure to pay principal or interest, the inaccuracy of any representation or warranty of a loan party, failure by a loan party to perform certain covenants, defaults under indebtedness owed to third parties, certain liability producing events relating to ERISA, the invalidity or impairment of the Agent's lien on its collateral or of any applicable guarantee, and certain adverse bankruptcy-related and other events.

Interest on indebtedness accrues based on the applicable Prime or LIBOR-based rate plus a margin, as set forth in the New ABL Facility. Additionally, the Company must pay a monthly Facility Fee equal to the product of (i) 0.25% per annum (or, if the average daily revolving facility usage is less than 50% of the maximum revolving advance amount, 0.375% per annum) multiplied by (ii) the amount by which the maximum revolving advance amount exceeds such average daily revolving facility usage for such month. The weighted average interest rate on outstanding borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility for the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 was 3.85% and the weighted average Facility Fee for the period was 0.25%. The Company pays certain customary recurring fees with respect to the Revolving Credit Facility.

The New ABL Facility includes negative covenants customary for an asset-based revolving loan. Such covenants include limitations on the ability of the Borrowers to, among other things, (i) effect mergers and consolidations, (ii) sell assets, (iii) create or suffer to exist any lien, (iv) make certain investments, (v) incur debt and (vi) transact with affiliates. In addition, the New ABL Facility includes customary affirmative covenants for an asset-based revolving loan, including covenants regarding the delivery of financial statements, reports and notices to the Agent. The New ABL Facility also contains customary representations and warranties and event of default provisions for a secured term loan.

The Company's New ABL Facility contains a springing financial maintenance covenant requiring the Company to maintain a Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio of 1.0 to 1.0 in any covenant testing period when the Company's cash liquidity (as defined in the New ABL Facility Agreement) is less than the greater of i) 10% of the New ABL Facility's maximum borrowing capacity (as defined in the New ABL Facility Agreement) and ii) \$9.0 million. The Company is not in a covenant testing period as of September 30, 2017.

Second Lien Notes

Pursuant to the Plan, on the Effective Date, the Company entered into a Second Lien Notes Indenture with Wilmington Savings Fund Society, FSB, as trustee and collateral agent ("Indenture Agent") and, pursuant thereto, issued approximately \$164,902 in aggregate original principal amount of its Second Lien Notes, including \$2,400 of restricted Second Lien Notes issued to certain members of management (see *Note 11 - Share-based compensation*). The fair value of the Second Lien Notes as of the Effective Date was estimated to be \$158,026, resulting in an implied discount upon issuance of \$6.876.

The Second Lien Notes are five year senior obligations of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries, secured by a lien on all or substantially all of the assets of the Company, its domestic subsidiaries and certain of its foreign subsidiaries, which lien the Indenture Agent has agreed will be junior to the lien of the Agent under the New ABL Facility.

As further described below, the Second Lien Notes are convertible into common stock at the option of the holder. The Company determined that upon issuance and as of September 30, 2017, the conversion option is not clearly and closely related to the economic characteristics of the Second Lien Notes, nor does it meet the criteria to be considered indexed to the Company's common stock. As a result, the Company concluded that the embedded conversion option must be bifurcated from the Second Lien Notes, separately valued, and accounted for as a derivative liability that partially settled the Second Lien Notes. The initial value allocated to the derivative liability at the Effective Date was \$61,608, with a corresponding discount recorded to the Second Lien Notes. During each reporting period, the derivative liability, which is classified in long-term debt, will be marked to fair value through earnings. The change in the fair value of the derivative liability was not significant between the Effective Date and September 30, 2017.

The Second Lien Notes are convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at any time at the initial conversion price of \$3.77 per share, which rate is subject to adjustment as set forth in the Second Lien Notes Indenture. The value of shares of the Company's common stock for purposes of the settlement of the conversion right will be calculated as provided in the Second Lien Notes Indenture, using a 20 trading day observation period. Upon conversion, the Company will pay and/or deliver, as the case may be, cash, shares of the Company's common stock or a combination of cash and shares of the Company's common stock, at the Company's election, together with cash in lieu of fractional shares.

Under the Second Lien Notes Indenture, in a conversion of the Second Lien Notes in connection with a "Fundamental Change" (as defined in the Second Lien Notes Indenture), for each \$1.00 principal amount of the Second Lien Notes,

that number of shares of the Company's common stock issuable upon conversion shall equal the greater of (a) \$1.00 divided by the then applicable conversion price and (b) \$1.00 divided by the stock price with respect to such Fundamental Change, subject to other provisions of the Second Lien Notes Indenture. Subject to certain exceptions, under the Second Lien Notes Indenture a "Fundamental Change" includes, but is not limited to, the following: the acquisition of more than 50% of the voting power of the Company's common equity by a "person" or "group" within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the consummation of any recapitalization, reclassification, share exchange, consolidation or merger of the Company pursuant to which the Company's common stock will be converted into cash, securities or other property, the "Continuing Directors" (as defined in the Second Lien Notes Indenture) cease to constitute at least a majority of the board of directors, and the approval of any plan or proposal for the liquidation or dissolution of the Company by the Company's stockholders.

The Second Lien Notes are guaranteed, jointly and severally, by certain subsidiaries of the Company. The Second Lien Notes and the related guarantees are secured by a lien on substantially all of the Company's and the guarantors' assets, subject to certain exceptions pursuant to certain collateral documents pursuant to the Second Lien Notes Indenture. The terms of the Second Lien Notes contain numerous covenants imposing financial and operating restrictions on the Company's business. These covenants place restrictions on the Company's ability and the ability of its subsidiaries to, among other things, pay dividends, redeem stock or make other distributions or restricted payments; incur indebtedness or issue certain stock; make certain investments; create liens; agree to certain payment restrictions affecting certain subsidiaries; sell or otherwise transfer or dispose assets; enter into transactions with affiliates; and enter into sale and leaseback transactions.

The Second Lien Notes may not be redeemed by the Company in whole or in part at any time, subject to certain exceptions provided under the Second Lien Notes Indenture. In addition, if a Fundamental Change occurs at any time, each holder of any Second Lien Notes has the right to require the Company to repurchase such holder's Second Lien Notes for cash at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon, subject to certain exceptions.

The Company must use the excess proceeds of material sales of collateral to make an offer of repurchase to holders of the Second Lien Notes. Indebtedness for borrowings under the New Credit Agreement is subject to acceleration upon the occurrence of specified defaults or events of default, including failure to pay principal or interest, the inaccuracy of any representation or warranty of any obligor under the Second Lien Notes, failure by an obligor under the Second Lien Notes to perform certain covenants, the invalidity or impairment of the Indenture Agent's lien on its collateral or of any applicable guarantee, and certain adverse bankruptcy-related and other events.

Interest on the Second Lien Notes accrues at the rate of 5.00%, except that the Company may, in circumstances where the payment on interest in cash would cause a condition of default under the New ABL Facility, pay at the rate of 7.00% in kind. Currently, the Company is paying interest on the Second Lien Notes in kind as per the Second Lien Notes Indenture, interest on the Second Lien Notes in the first 12 months is required to be paid in kind at a rate of 7.00%.

Short-term borrowings

In July 2017, the Company's French subsidiary entered into a local credit facility under which it may borrow against 100% of the eligible accounts receivable factored, with recourse, up to 6,500 Euros. The French subsidiary is charged a factoring fee of 0.16% of the gross amount of accounts receivable factored. Local currency borrowings on the French subsidiary's credit facility are charged interest at the daily 3-months Euribor rate plus a 1.0% margin and U.S dollar borrowings on the credit facility are 3-months LIBOR plus a 1.0% margin. The French subsidiary utilizes the local credit facility to support its operating cash needs. As of September 30, 2017, the French subsidiary has borrowings of \$3,581 under the credit facility.

(9) Fair Value Measurements

The three-tier value hierarchy the Company utilizes, which prioritizes the inputs used in the valuation methodologies, is:

Level 1—Valuations based on quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets.

Level 2—Valuations based on observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3—Valuations based on unobservable inputs reflecting our own assumptions, consistent with reasonably available assumptions made by other market participants.

The fair value of cash, accounts receivable, cash collateralized letters of credit and accounts payable approximate their carrying values. The fair value of cash equivalents are determined using the fair value hierarchy described above. Cash equivalents consisting of money market funds are valued based on quoted prices in active markets and as a result are classified as Level 1.

The Company's pension plan asset portfolio as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 is primarily invested in fixed income securities, which generally fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. Fixed income securities are valued based on evaluated prices provided to the trustee by independent pricing services. Such prices may be determined by various factors which include, but are not limited to, market quotations, yields, maturities, call features, ratings, institutional size trading in similar groups of securities and developments related to specific securities.

As of September 30, 2017, the fair value of the Company's Second Lien Notes (including the bifurcated embedded conversion option) approximates its carrying value of \$156,852. The fair value of the Second Lien Notes, which falls within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, was determined based on market information and a review of prices and terms available for similar debt instruments that do not contain a conversion feature, as well as other factors related to the callable nature of the Second Lien Notes. Given the nature and the variable interest rates, the fair value of borrowings under the New ABL Facility and the French subsidiary's foreign line of credit approximated their carrying value as of September 30, 2017.

The following valuation assumptions were used in determining the fair value of the Second Lien Notes as of September 30, 2017:

Risk-free interest rate	1.70%
Credit spreads	13.96%
PIK premium spread	2.00%
Volatility	50.00%

Fair Value Measurements of Embedded Conversion Option

The fair value of the derivative liability for the embedded conversion option of the Second Lien Notes was estimated to be \$61,608 as of September 30, 2017. The estimated fair value of the derivative liability for the embedded conversion option of the Second Lien Notes, which falls within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, is measured on a recurring basis using a binomial lattice model using the Company's historical volatility over the term corresponding to the remaining contractual term of the Second Lien Notes and observed spreads of similar debt instruments that do not include a conversion feature. The change in the fair value of the Level 3 derivative liability between the Effective Date and September 30, 2017 was not significant.

(10) Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)

Accumulated Comprehensive Loss

The components of accumulated other comprehensive loss are as follows:

	Successor September 30, 2017			edecessor
				December 31, 2016
Unrecognized pension and postretirement benefit costs, net of tax	\$		\$	(9,797)
Foreign currency translation losses, net of tax		(2,362)		(16,142)
Total accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$	(2,362)	\$	(25,939)

Changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss by component for periods September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 and the three months ended September 30, 2016 are as follows:

		d Benefit Pens stretirement It		Forei	s		Total					
	Successor	Pred	ecessor	Successor	F	Predecessor		Succes	sor	Predecessor		
	September 1, 2017 Through September 30, 2017	July 1, 2017 Through August 31, 2017	Three Months Ended September 30, 2016	September 1, 2017 Through September 30, 2017	July 1, 2 Throug August 2017	017 h 31, Se	Three Months Ended eptember 30, 2016	Septem 1, 201 Throug Septem 30, 20	7 gh ber	July 1, 2017 Through August 31, 2017	Three Months Ended September 30, 2016	
Beginning Balance	\$ —	\$ (9,369)	\$ (16,273)	\$ —	\$ (17,	327) \$	(20,100)	\$	_	\$ (27,196)	\$ (36,373)	
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications, net of tax	_	_	_	(2,362)	2,	070	2,967	(2,	362)	2,070	2,967	
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax ^(a)	_	(1,436)	456	_		_	_		1	(1,436)	456	
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)	_	(1,436)	456	(2,362)	2,	070	2,967	(2,	362)	634	3,423	
Adjustment for fresh-start accounting ^(b)		10,805			15,	757			_	26,562		
Ending Balance	\$ —	\$	\$ (15,817)	\$ (2,362)	\$	<u> </u>	(17,133)	\$ (2,	362)	\$	\$ (32,950)	

^(a) See reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive loss table below for details of reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive loss for the periods September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017, July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 and the three month period ended September 30, 2016.

⁽b) In connection with the application of fresh-start accounting, Predecessor accumulated comprehensive loss was eliminated (Refer to *Note 2 - Bankruptcy Related Disclosures*).

Changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss by component for the periods September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 are as follows:

			Benefit Pens retirement Ite		Foreign Currency Items Total																	
	Successor		Prede	Predecessor Successor Predecessor			Successor Predecessor			iccessor	l	Predec	esso	or								
	Septe 1, 2 Thro Septe 30, 2	017 ugh mber	January 1, 2017 Through August 31, 2017	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016	September 1, 2017 Through September 30, 2017	TI Au	January 1, Nine 2017 Months Through Ended August 31, September 2017 30, 2016		T Se	September 1, 2017 Through September 30, 2017		1, 2017 Through September		1, 2017 Through September		1, 2017 Through September		1, 2017 Through September		nuary 1, 2017 hrough gust 31, 2017	Se	Nine Months Ended ptember 0, 2016
Beginning Balance	\$	_	\$ (9,797)	\$ (17,185)	\$ —	\$	(16,142)	\$ (16,636)	\$	_	\$	(25,939)	\$	(33,821)								
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net of tax		_	_	_	(2,362)		385	(497)		(2,362)		385		(497)								
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax ^(a)		_	(1,008)	1,368			_			_		(1,008)		1,368								
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)		_	(1,008)	1,368	(2,362)		385	(497)		(2,362)		(623)		871								
Adjustment for fresh-start accounting ^(b)			10,805				15,757					26,562										
Ending Balance	\$		<u> </u>	\$ (15,817)	\$ (2,362)	\$		\$ (17,133)	\$	(2,362)	\$		\$	(32,950)								

^(a) See reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive loss table below for details of reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive loss for the periods September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017, January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 and the nine month period ended September 30, 2016.

Reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive loss are as follows:

	cessor	Predecessor						
	· Th	ber 1, 2017 rough ber 30, 2017	1	ly 1, 2017 Through ust 31, 2017	Three Months Ended September 30, 2016			
Unrecognized pension and postretirement benefit items:								
Prior service cost (b)	\$	_	\$	(33)	\$	(50)		
Actuarial gain (loss) ^(b)		_		1,326		(406)		
Total before tax		_		1,293		(456)		
Tax effect		_		143		_		
Total reclassifications for the period, net of tax	\$	_	\$	1,436	\$	(456)		

⁽b) These accumulated other comprehensive loss components are included in the computation of net periodic pension and postretirement benefit cost included in sales, general and administrative expense.

⁽b) In connection with the application of fresh-start accounting, Predecessor accumulated comprehensive loss was eliminated (Refer to Note 2 - Bankruptcy Related Disclosures).

	Suc	cessor	Predecessor						
	·Th	ber 1, 2017 rough ber 30, 2017	Т	ary 1, 2017 hrough ist 31, 2017		ne Months Ended mber 30, 2016			
Unrecognized pension and postretirement benefit items:									
Prior service cost (b)	\$	_	\$	(133)	\$	(150)			
Actuarial gain (loss) (b)		_		998		(1,218)			
Total before tax		_		865		(1,368)			
Tax effect		_		143					
Total reclassifications for the period, net of tax	\$		\$	1,008	\$	(1,368)			

⁽b) These accumulated other comprehensive loss components are included in the computation of net periodic pension and postretirement benefit cost included in sales, general and administrative expense.

(11) Share-based Compensation

On the Effective Date, pursuant to the operation of the Plan, the A.M. Castle & Co. 2017 Management Incentive Plan (the "MIP") became effective.

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") or a committee thereof (either, in such capacity, the "Administrator") will administer the MIP. The Administrator has broad authority under the MIP, among other things, to: (i) select participants; (ii) determine the terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the MIP, of any award granted under the MIP; (iii) determine the number of shares of the Company's common stock to be covered by each award granted under the MIP; and (iv) determine the fair market value of awards granted under the MIP.

Persons eligible to receive awards under the MIP include officers, directors and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries. The types of awards that may be granted under the MIP include stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance units, performance shares and other forms of cash or stock based awards.

The maximum number of shares of the Company's common stock that may be issued or transferred pursuant to awards under the MIP (including shares initially convertible as a result of conversion of Second Lien Notes issued pursuant to the MIP) is 3,952, which number may be increased with the approval of the Company's shareholders. If any outstanding award granted under the MIP expires or is terminated or canceled without having been exercised or settled in full, or if shares of the Company's common stock acquired pursuant to an award subject to forfeiture are forfeited, the shares of the Company's common stock allocable to the terminated portion of such award or such forfeited shares will revert to the MIP and will be available for grant under the MIP as determined by the Administrator, subject to certain restrictions.

As is customary in management incentive plans of this nature, in the event of any change in the outstanding shares of the Company's common stock by reason of a stock split, stock dividend or other non-recurring dividends or distributions, recapitalization, merger, consolidation, spin-off, combination, repurchase or exchange of stock, reorganization, liquidation, dissolution or other similar corporate transaction, an equitable adjustment will be made in order to prevent dilution or enlargement of the benefits or potential benefits intended to be made available under the MIP. Such adjustment may include an adjustment to the maximum number and kind of shares of stock or other equity interests as to which awards may be granted under the MIP, the number and kind of shares of stock or other securities or other equity interests subject to outstanding awards and the exercise price thereof, if applicable.

On the Effective Date, all unvested and/or unexercised equity awards under any existing pre-Effective Date management incentive compensation plans were extinguished without recovery.

2017 Management Incentive Plan Award

Pursuant to the Plan, on September 1, 2017, 1,734 shares, together with an aggregate original principal amount of \$2,400 of Second Lien Notes (the "Restricted Notes") convertible into an additional 638 shares of new common stock as of the Effective Date, were issued as awards of restricted shares of the Company's common stock (the "Restricted Shares") under the MIP to certain officers of the Company.

The Restricted Shares and Restricted Notes cliff vest on August 31, 2020, subject to the conditions set forth in the MIP. The Restricted Shares grant date fair value of \$3.14 per share was based on the value of the common stock of the Successor company as calculated on the Effective date pursuant to the Plan.

The following table summarizes the activity relating to the Company's Restricted Shares for the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 (Successor):

	Numbe	er of Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested at September 1, 2017 (Successor)	\$	_	\$
Granted		1,734	3.14
Forfeited		_	_
Vested		_	-
Unvested at September 30, 2017 (Successor)	\$	1,734	3.14
Expected to vest after September 30, 2017 (Successor)	\$	1,734	3.14

As of September 30, 2017, the unrecognized share-based compensation expense related to unvested Restricted Shares was \$5,294 and the remaining unrecognized compensation cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately 2.9 years. As discussed in *Note 1 - Basis of Presentation*, the Successor has elected to account for forfeitures as they occur.

As of September 30, 2017, the unrecognized share-based compensation expense related to the aggregate original principal amount of \$2,400 of Second Lien Notes issued to certain officers of the Company was \$2,236 and is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately 2.9 years. The Company will recognize this expense on a straight-line basis over the three-year vesting period using the fair value at the issue date, \$2,300.

(12) Employee Benefit Plans

Components of the net periodic pension and postretirement benefit cost are as follows:

	Su	ccessor	Predecessor					
	· T	nber 1, 2017 hrough nber 30, 2017	Τĥ	1, 2017 rough st 31, 2017		ee Months Ended nber 30, 2016		
Service cost	\$	38	\$	71	\$	112		
Interest cost		397		806		1,312		
Expected return on assets		(692)		(1,356)		(2,035)		
Amortization of prior service cost		_		33		50		
Amortization of actuarial loss		_		110		406		
Net periodic pension and postretirement benefit (credit) cost	\$	(257)	\$	(336)	\$	(155)		
Contributions paid	\$	213	\$		\$	_		

	Sı	ıccessor	Predecessor						
September 1, 2017 Through September 30, 2017			Т	ary 1, 2017 hrough ist 31, 2017	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016				
Service cost	\$	38	\$	282	\$	336			
Interest cost		397		3,227		3,936			
Expected return on assets		(692)		(5,425)		(6,105)			
Amortization of prior service cost		_		133		150			
Amortization of actuarial loss		_		438		1,218			
Net periodic pension and postretirement benefit (credit) cost	\$	(257)	\$	(1,345)	\$	(465)			
Contributions paid	\$	213	\$	356	\$	_			

The Company anticipates making no additional cash contributions to its pension plans in the remainder of 2017.

Employee retirement contracts and collective bargaining agreements were honored by the Company after emergence from the Chapter 11 cases on the Effective Date.

Upon the adoption of fresh-start accounting, the Company remeasured its obligations under its defined benefit pension and other postretirement plans. The re-measurement increased the Company's defined benefit pension and other postretirement benefit obligations by approximately \$4,274 and was driven primarily by a change in the discount rate.

(13) Restructuring Activity

In April 2015, the Company announced a restructuring plan consisting of workforce reductions and the consolidation of facilities in locations deemed to have redundant operations. In the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company incurred costs associated with the April 2015 restructuring plan which consisted of employee termination and related benefits, moving costs, professional fees and losses on the disposal of fixed assets. In addition, the Company recorded charges of \$452 for inventory moved from consolidated plants that was subsequently identified to be scrapped. The inventory charge is reported in cost of materials in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

In the first quarter of 2016, the Company closed its Houston and Edmonton facilities and sold all the equipment at these facilities to an unrelated third party. Restructuring activities associated with the strategic decision to close these facilities included employee termination and related benefits, lease termination costs, moving costs associated with exit from the closed facilities, and professional fees at the closed facilities.

As a result of its restructuring activities, the Company incurred the following restructuring expenses:

	Suc	cessor		Prede	essor		
	. Th	ber 1, 2017 rough ber 30, 2017	Τŕ	/ 1, 2017 nrough st 31, 2017	Three Months Ended September 30, 2016		
Employee termination and related benefits	\$	_	\$	140	\$	267	
Moving costs associated with plant consolidations		_		212		52	
Professional fees		_		46		593	
Total	\$		\$	398	\$	912	

	Suc	cessor		Prede	ecessor		
	September 1, 2017 Through September 30, 2017			ry 1, 2017 rough st 31, 2017	Nine Months Ended September 30, 201		
Employee termination and related benefits	\$	_	\$	185	\$	945	
Lease termination costs		_		_		6,706	
Moving costs associated with plant consolidations		_		305		4,447	
Professional fees		_		76		1,323	
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		_		_		1,253	
Total	\$	_	\$	566	\$	14,674	

Restructuring reserve activity for the periods January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 and September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 is summarized below:

					Pre	decessor			
	Balance January 1, 2017		Charges (gains)		Cash receipts (payments)		Non-cash activity		Balance igust 31, 2017
Employee termination and related benefits	\$	3,627	\$	185	\$	(261)	\$	_	\$ 3,551
Lease termination costs		823		_		(496)		374	701
Moving costs associated with plant consolidations		_		305		(305)		_	_
Professional fees		_		76		(76)		_	_
Total	\$	4,450	\$	566	\$	(1,138)	\$	374	\$ 4,252

	Successor										
			Period Activity								
	Balance September 1, 2017		Charges (gains)		Cash receipts (payments)		Non-cash activity		Balance September 30, 2017		
Employee termination and related benefits (a)	\$	3,551	\$		\$	(20)	\$		\$	3,531	
Lease termination costs (b)		701		_		(16)		_		685	
Total	\$	4,252	\$		\$	(36)	\$		\$	4,216	

⁽a) As of September 30, 2017 (Successor), the short-term portion of employee termination and related benefits of \$340 is included in accrued and other current liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet and the long-term liability associated with the Company's withdrawal from a multi-employer pension plan of \$3,191 is included in other noncurrent liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

(14) Income Taxes

The Company's tax provision for interim periods is determined using an estimate of its annual effective tax rate, adjusted for discrete items. The Company's effective tax rate is expressed as income tax expense, which includes tax expense on the Company's share of joint venture earnings in the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2016 (Predecessor), as a percentage of loss from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in earnings of joint venture.

For the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 (Successor), the Company recorded income tax expense of \$286 on pre-tax loss from continuing operations of \$535, for an effective tax rate of (53.5)%.

⁽b) Payments on certain of the lease obligations are scheduled to continue until 2020. Market conditions and the Company's ability to sublease these properties could affect the ultimate charge related to the lease obligations. Any potential recoveries or additional charges could affect amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements of future periods. As of September 30, 2017 (Successor), the short-term portion of the lease termination costs of \$304 is included in accrued and other current liabilities and the long-term portion of the lease termination costs of \$381 is included in other noncurrent liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

For the period July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 (Predecessor), the Company recorded income tax benefit of \$1,395 on pre-tax income from continuing operations of \$70,828, for an effective tax rate of (1.97)%. For the three months ended September 30, 2016 (Predecessor), the Company recorded income tax expense of \$903 on pre-tax loss from continuing operations before equity in earnings of joint venture of \$17,359, for an effective tax rate of (5.2)%.

For the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 (Predecessor), the Company recorded income tax benefit of \$1,387 on pre-tax income from continuing operations of \$34,803, for an effective tax rate of (4.0)%. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company recorded income tax expense of \$1,099 on pre-tax loss from continuing operations before equity in earnings of joint venture of \$79,096, for an effective tax rate of (1.4)%.

The Company's U.S. statutory rate is 35%. The most significant factors impacting the effective tax rate for the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 (Successor) were the foreign rate differential and release of valuation allowances in jurisdictions that have become profitable. The most significant factors impacting the effective tax rate for the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 (Predecessor) and the nine months ended September 30, 2016 (Predecessor) were losses in jurisdictions that the Company is not able to benefit due to uncertainty as to the realization of those losses, release of valuation allowances in jurisdictions that have become profitable, and the impact of intraperiod allocations.

(15) Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

The Company is party to a variety of legal proceedings, claims, and inquiries, including proceedings or inquiries by governmental authorities, which arise from the operation of its business. These proceedings, claims, and inquiries are incidental to and occur in the normal course of the Company's business affairs. The majority of these proceedings, claims, and inquiries relate to commercial disputes with customers, suppliers, and others; employment and employee benefits-related disputes; product quality disputes with vendors and/or customers; and environmental, health and safety claims. It is the opinion of management that the currently expected outcome of these proceedings, claims, and inquiries, after taking into account recorded accruals and the availability and limits of our insurance coverage, will not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated results of operations, financial condition or cash flows of the Company.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Disclosure Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Information provided and statements contained in this report that are not purely historical are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended ("Securities Act"), Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"), and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements only speak as of the date of this report and the Company assumes no obligation to update the information included in this report. Such forward-looking statements include information concerning our possible or assumed future results of operations, including descriptions of our business strategy, and the cost savings and other benefits that we expect to achieve from our restructuring. These statements often include words such as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "predict," "plan," "should," or similar expressions. These statements are not guarantees of performance or results, and they involve risks, uncertainties, and assumptions. Although we believe that these forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, there are many factors that could affect our actual financial results or results of operations and could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. These factors include our ability to effectively manage our operational initiatives and implemented restructuring activities, the impact of volatility of metals prices, the cyclical and seasonal aspects of our business, our ability to effectively manage inventory levels, and the impact of our substantial level of indebtedness, as well as those risk factors identified in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 and this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the third quarter ended September 30, 2017 in Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors". All future written and oral forward-looking statements by us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained or referred to above. Except as required by the federal securities laws, we do not have any obligations or intention to release publicly any revisions to any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances in the future, to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events or for any other reason.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes thereto in Item 1 "Financial Statements (unaudited)".

Overview

A. M. Castle & Co., together with its subsidiaries, (the "Company") is a specialty metals distribution company serving customers on a global basis. The Company has operations in the United States, Canada, Mexico, France, the United Kingdom, Spain, China and Singapore. The Company provides a broad range of product inventories as well as value-added processing and supply chain services to a wide array of customers, principally within the producer durable equipment, aerospace, heavy industrial equipment, industrial goods, construction equipment, oil and gas, and retail sectors of the global economy. Particular focus is placed on the aerospace and defense, power generation, mining, heavy industrial equipment, and general manufacturing industries, as well as general engineering applications.

Recent Developments

Emergence from Chapter 11

On June 18, 2017, the Company and four of its subsidiaries filed voluntary petitions for reorganization under chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code (the "Bankruptcy Code") with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware in Wilmington, Delaware (the "Bankruptcy Court"). The four subsidiaries in the chapter 11 cases are Keystone Tube Company, LLC, HY-Alloy Steels Company, Keystone Service, Inc. and Total Plastics, Inc. Also on June 18, 2017, the Debtors filed the Debtors' Prepackaged Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization with the Bankruptcy Court and on July 25, 2017, the Debtors filed the Debtors' Amended Prepackaged Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization (the "Plan") with the Bankruptcy Court. On August 2, 2017, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order (the "Confirmation Order") confirming the the Plan. On August 31, 2017 (the "Effective Date"), the Plan became effective pursuant to its terms and the Debtors emerged from their chapter 11 cases.

On the Effective Date, by operation of the Plan, among other things:

- The Company issued an aggregate of 3,734 shares of its new common stock consisting of 1,300 shares issued to holders of Prepetition Second Lien Secured Claims (as defined by the Plan) in partial satisfaction of their claims; 300 shares issued to holders of Prepetition Third Lien Secured Claims (as defined by the Amended Plan) in partial satisfaction of their claims; 400 shares issued to participating holders of the Company's outstanding common stock as of August 2, 2017 in partial satisfaction of their interests; and 1,734 shares restricted shares, together with an aggregate original principal amount of \$2.4 million of Second Lien Notes convertible into an additional 637 shares of new common stock as of the Effective Date, issued as awards under the A.M. Castle & Co. 2017 Management Incentive Plan to certain officers of the Company.
- All agreements, instruments, and other documents evidencing, related to or connected with any equity interests
 of the Company (which include the Company's prior common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, warrants to
 purchase such common stock, and awards under management equity plans adopted before the Effective Date)
 were extinguished without recovery.
- All outstanding indebtedness, accrued interest, and related fees of the Debtors under that certain Credit and Guaranty Agreement, dated December 8, 2016, by and among the Company, Highbridge International Capital Management, LLC, Corre Partners Management, LLC, Whitebox Credit Partners, L.P., WFF Cayman II Limited, and SGF, LLC and Cantor Fitzgerald Securities, among others (as amended, the "Former Credit Agreement"), amounting to \$49.4 million, was paid in full with the proceeds of borrowings under the New Credit Agreement and the issuance of Second Lien Notes under the Second Lien Indenture (defined below).
- All outstanding indebtedness of the Debtors under the Company's 12.75% Senior Secured Notes due 2018 and the Indenture dated February 8, 2016, by and between the Company, as issuer, its guarantors, and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, and all outstanding indebtedness of the Debtors under the Company's 5.25% Convertible Senior Secured Notes due 2019 and the Indenture dated May 19, 2016, by and between the Company, as issuer, its guarantors, and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, was discharged and canceled in exchange for Second Lien Notes and new common stock in the Company.
- The A.M. Castle & Co. 2017 Management Incentive Plan became effective.
- All of the existing members of the Board were deemed to have resigned and were replaced the new Board of the Company consisting of five members, four of whom are new to the Board. A sixth member was appointed to the Board, effective immediately, on October 6, 2017.

Pursuant to the Plan, on the Effective Date, the Debtors entered into a New ABL Facility.

The obligations of the Borrowers have been guaranteed by the subsidiaries of the Company named therein as guarantors. The New ABL Facility provides for a \$125.0 million senior secured, revolving credit facility for the Company. Subject to certain exceptions and permitted encumbrances, the obligations under the New ABL Facility are secured by a first priority security interest in substantially all of the assets of each of the Borrowers and certain of their foreign subsidiaries. The proceeds of the advances under the New ABL Facility may only be used to (i) pay certain fees and expenses to the Agent and the lenders under the New ABL Facility, (ii) provide for Borrowers' working capital needs and reimburse drawings under letters of credit, (iii) repay the obligations under the Debtor-in-Possession Revolving Credit and Security Agreement dated as of June 10, 2017, by and among the Company, the lenders party thereto, and PNC Bank, National Association, and certain other existing indebtedness, and (iv) provide for the Borrowers' capital expenditure needs, in accordance with the New ABL Facility.

On the Effective Date, in connection with its entering into the New ABL Facility, the Company borrowed an aggregate amount equal to \$78.8 million, of which \$49.4 million was used to pay down outstanding indebtedness, accrued interest, and related fees of the Company under the Former Credit Agreement.

Pursuant to the Plan, on the Effective Date, the Company entered into the Second Lien Notes Indenture and, pursuant thereto, issued approximately \$164.9 million in aggregate original principal amount of its 5.00% / 7.00% Convertible Senior Secured PIK Toggle Notes due 2022.

The Second Lien Notes are five-year senior obligations of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries, secured by a lien on all or substantially all of the assets of the Company, its domestic subsidiaries and certain of its foreign subsidiaries, which lien the Indenture Agent has agreed will be junior to the lien of the Agent under the New ABL Facility.

Financial Reporting Under Reorganization

Refer to *Note 2 - Bankruptcy Related Disclosures*, of the Company's Condensed Consolidating Financial Statements for further discussion of financial reporting implications related to the Company's Chapter 11 Cases, and emergence therefrom, including a detail of liabilities subject to compromise and reorganization items, net.

Presentation of Predecessor and Successor

The Company adopted fresh-start reporting as of the Effective Date. As a result of the application of fresh-start reporting, the Company's financial statements for periods prior to the Effective Date are not comparable to those for periods subsequent to the Effective Date. References in this report to "Successor" refer to the Company on or after the Effective Date. References to "Predecessor" refer to the Company prior to the Effective Date. Operating results for the Successor and Predecessor periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for a full fiscal year. References such as the "Company," "we," "our" and "us" refer to A.M. Castle & Co. and its consolidated subsidiaries, whether Predecessor and/or Successor, as appropriate.

In the following discussion and analysis of the results of operations and liquidity, the Company compares certain financial information for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016. However, the Company believes that in certain instances, combining the financial results when discussing the Predecessor and Successor periods within the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 is useful for management and investors to assess the Company's ongoing financial and operational performance and trends.

Results of Operations: Periods September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2016

The following table sets forth certain statement of operations data for the periods September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 and the three months ended September 30, 2016.

	Successor September 1, 2017 Through September 30, 2017			Predecessor								
				July 1, 2017 Through August 31, 2017			Three Months Ended September 30, 2016			Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
(Dollar amounts in millions)		\$	% of Net \$ Sales \$		% of Net Sales	\$		% of Net Sales	Three Month \$ Change		Three Month % Change	
Net sales	\$	41.7	100.0 %	\$	81.5	100.0 %	\$	124.9	100.0 %	\$	(1.7)	(1.4)%
Cost of materials (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)		31.5	75.5 %		63.4	77.8 %		92.4	74.0 %		(2.5)	(2.7)%
Operating costs and expenses ^(a)		11.3	27.1 %		25.1	30.8 %		41.1	32.9 %		4.7	11.4 %
Operating loss	\$	(1.1)	(2.6)%	\$	(7.0)	(8.6)%	\$	(8.6)	(6.9)%	\$	0.5	5.8 %

⁽a) Operating costs and expenses include restructuring expenses of \$0.4 million for the period July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 and \$0.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Net Sales

Net sales of \$41.7 million in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and \$81.5 million in the period July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 were a decrease of \$1.7 million, or 1.4%, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2016. Although the Company experienced a 7.3% increase in tons sold per day to customers compared to the same period in the prior year, with the largest sales volume increases in alloy bar and SBQ bar, the favorable impact of the increase in sales volumes was more than offset by and overall decrease in average selling prices and an overall unfavorable change in product mix.

Average selling prices overall decreased 6.6% in the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2016, driven mainly by decreases in the price per ton sold of aluminum and a slight decrease in the price per ton of stainless. The average price per ton sold of all other product categories increased compared to the prior year quarter.

Cost of Materials

Cost of materials (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) were \$31.5 million in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and \$63.4 million in the period July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 compared to \$92.4 million in the three months ended September 30, 2016. The \$2.5 million, or 2.7%, decrease between the three month periods is largely due to the slight decrease in sales volumes in the three months ended September 30, 2017.

Cost of materials (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) was 77.0% of net sales in the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to 74.0% of net sales in the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Operating Costs and Expenses and Operating Loss

Operating costs and expenses for the periods September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 and the three months ended September 30, 2016 were as follows:

	Successor September 1, 2017 Through September 30, 2017			Prede	cesso	r	Fa	vorable/(L	Infavorable)
(Dollar amounts in millions)			Th Aug	1, 2017 crough gust 31, 2017	Three Months Ended September 30, 2016		Three Month \$ Change		Three Month % Change
Warehouse, processing and delivery expense	\$	6.0	\$	12.3	\$	19.6	\$	1.3	6.6%
Sales, general and administrative expense		4.8		10.0		16.8		2.0	11.9%
Restructuring expense		_		0.4		0.9		0.5	55.6%
Depreciation and amortization expense		0.5		2.4		3.8		0.9	23.7%
Total operating costs and expenses	\$	11.3	\$	25.1	\$	41.1	\$	4.7	11.4%

Operating costs and expenses decreased by \$4.7 million from \$41.1 million in the three months ended September 30, 2016 to \$11.3 million in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and \$25.1 million in the period July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017.

- Warehouse, processing and delivery expense decreased by \$1.3 million mainly as a result of lower payroll
 and benefits costs and lower facility costs offset by higher freight costs;
- Sales, general and administrative expense decreased by \$2.0 million mainly as a result of lower payroll and benefits costs due to lower company-wide employee headcount, bad debt expense and outside consulting services;
- Depreciation and amortization expense decreased by \$0.9 million due to lower depreciation expense in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 from a lower depreciable base of property, plant and equipment as a result of fresh-start accounting and no amortization of intangible assets.

Operating loss in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 was \$1.1 million and \$7.0 million, including \$0.4 million of restructuring expense, in the period July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 compared to operating loss of \$8.6 million, including \$0.9 million of restructuring expense, in the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Other Income and Expense, Income Taxes and Net Loss

Interest expense was \$1.4 million in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and \$2.6 million in the period July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017, compared to \$8.7 million in the three months ended September 30, 2016. Effective on the bankruptcy Petition Date, the Company discontinued recording interest expense on outstanding prepetition debt classified as LTSC. As a result, interest expense for the period July 1, 2017 through the Effective Date, August 31, 2017, excludes approximately \$4.1 million of contractual interest expense associated with the 12.75% Senior Secured Notes due December 15, 2018 and 5.25% Convertible Notes due December 30, 2019. Following the Plan from becoming effective on August 31, 2017, the Company has significantly reduced its debt and contractual interest burden from what it had been in the prepetition periods.

Financial restructuring expense of \$0.4 million in the period July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 was mostly comprised of legal and other professional fees incurred prior to filing the chapter 11 bankruptcy petitions in connection with the financial restructuring of the debt and equity of the Company.

Unrealized gain on the embedded conversion option associated with the 5.25% Convertible Notes due December 30, 2019 was \$6.3 million in the three months ended September 30, 2016. Because of the chapter 11 bankruptcy proceedings, the fair value of the derivative liability for the embedded conversion feature of the 5.25% Convertible Notes due December 30, 2019 was estimated to be \$0 as of the Petition Date, and the carrying value of the embedded conversion feature was written off to reorganization items, net in the second quarter of 2017. Therefore, there was no unrealized gain or loss on the embedded conversion option in the period July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 There was no unrealized gain or loss on the embedded conversion option associated with the Second Lien Notes for the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 as there was no change in the fair value of the conversion option between September 30, 2017 and the Effective Date.

Other (income) expense, net, comprised mostly of foreign currency transaction gains or losses, was a gain of \$2.1 million in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and a gain of \$0.8 million in the period July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017, compared to \$6.3 million loss in the three months ended September 30, 2016. These gains or losses are primarily related to unhedged intercompany financing arrangements.

Reorganization items, net in the period July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 was a gain of \$80.0 million and relates to expenses and income directly associated with the chapter 11 proceedings and incurred during the pendency of the Company's Chapter 11 Cases. The balance in the period July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 is comprised of a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$90.0 million and a gain on fresh-start revaluation of \$16.6 million. Offsetting these gains are \$5.4 million related to the write-off of unamortized debt issuance costs and discounts related to the 12.75% Senior Secured Notes due 2018 and the 5.25% Convertible Notes due 2019, prepayment penalties and debt related fees of \$13.2 million, professional fees of \$6.7 million and key employee incentive plan expense of \$1.2 million. (Refer to *Note 2 - Bankruptcy Relates Disclosures* to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.)

The Company recorded income tax expense of \$0.3 million in the Successor period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and income tax benefit of \$1.4 million in the Predecessor period July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017. Income tax expense was \$0.9 million in the three months ended September 30, 2016. The Company's effective tax rate is expressed as income tax expense, which includes income tax expense (benefit) on the Company's share of joint venture losses in the three months ended September 30, 2016, as a percentage of loss from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in losses of joint venture. The effective tax rate for the periods September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 was (53.5)% and (1.97)%, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2016 was (5.2)%. The change in the effective tax rate between periods resulted from changes in the geographic mix and timing of income (losses), the inability to benefit from current year losses due to valuation allowance positions in the U.S., and the impact of intraperiod allocations.

In August 2016, the Company completed the sale of its interest in its joint venture for aggregate cash proceeds of \$31.6 million. Equity in losses of joint venture in the three months ended September 30, 2016 was less than \$0.1 million (refer to *Note 6 - Joint Venture* to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements).

Loss from continuing operations was \$0.8 million in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017. The Company had income from continuing operations of \$72.2 million in the period July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 due mainly to the gain from reorganization items, net, of \$80.0 million in that period. Loss from continuing operations was \$18.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes, was \$1.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016, which resulted from the settlement of the final working capital adjustment related to the sale of substantially all the assets of the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Total Plastic, Inc. ("TPI").

Net loss was \$0.8 million in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017. Net income of \$72.2 million in the period July 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 includes the gain from reorganization items, net, of \$80.0 million. Net loss in the three months ended September 30, 2016, which includes loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes of \$1.7 million, was \$20.0 million.

Results of Operations: Periods September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016

The following table sets forth certain statement of operations data for the periods September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Included in the operating results below for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 is the sale of all inventory and subsequent closure of the Company's Houston and Edmonton facilities which occurred in the first quarter of 2016.

	Successor				Predec							
	September 1, 2017 Through September 30, 2017			January 1, 2017 Through August 31, 2017		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016			Favor (Unfavo		rable/ orable)	
(Dollar amounts in millions)	\$	% of Net Sales		\$	% of Net Sales		\$	% of Net Sales	Λ	Nine Month Change	Nine Month % Change	
Net sales	\$ 41.7	100.0 %	\$	353.9	100.0 %	\$	419.4	100.0 %	\$	(23.8)	(5.7)%	
Cost of materials (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) ^(a)	31.5	75.5 %		266.5	75.3 %		323.8	77.2 %		25.8	8.0 %	
Operating costs and expenses ^(b)	11.3	27.1 %		100.2	28.3 %		142.4	34.0 %		30.9	21.7 %	
Operating loss	\$ (1.1)	(2.6)%	\$	(12.8)	(3.6)%	\$	(46.8)	(11.2)%	\$	32.9	70.3 %	

⁽a) Cost of materials includes \$0.5 million of inventory scrapping expenses associated with restructuring activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Net Sales

Net sales of \$41.7 million for the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and \$353.9 million for the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 were a decrease of \$23.8 million, or 5.7%, compared to the same period last year. Net sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 included the Company's \$27.1 million sale of all its inventory at its Houston and Edmonton facilities to an unrelated third party. The sale of this inventory, which was sold at a zero gross margin (calculated as net sales, less cost of materials), was the result of a strategic decision to lower the Company's exposure to oil and gas market fluctuations. Including that sale of inventory, net sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 from the Houston and Edmonton locations, which were closed in February 2016, were \$33.0 million. Despite the closure of these two locations, the Company posted an 8.1% increase in tons sold per day to customers compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Excluding the tons sold from the Houston and Edmonton locations in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, tons sold per day increased 9.6%. Products with the most notable improvements in sales volumes were alloy bar and carbon and alloy plate. Offsetting the positive impact of the increase in sales volumes was an overall 5.4% decrease in average selling prices.

Average selling prices for many of the Company's products continue to trend up and were higher in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to the same period last year, but decreases in average selling prices of aluminum and a slight decrease in the average selling price of stainless resulted in the overall 5.4% decrease in average selling prices.

Cost of Materials

Cost of materials (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) were \$31.5 million in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and \$266.5 million in the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 compared to \$323.8 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The \$25.8 million, or 8.0%, decrease between the nine month periods is mainly due to the \$27.1 million of cost of materials recognized on the sale of all inventory at the Company's Houston and Edmonton facilities in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, as discussed above.

Cost of materials (exclusive of depreciation and amortization) was 75.3% as a percent of net sales in the nine months ended September 30, 2017, compared to 77.2% as a percent of net sales for the comparative prior year period. While the percentage for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was impacted by the \$27.1 million sale of the inventory at the Houston and Edmonton locations, the decrease in the percentage also reflects improved inventory management and better matching of sales prices with inventory replacement cost.

⁽b) Operating costs and expenses include \$0.6 million of restructuring expenses for the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 and \$14.7 million of restructuring expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Operating Costs and Expenses and Operating Loss

Operating costs and expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

	Successor September 1, 2017 Through September 30, 2017		Predecessor			Favorable/(Unfavorable)			
(Dollar amounts in millions)			Т	nuary 1, 2017 hrough igust 31,	S	ne Months Ended eptember 30, 2016	N	Three Month Change	Three Month % Change
Warehouse, processing and delivery expense	\$	6.0	\$	50.2	\$	63.7	\$	7.5	11.8%
Sales, general and administrative expense		4.8		39.2		51.5		7.5	14.6%
Restructuring expense		_		0.6		14.7		14.1	95.9%
Depreciation and amortization expense		0.5		10.2		12.5		1.8	14.4%
Total operating costs and expenses	\$	11.3	\$	100.2	\$	142.4	\$	30.9	21.7%

Operating costs and expenses decreased by \$30.9 million from \$142.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$11.3 million in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and \$100.2 million in the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017.

- Warehouse, processing and delivery expense decreased by \$7.5 million primarily as a result of lower payroll, benefit, and facility costs resulting from plant consolidations and the closure of the Houston and Edmonton facilities in the first guarter of 2016;
- Sales, general and administrative expense decreased by \$7.5 million mainly as a result of lower payroll, benefit, and outside services costs:
- Restructuring expense was \$0.6 million in the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017, while
 restructuring expense was \$14.7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, which consisted mainly
 of lease termination charges associated with the closure of the Company's Houston and Edmonton facilities,
 as well as moving expenses associated with plant consolidations related to the April 2015 restructuring plan;
 and
- Depreciation and amortization expense decreased by \$1.8 million due to lower depreciation expense resulting
 from plant consolidations and closures and equipment sales occurring in the first quarter of 2016, as well as
 lower depreciation expense in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 from a lower
 depreciable base of property, plant and equipment as a result of fresh-start accounting and no amortization
 of intangible assets.

Operating loss in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 was \$1.1 million and \$12.8 million, including \$0.6 million of restructuring expense, in the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 compared to an operating loss of \$46.8 million, including restructuring charges of \$14.7 million, in the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Other Income and Expense, Income Taxes and Net Loss

Interest expense was \$1.4 million in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and \$23.4 million in the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 compared to \$28.7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Effective on the bankruptcy Petition Date, the Company discontinued recording interest expense on outstanding prepetition debt classified as LTSC. As a result, interest expense for the period January 1, 2017 through the Effective Date, August 31, 2017, excludes approximately \$4.9 million of contractual interest expense associated with the 12.75% Senior Secured Notes due December 15, 2018 and 5.25% Convertible Notes due December 30, 2019. Following the Plan becoming effective on August 31, 2017, the Company has significantly reduced its debt and contractual interest burden from what it had been in the comparable prepetition periods.

Financial restructuring expense of \$7.0 million in the January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 was comprised of legal and other professional fees incurred prior to filing the chapter 11 bankruptcy petitions in connection with the financial restructuring of the debt and equity of the Company.

Unrealized loss on the embedded conversion option associated with the 5.25% Convertible Notes due December 30, 2019 was an unrealized loss of \$0.1 million in the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 and a gain of \$7.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Because of the chapter 11 bankruptcy proceedings, the fair

value of the derivative liability for the embedded conversion feature of the 5.25% Convertible Notes due December 30, 2019 was estimated to be \$0 as of the Petition Date, and the carrying value of the embedded conversion feature was written off to reorganization items, net in the second quarter of 2017. There was no unrealized gain or loss on the embedded conversion option associated with the Second Lien Notes for the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 as there was no change in the fair value of the conversion option between September 30, 2017 and the Effective Date.

The debt restructuring loss of \$6.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 reflects \$7.1 million of eligible holder consent fees and related legal and other direct costs incurred in conjunction with the private exchange offer and consent solicitation to certain eligible holders to exchange 12.75% Senior Secured Notes due 2018 for the Company's 12.75% Senior Secured Notes due 2016. Those charges were partly offset by a \$0.5 million gain that resulted from the exchange of the Company's 7.0% Convertible Notes due 2017 for 5.25% Convertible Notes due 2019, and the subsequent conversion of a portion of the 5.25% Convertible Notes due 2019 to equity.

Other (income) expense, net, comprised mostly of foreign currency transaction gains or losses, was gain of \$2.1 million in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and a gain of \$3.6 million in the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 compared to a \$4.6 million loss for the same period in the prior year. These gains and losses are primarily related to unhedged intercompany financing arrangements.

Reorganization items, net for the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 was a gain of \$74.5 million and relates to expenses and income directly associated with the chapter 11 proceedings and incurred during the pendency of the Company's Chapter 11 Cases. The balance for the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 is comprised of a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$90.0 million and a gain on fresh-start revaluation of \$16.6 million. Offsetting these gains are \$10.3 million related to the write-off of debt issuance costs and discounts related to the 12.75% Senior Secured Notes due 2018 and the 5.25% Convertible Notes due 2019, prepayment penalties and debt related fees of \$13.2 million, professional fees of \$7.3 million and key employee incentive plan expense of \$1.2 million. (Refer to *Note 2 - Bankruptcy Relates Disclosures* to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.)

The Company recorded income tax expense of \$0.3 million in the Successor period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and income tax benefit of \$1.39 million in the Predecessor period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017. Income tax expense was \$1.1 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The Company's effective tax rate is expressed as income tax expense, which includes tax expense (benefit) on the Company's share of joint venture losses in the nine months ended September 30, 2016, as a percentage of loss from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in losses of joint venture. The effective tax rate for the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 and January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 was (53.5)% and (4.0)%, respectively, and (1.4)% for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The change in the effective tax rate between periods resulted from changes in the geographic mix and timing of income (losses), the inability to benefit from current year losses due to valuation allowance positions in the U.S., and the impact of intraperiod allocations.

Equity in losses of joint venture was \$4.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Included in the equity in losses of joint venture was an impairment charge of \$4.6 million related to the write-down of the Company's investment in joint venture to fair value. In August 2016, the Company completed the sale of its joint venture for aggregate cash proceeds of \$31.6 million.

Loss from continuing operations was \$0.8 million in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017. Income from continuing operations of \$36.2 million in the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 includes the gain of \$74.5 million for reorganization items, net. Loss from continuing operations was \$84.4 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes, was \$6.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, which includes an after-tax gain on the sale of TPI of \$1.3 million and an income tax benefit of \$4.2 million from the reversal of an income tax valuation allowance.

Net loss was \$0.8 million in the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017. Net income was \$36.2 million in the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017, which includes includes the gain of \$74.5 million for reorganization items, net. Net loss was \$78.1 million for nine months ended September 30, 2016, which includes income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes, of \$6.2 million.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash and cash equivalents increased (decreased) as follows:

	Suc	ccessor	Predecessor				
(Dollar amounts in millions)	September 1, 2017 Through September 30, 2017		Th	ry 1, 2017 rough st 31, 2017		e Months Ended nber 30, 2016	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(6.6)	\$	(50.3)	\$	(17.6)	
Net cash (used in) from investing activities		(0.9)		5.3		85.5	
Net cash from (used in) financing activities		8.4		18.6		(68.7)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		0.1		0.9		(0.3)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$	1.1	\$	(25.6)	\$	(1.1)	

The Company's principal sources of liquidity currently are cash provided by operations and borrowings under the New ABL Facility that was entered into on the Effective Date. The New ABL Facility provides for a \$125.0 million senior secured, revolving credit facility for the Company. On the Effective Date, in connection with its entering into the New ABL Facility, the Company borrowed an aggregate amount equal to \$78.8 million, of which \$49.4 million was used to pay down outstanding indebtedness, accrued interest, and related fees of the Company under the former Credit Facilities Agreement.

Specific components of the change in working capital (defined as current assets less current liabilities), are highlighted below:

- Higher accounts receivable at both September 30, 2017 (Successor) and August 31, 2017 (Predecessor) compared to year-end 2016 (Predecessor) resulted in \$3.7 million and \$6.1 million of cash flow use, respectively, compared to \$5.1 million of cash flow use for the same period last year. Average receivable days outstanding was 52.2 days for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to 53.8 days for the nine months ended September 30, 2016.
- Higher inventory levels at both September 30, 2017 (Successor) and August 31, 2017 (Predecessor) compared to year-end 2016 (Predecessor) used \$0.8 million and \$2.7 million of cash, respectively, while lower inventory levels at September 30, 2016 compared to year-end 2015 were a \$34.8 million cash flow source for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The majority of the cash flow source from inventory in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was the result of the Houston and Edmonton inventory sale discussed above. Average days sales in inventory was 140.1 days for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to 172.7 days for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, which resulted primarily from improved inventory management.
- Increases in accounts payable and accrued and other current liabilities were a \$0.8 million and \$2.6 million cash flow source, respectively, compared to a \$14.6 million cash flow source for the same period last year. Accounts payable days outstanding was 40.7 days for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to 44.5 days for the same period last year.

Working capital and the balances of its significant components are as follows:

(Dollar amounts in millions)		ccessor	Predecessor December 31, 2016			
		ember 30, 2017			Working Capital Increase (Decrease)	
Working capital	\$	193.4	\$	203.9	\$	(10.5)
Cash and cash equivalents		11.1		35.6		(24.5)
Accounts receivable		76.8		64.4		12.4
Inventories		154.3		146.6		7.7
Accounts payable		47.2		33.1		(14.1)
Accrued and other current liabilities		14.6		19.9		5.3

Approximately \$4.8 million of the Company's consolidated cash and cash equivalents balance of \$11.1 million at September 30, 2017 resided in the United States.

Net cash used in investing activities of \$0.9 million during the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017 is mostly attributable to cash paid for capital expenditures. Net cash from investing activities of \$5.3 million in the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017 is attributable mainly due to \$7.5 million reduction in the cash collateralization requirements of outstanding letters of credit offset by cash paid for capital expenditures of \$2.9 million in the period. Management expects capital expenditures to range from \$6.0 million to \$7.0 million for the full-year 2017. Net cash from investing activities of \$85.5 million during the same period last year is mostly attributable to cash proceeds from the sale of TPI and the sale of the Company's 50% ownership in its joint venture. Cash paid for capital expenditures for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$2.4 million.

During the period January 1, 2017 through August 31, 2017, net cash from financing activities of \$18.6 million was mainly attributable to proceeds and repayments of debt in connection with the Company's bankruptcy proceedings and included the initial borrowings and subsequent repayment of the DIP facility, borrowings under the New ABL Facility, cash proceeds from the issuance of the Second Lien Notes and repayment of the prepetition First Lien Notes, as well as proceeds from short-term borrowings under the Company's foreign line of credit. Offsetting these net cash proceeds were a payment of \$3.0 million made in connection with the Company's build-to-suit liability associated with its warehouse in Janesville, WI. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, all available proceeds from the sale of TPI were used to pay down the Company's long-term debt, which along with the \$8.7 million payment of debt restructuring costs, resulted in net cash used in financing activities of \$68.7 million.

In December 2016, the Company entered into the Credit Facilities with certain financial institutions (the "Financial Institutions") in order to replace and repay outstanding borrowings and support the continuance of letters of credit under the Company's senior secured asset-based revolving credit facility. The Credit Facilities were in the form of senior secured first lien term loan facilities in an aggregate principal amount of \$112.0 million. The Credit Facilities consisted of a \$75.0 million initial term loan facility funded at closing and a \$37.0 million Delayed Draw Facility. Under the Delayed Draw Facility, \$24.5 million was drawn in December 2016 and \$12.5 million was expected to be available in June 2017 or thereafter. On May 4, 2017, the Company entered into an amendment to the Credit Facilities Agreement, whereby the Financial Institutions agreed to accelerate the Company's access to the Delayed Draw Facility that was expected to be available in June 2017 or thereafter. The \$12.5 million was drawn by the Company in May 2017 to finance additional investments in inventory and to service customers' needs.

The filing of the bankruptcy petitions constituted a default or event of default that accelerated the Company's obligations under (i) the Credit Facilities Agreement, (ii) the Senior Notes Indenture and the 12.75% Secured Notes issued pursuant thereto, and (iii) the Convertible Notes Indenture and the 5.25% Convertible Notes issued pursuant thereto. The Credit Facilities Agreement, the Senior Notes Indenture, and the Convertible Notes Indenture provide that, as a result of the filing of the bankruptcy petitions, all outstanding indebtedness due thereunder shall be immediately due and payable. Any efforts to enforce such payment obligations under the Credit Facilities Agreement, the Senior Notes Indenture, and the Convertible Notes Indenture were automatically stayed as a result of the bankruptcy petitions, and the creditors' rights of enforcement in respect of the Credit Facilities Agreement, the Senior Notes Indenture, and the Convertible Notes Indenture are subject to the applicable provisions of the Restructuring Support Agreement and the Bankruptcy Code.

As fully discussed at *Note 2 - Bankruptcy Related Disclosures*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, on the August 31, 2017 Effective Date, the Company's bankruptcy Plan became effective pursuant to its terms and the Debtors emerged from their chapter 11 cases. By operation of the Plan, all outstanding indebtedness, accrued interest, and related fees of the Debtors under the Credit Facilities, amounting to \$49.4 million, was paid in full with the proceeds of borrowings under the New ABL Facility and the issuance of Second Lien Notes under the Second Lien Indenture. Also, on the Effective Date and by operation of the Plan, all outstanding indebtedness of the Debtors under (i) the Company's Senior Notes Indenture and the 12.75% Secured Notes issued pursuant thereto, and (ii) the Company's Convertible Notes Indenture and the 5.25% Convertible Notes issues pursuant thereto, were discharged and canceled.

The New ABL Facility provides for a \$125.0 million senior secured, revolving credit facility for the Company. Subject to certain exceptions and permitted encumbrances, the obligations under the New ABL Facility are secured by a first priority security interest in substantially all of the assets of each of the Borrowers and certain of their foreign subsidiaries. The proceeds of the advances under the New ABL Facility may only be used to (i) pay certain fees and expenses to the Agent and the lenders under the New ABL Facility, (ii) provide for Borrowers' working capital needs and reimburse drawings under letters of credit, (iii) repay the obligations under the Debtor-in-Possession Revolving Credit and Security Agreement dated as of June 10, 2017, by and among the Company, the lenders party thereto, and PNC Bank, National Association, and certain other existing indebtedness, and (iv) provide for the Borrowers' capital expenditure needs, in accordance with the New ABL Facility.

The Company may prepay its obligations under the New ABL Facility at any time without premium or penalty, and must apply the net proceeds of material sales of collateral in prepayment of such obligations. Interest on indebtedness accrues based on the applicable Prime or LIBOR-based rate plus a margin, as set forth in the New ABL Facility. Additionally, the Company must pay a monthly Facility Fee equal to the product of (i) 0.25% per annum (or, if the average daily revolving facility usage is less than 50% of the maximum revolving advance amount, 0.375% per annum) multiplied by (ii) the amount by which the maximum revolving advance amount exceeds such average daily revolving facility usage for such month.

Under the New ABL Facility, the maximum borrowing capacity of the facility is based on the Company's borrowing base calculation. The weighted average advance rates used in the borrowing base calculation are 87.3% on eligible accounts receivable and 69.2% on eligible inventory.

The Company's New ABL Facility contains certain covenants and restrictions customary to an asset-based revolving loan. Indebtedness for borrowings under the New ABL Facility is subject to acceleration upon the occurrence of specified defaults or events of default, including failure to pay principal or interest, the inaccuracy of any representation or warranty of a loan party, failure by a loan party to perform certain covenants, defaults under indebtedness owed to third parties, certain liability producing events relating to ERISA, the invalidity or impairment of the Agent's lien on its collateral or of any applicable guarantee, and certain adverse bankruptcy-related and other events.

The Company's New ABL Facility contains a springing financial maintenance covenant requiring the Company to maintain a Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio of 1.0 to 1.0 in any covenant testing period when the Company's cash liquidity (as defined in the New ABL Facility Agreement) is less than the greater of i) 10% of the New ABL Facility's maximum borrowing capacity (as defined in the New ABL Facility Agreement) and ii) \$9.0 million. The Company is not in a covenant testing period as of September 30, 2017.

Additionally, upon the occurrence and during the continuation of an event of default or upon the failure of the Company to maintain cash liquidity (as defined in the New ABL Facility Facilities Agreement) in excess of the greater of \$10.0 million or 12.5% of the New ABL Facility's maximum borrowing capacity (as defined in the New ABL Facility Facilities Agreement), the lender has the right to take full dominion of the Company's cash collections and apply these proceeds to outstanding loans under the New ABL Facility Facilities Agreement ("Cash Dominion"). Based on the Company's cash projections, it does not anticipate that Cash Dominion will occur during the next 12 months.

Additional unrestricted borrowing capacity under the New ABL Facility at September 30, 2017 was as follows (in millions):

Maximum borrowing capacity	\$ 125.0
Letters of credit and other reserves	(1.7)
Availability reserve	(5.0)
Current maximum borrowing capacity	118.3
Current borrowings	(87.3)
Additional unrestricted borrowing capacity	\$ 31.0

The New ABL Facility matures on February 28, 2022.

The Second Lien Notes are five-year senior obligations of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries, secured by a lien on all or substantially all of the assets of the Company, its domestic subsidiaries and certain of its foreign subsidiaries, which lien the Indenture Agent has agreed will be junior to the lien of the Agent under the New ABL Facility.

The Second Lien Notes are convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at any time at the initial conversion price of \$3.77 per share, which rate is subject to adjustment as set forth in the Second Lien Notes Indenture. The value of shares of the Company's common stock for purposes of the settlement of the conversion right will be calculated as provided in the Second Lien Notes Indenture, using a 20 trading day observation period. Upon conversion, the Company will pay and/or deliver, as the case may be, cash, shares of the Company's common stock or a combination of cash and shares of the Company's common stock, at the Company's election, together with cash in lieu of fractional shares.

The terms of the Second Lien Notes contain numerous covenants imposing financial and operating restrictions on the Company's business. These covenants place restrictions on the Company's ability and the ability of its subsidiaries to, among other things, pay dividends, redeem stock or make other distributions or restricted payments; incur indebtedness or issue certain stock; make certain investments; create liens; agree to certain payment restrictions

affecting certain subsidiaries; sell or otherwise transfer or dispose assets; enter into transactions with affiliates; and enter into sale and leaseback transactions.

The Second Lien Notes may not be redeemed by the Company in whole or in part at any time, subject to certain exceptions provided under the Second Lien Notes Indenture. In addition, if a Fundamental Change occurs at any time, each holder of any Second Lien Notes has the right to require the Company to repurchase such holder's Second Lien Notes for cash at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon, subject to certain exceptions.

The Company must use the net proceeds of material sales of collateral, which proceeds are not used for other permissible purposes, to make an offer of repurchase to holders of the Second Lien Convertible Notes. Indebtedness for borrowings under the New Credit Agreement is subject to acceleration upon the occurrence of specified defaults or events of default, including failure to pay principal or interest, the inaccuracy of any representation or warranty of any obligor under the Second Lien Convertible Notes, failure by an obligor under the Second Lien Convertible Notes to perform certain covenants, the invalidity or impairment of the Indenture Agent's lien on its collateral or of any applicable guarantee, and certain adverse bankruptcy-related and other events.

Interest on the Second Lien Notes accrues at the rate of 5.00%, except that the Company may, in circumstances where the payment on interest in cash would cause a condition of default under the New ABL Facility, pay at the rate of 7.00% in kind. Currently, the Company is paying interest on the Second Lien Notes in kind as per the Second Lien Notes Indenture, interest on the Second Lien Notes in the first 12 months is required to be paid in kind at a rate of 7.00%.

In July 2017, the Company's French subsidiary entered into a local credit facility under which it may borrow against 100% of the eligible accounts receivable factored, with recourse, up to 6.5 million Euros, subject to factoring fees and floating Euribor or LIBOR interest rates, plus a 1.0% margin. The French subsidiary utilizes the local credit facility to support its operating cash needs. As of September 30, 2017, the French subsidiary has borrowings of \$3.6 million under the credit facility.

As of September 30, 2017, the Company had \$1.7 million of irrevocable letters of credit outstanding.

For additional information regarding the terms of the New ABL Facility, the Second Lien Notes, and the French credit facility refer to *Note 8 - Debt* to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

A review and evaluation was performed by the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Based upon that review and evaluation, the CEO and CFO have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

(b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 under the Exchange Act that occurred during the three months ended September 30, 2017 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is party to a variety of legal proceedings, claims, and inquiries, including proceedings or inquiries by governmental authorities, which arise from the operation of its business. These proceedings, claims, and inquiries are incidental to and occur in the normal course of the Company's business affairs. The majority of these proceedings, claims, and inquiries relate to commercial disputes with customers, suppliers, and others; employment and employee benefits-related disputes; product quality disputes with vendors and/or customers; and environmental, health and safety claims. It is the opinion of management that the currently expected outcome of these proceedings, claims, and inquiries, after taking into account recorded accruals and the availability and limits of our insurance coverage, will not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated results of operations, financial condition or cash flows of the Company.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The following information updates, and supercedes, the information previously disclosed in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 7, 2017 and in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2016, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 9, 2017.

Our substantial level of indebtedness could adversely affect our financial condition and prevent us from fulfilling our obligations under our debt instruments.

We have substantial debt service obligations. As of September 30, 2017, we had approximately \$256.8 million of total debt outstanding, excluding capital lease obligations of \$0.3 million, all of which is secured. The debt outstanding, in order of priority, was comprised of \$87.3 million of borrowings against our new Revolving Credit and Security Agreement (the "New ABL Facility"), \$165.9 million aggregate principal amount of 5.00% / 7.00% Convertible Senior Secured Paid In Kind (PIK) Toggle Notes due 2022 (the "Second Lien Notes"), including \$2.3 million of restricted Second Lien Notes issued to certain members of management ("MIP Notes"), and short-term borrowings of approximately \$3.6 million under a local credit facility, entered into by the Company's French subsidiary under which it may borrow against 100% of the eligible accounts receivable factored, with recourse, up to 6.5 million Euros (the "Foreign Line of Credit").

Our substantial level of indebtedness could have significant effects on our business, including the following:

- it may be more difficult for us to satisfy our financial obligations;
- our ability to obtain additional financing for working capital, capital expenditures, strategic acquisitions or general corporate purposes may be impaired;
- we must use a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to pay interest on our indebtedness, which
 will reduce the funds available to use for operations and other purposes, including potentially accretive
 acquisitions;
- our ability to fund a change of control offer under our debt instruments may be limited;
- our substantial level of indebtedness could place us at a competitive disadvantage compared to our competitors that may have proportionately less debt;
- our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and the industry in which we operate may be limited; and
- our substantial level of indebtedness may make us more vulnerable to economic downturns and adverse developments in our business.

We expect to obtain the funds to pay our expenses and to satisfy our debt obligations from our operations and available resources under the New ABL Facility. Our ability to meet our expenses and make these principal and interest payments as they come due, therefore, depends on our future performance, which will be affected by financial, business, economic and other factors, many of which we cannot control. Our business may not generate sufficient cash flow from operations in the future, and our anticipated revenue and cash flow may not be realized, either or both of which could result in our being unable to repay indebtedness or to fund other liquidity needs. If we do not have enough funds, we may be required to refinance all or part of our then existing debt, sell assets or borrow more funds, which we may not be able to accomplish on terms acceptable to us, or at all. In addition, the terms of existing or future debt agreements may

restrict us from pursuing any of these alternatives which could have an adverse effect on our financial condition or liquidity.

We may not be able to generate sufficient cash to service all of our existing debt service obligations, and may be forced to take other actions to satisfy our obligations under our debt agreements, which may not be successful.

Our total outstanding debt under our New ABL Facility, the Second Lien Notes, including MIP Notes, and the Foreign Line of Credit has an aggregate principal amount of \$256.8 million as of September 30, 2017. Our ability to make scheduled payments on or to refinance our debt obligations depends on our future financial condition and operating performance, which are subject to prevailing economic and competitive conditions and to certain financial, business and other factors beyond our control. Therefore, we may not be able to maintain or realize a level of cash flows from operating activities sufficient to permit us to pay the principal, premium, if any, and interest on our indebtedness.

If our cash flows and capital resources are insufficient to fund our debt service obligations, we may be forced to reduce or delay investments, capital expenditures or potentially accretive acquisitions, sell assets, seek additional capital or restructure or refinance our indebtedness. Our ability to restructure or refinance our debt will depend on the condition of the capital markets and our financial condition at such time. Any refinancing of our debt could be at higher interest rates and may require us to comply with more onerous borrowing covenants, which could further restrict our business operations. The terms of existing or future debt instruments may restrict us from adopting some of these alternatives. In addition, any failure to make payments of principal and interest on our outstanding indebtedness on a timely basis would likely result in a reduction of our credit rating, which could harm our ability to incur additional indebtedness or the terms thereof. These alternative measures may not be successful and may not permit us to meet our scheduled debt service obligations which could have an adverse effect on our financial condition or liquidity.

Our debt instruments impose significant operating and financial restrictions, which may prevent us from pursuing certain business opportunities and taking certain actions and our failure to comply with the covenants contained in our debt instruments could result in an event of default that could adversely affect our operating results.

Our debt agreements impose, and future debt agreements may impose, operating and financial restrictions on us. These restrictions limit or prohibit, among other things, our ability to:

- incur additional indebtedness, or issue disqualified capital stock;
- pay dividends, redeem subordinated debt or make other restricted payments;
- make certain investments or acquisitions;
- grant or permit certain liens on our assets;
- enter into certain transactions with affiliates;
- merge, consolidate or transfer substantially all of our assets;
- incur dividend or other payment restrictions affecting certain of our subsidiaries;
- transfer, sell or acquire assets; and
- · change the business we conduct.

These covenants could adversely affect our ability to finance our future operations or capital needs, withstand a future downturn in our business or the economy in general, engage in business activities, including future opportunities that may be in our interest, and plan for or react to market conditions or otherwise execute our business strategies. A breach of any of these covenants could result in a default in respect of the related indebtedness. If a default occurs, in certain circumstances, the relevant lenders or holders of such indebtedness could elect to declare the indebtedness, together with accrued interest and other fees, to be immediately due and payable and proceed against any collateral securing that indebtedness. If the maturity of our indebtedness is accelerated, we may not have sufficient cash resources to satisfy our debt obligations and may not be able to continue our operations as planned.

Our future operating results are impacted by the volatility of the prices of metals, which could cause our results to be adversely affected.

The prices we pay for metal raw materials and the prices we charge for products may fluctuate depending on many factors, including general economic conditions (both domestic and international), competition, production levels, import duties and other trade restrictions and currency fluctuations. To the extent metal prices decline, we would generally expect lower sales, pricing and possibly lower operating income. Depending on the timing of the price changes and to the extent we are not able to pass on to our customers any increases in our metal raw materials prices, our operating results may be adversely affected. In addition, because we maintain substantial inventories of metals in order to meet short lead-times and the just-in-time delivery requirements of our customers, a reduction in our selling prices could result in lower profitability or, in some cases, losses, either of which could adversely impact our ability to remain in compliance with certain provisions of our debt instruments, as well as result in us incurring impairment charges.

The Company's actual financial results may vary materially from the projections that it filed with the bankruptcy court in connection the confirmation of the Company's plan of reorganization.

In connection with the disclosure statement the Company filed with the bankruptcy court, and the hearing to consider confirmation of its plan of reorganization, the Company prepared projected financial information to demonstrate to the bankruptcy court the feasibility of the plan of reorganization and its ability to continue operations upon its emergence from bankruptcy. Those projections were prepared solely for the purpose of the bankruptcy proceedings and have not been, and will not be, updated on an ongoing basis and should not be relied upon by investors. At the time they were prepared, the projections reflected numerous assumptions concerning the Company's anticipated future performance and with respect to prevailing and anticipated market and economic conditions that were and remain beyond our control and that may not materialize. Projections are inherently subject to substantial and numerous uncertainties and to a wide variety of significant business, economic and competitive risks and the assumptions underlying the projections and/or valuation estimates may prove to be wrong in material respects. Actual results will likely vary significantly from those contemplated by the projections. As a result, investors should not rely on these projections.

The Company's financial condition and results of operations for periods after the effective date of the Company's plan of reorganization are not comparable to the financial condition and results of operations for periods prior to the effective date of the Company's plan of reorganization and historical financial information may not be indicative of the Company's future financial performance.

On August 31, 2017, the effective date of the Company's plan of reorganization, the Company adopted fresh-start reporting as a result of the bankruptcy reorganization as prescribed in accordance with GAAP and the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 852, Reorganizations. As required by fresh-start reporting, the Company's assets and liabilities were recorded at fair value by allocating the reorganization value determined in connection with the plan of reorganization. Accordingly, the Company's financial condition and results of operations from and after the effective date of the Company's plan of reorganization are not comparable, in various material respects, to the financial condition and results of operations prior to the effective date of the Company's plan of reorganization. Further, as a result of the implementation of the Company's plan of reorganization and the transactions contemplated thereby, the Company's historical financial information may not be indicative of its future financial performance.

Our common stock is now traded on the OTCQB® Venture Market (the "OTCQB"), which could have an adverse impact on the market price and liquidity of our common stock and could involve additional risks compared to being listed on a national securities exchange.

The Company's Common Stock is presently traded on the OTC Markets under the ticker "CTAM". The trading of our common stock in the OTC market rather than a national securities exchange may negatively impact the trading price of our common stock and the levels of liquidity available to our shareholders. Securities traded in the OTC market generally have less liquidity due to factors such as the reduced number of investors that will consider investing in the securities, the reduced number of market makers in the securities, and the reduced number of securities analysts that follow such securities. As a result, holders of shares of our common stock may find it difficult to resell their shares at prices quoted in the market or at all.

Furthermore, because of the limited market and generally low volume of trading in our common stock that could occur, the share price of our common stock could be more likely to be affected by broad market fluctuations, general market conditions, fluctuations in our operating results, changes in the markets perception of our business, and announcements made by us, our competitors, or parties with whom we have business relationships.

Because our common stock trades on the OTC market, in some cases, we may be subject to additional compliance requirements under applicable state laws in the issuance of our securities. The lack of liquidity in our common stock may also make it difficult for us to issue additional securities for financing or other purposes, or to otherwise arrange for any financing we may need in the future. Accordingly, we urge that extreme caution be exercised with respect to existing and future investments in our common stock

Holders of our Second Lien Notes can require us to repurchase their Second Lien Notes following a fundamental change, which includes, among other things, the acquisition of more than 50% of our outstanding voting power by a person or group. We may not have sufficient funds to satisfy such cash obligations.

As of September 30, 2017, we had approximately \$256.8 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding under the Second Lien Notes. Interest on the Second Lien Notes accrues at the rate of 5.00%, except that the Company may, in certain circumstances, pay at the rate of 7.00% in kind. Interest on the Second Lien Notes in the first 12 months is required to be paid in kind at a rate of 7.00%. Upon the occurrence of a fundamental change (as defined in the indenture for the Second Lien Notes), which includes the acquisition of more than 50% of our outstanding voting power by a person or group, we may be required to repurchase some or all of the Second Lien Notes for cash at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Second Lien Notes being repurchased, plus any accrued and unpaid interest up to but excluding the relevant fundamental change repurchase date. We may not have sufficient funds to satisfy such cash obligations and, in such circumstances, may not be able to arrange the necessary financing on favorable terms or at all. In addition, our ability to satisfy such cash obligations will be restricted pursuant to covenants contained in the indenture for the Second Lien Notes and will be permitted to be paid only in limited circumstances. We may also be limited in our ability to satisfy such cash obligations by applicable law or the terms of other instruments governing our indebtedness. Our inability to make any cash payments that may be required to satisfy the obligations described above would trigger an event of default under the Second Lien Notes, which in turn could constitute an event of default under our other outstanding indebtedness, thereby potentially resulting in the acceleration of certain of such indebtedness, the prepayment of which could further restrict our ability to satisfy such cash obligations.

The conversion of our Second Lien Notes into common stock will dilute the ownership interest of our existing shareholders.

Any issuance by us of our common stock upon conversion of our Second Lien Notes will dilute the ownership interest of our existing shareholders. In addition, any such issuance of common stock could have a dilutive effect on our net income per share to the extent that the average stock price during the period is greater than the conversion prices and exercise prices of the Second Lien Notes. Furthermore, any sales in the public market of our common stock issuable upon conversion of the Second Lien Notes could adversely affect prevailing market prices of our common stock.

We service industries that are highly cyclical, and any downturn in our customers' industries could reduce our revenue and profitability.

Many of our products are sold to customers in industries that experience significant fluctuations in demand based on economic conditions, energy prices, consumer demand, availability of adequate credit and financing, customer inventory levels, changes in governmental policies and other factors beyond our control. As a result of this volatility in the industries we serve, when one or more of our customers' industries experiences a decline, we may have difficulty increasing or maintaining our level of sales or profitability if we are not able to divert sales of our products to customers in other industries. Historically, we have made a strategic decision to focus sales resources on certain industries, specifically the aerospace, oil and gas, heavy equipment, machine tools and general industrial equipment industries. A downturn in these industries has had, and may in the future continue to have, an adverse effect on our operating results. We are also particularly sensitive to market trends in the manufacturing sectors of the North American economy. In 2015, the downturn in the oil and gas sector had a significant impact on our financial results as sales to customers which operate in that market were significantly lower than they had been previously. In February 2016, we announced the sale of all inventory from our Houston and Edmonton facilities that primarily serviced the oil and gas sector. With this sale and the subsequent closure of the Houston and Edmonton facilities, we significantly lowered our exposure to oil-related market fluctuations. Going forward, we will be primarily focused on two key industries, aerospace and industrial.

A portion of our sales, particularly in the aerospace industry, are related to contracts awarded to our customers under various U.S. Government defense-related programs. Significant changes in defense spending, or in government priorities and requirements could impact the funding, or the timing of funding, of those defense programs, which could negatively impact our results of operations and financial condition. The level of U.S. spending for defense, alternative energy and other programs to which such funding is allocated, is subject to periodic congressional appropriation actions,

including the sequestration of appropriations in fiscal years 2013 and after, under the Budget Control Act of 2011, and is subject to change at any time.

Our industry is highly competitive, which may force us to lower our prices and may have an adverse effect on our operating results.

The principal markets that we serve are highly competitive. Competition is based principally on price, service, quality, processing capabilities, inventory availability and timely delivery. We compete in a highly fragmented industry. Competition in the various markets in which we participate comes from a large number of value-added metals processors and service centers on a regional and local basis, some of which have greater financial resources than we do and some of which have more established brand names in the local markets we serve. We also compete to a lesser extent with primary metals producers who typically sell to very large customers requiring shipments of large volumes of metal. Increased competition could force us to lower our prices or to offer increased services at a higher cost to us, which could have an adverse effect on our operating results.

Our operating results are subject to the seasonal nature of our customers' businesses.

A portion of our customers experience seasonal slowdowns. Historically, our revenues in the months of July, November and December have been lower than in other months because of a reduced number of shipping days and holiday or vacation closures for some customers. Dependent on market and economic conditions, our sales in the first two quarters of the year, therefore, can be higher than in the third and fourth quarters due to this seasonality. As a result, analysts and investors may inaccurately estimate the effects of seasonality on our operating results in one or more future quarters and, consequently, our operating results may fall below expectations.

An additional impairment or restructuring charge could have an adverse effect on our operating results.

We continue to evaluate opportunities to reduce costs and improve operating performance. These actions could result in restructuring and related charges, including but not limited to asset impairments, employee termination costs, charges for pension benefits, and pension curtailments, which could be significant and could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

We have a significant amount of long-lived assets. We review the recoverability of long-lived assets whenever significant events or changes occur which might impair the recovery of recorded costs, making certain assumptions regarding future operating performance. The results of these calculations may be affected by the current demand and any decline in market conditions for our products, as well as interest rates and general economic conditions. If impairment is determined to exist, we will incur impairment losses, which may have an adverse effect on our operating results.

Our ability to use our net operating loss carryforwards ("NOLs") may be limited.

We have incurred substantial losses since 2008. We may not generate future taxable income so that we can use our available net operating loss carryforwards, or NOLs, as an offset. As of September 30, 2017, we had U.S. federal NOLs of \$213.5 million. The U.S. federal NOLs will expire in various years beginning with 2031. Due to the our bankruptcy proceedings, a portion of these NOLs will be reduced relative to cancellation of indebtedness. Additionally, we have determined that an ownership shift of greater than fifty percent occurred in 2015, 2016 and 2017. As such, it is expected that a significant portion of the pre-ownership shift NOLs will be subject to a Section 382 limitation that will act to prevent the Company from utilizing all of its losses against future taxable income. We may experience ownership changes in the future as a result of subsequent shifts in our stock ownership that we cannot predict or control that could result in further limitations being placed on our ability to utilize our federal NOLs. As of September 30, 2017, we have a full valuation allowance against our federal and state NOLs as we have concluded, based on all available evidence, that it is more likely than not that we will not utilize these federal and state NOLs prior to their respective expiration.

Disruptions or shortages in the supply of raw materials could adversely affect our operating results and our ability to meet our customers' demands.

Our business requires materials that are sourced from third party suppliers. If, for any reason, our primary suppliers of metals should curtail or discontinue their delivery of raw materials to us at competitive prices and in a timely manner, our operating results could suffer. Unforeseen disruptions in our supply bases could materially impact our ability to deliver products to customers. The number of available suppliers could be reduced by factors such as industry consolidation and bankruptcies affecting metals producers, or suppliers may be unwilling or unable to meet our demand due to industry supply conditions. If we are unable to obtain sufficient amounts of raw materials from our traditional suppliers, we may not be able to obtain such raw materials from alternative sources at competitive prices to meet our delivery schedules, which could have an adverse impact on our operating results. To the extent we have quoted prices

to customers and accepted orders for products prior to purchasing necessary raw materials, or have existing contracts, we may be unable to raise the price of products to cover all or part of the increased cost of the raw materials to our customers.

In some cases the availability of raw materials requires long lead times. As a result, we may experience delays or shortages in the supply of raw materials. If we are unable to obtain adequate and timely deliveries of required raw materials, we may be unable to timely supply customers with sufficient quantities of products. This could cause us to lose sales, incur additional costs, or suffer harm to our reputation, all of which may adversely affect our operating results.

Increases in freight and energy prices would increase our operating costs and we may be unable to pass these increases on to our customers in the form of higher prices, which may adversely affect our operating results.

We use energy to process and transport our products. The prices for and availability of energy resources are subject to volatile market conditions, which are affected by political, economic and regulatory factors beyond our control. Our operating costs increase if energy costs, including electricity, diesel fuel and natural gas, rise. During periods of higher freight and energy costs, we may not be able to recover our operating cost increases through price increases without reducing demand for our products. In addition, we typically do not hedge our exposure to higher freight or energy prices.

We operate in international markets, which expose us to a number of risks.

Although a majority of our business activity takes place in the United States, we serve and operate in certain international markets, which exposes us to political, economic and currency related risks, including the following:

- potential for adverse change in the local political or social climate or in government policies, laws and regulations;
- difficulty staffing and managing geographically diverse operations and the application of foreign labor regulations;
- restrictions on imports and exports or sources of supply;
- · currency exchange rate risk; and
- changes in duties and taxes.

In addition to the United States, we operate in Canada, Mexico, France, the United Kingdom, Singapore, and China. An act of war or terrorism or major pandemic event could disrupt international shipping schedules, cause additional delays in importing or exporting products into or out of any of these countries, including the United States, or increase the costs required to do so. In addition, acts of crime or violence in these international markets could adversely affect our operating results. Fluctuations in the value of the U.S. dollar versus foreign currencies could reduce the value of these assets as reported in our financial statements, which could reduce our stockholders' equity. If we do not adequately anticipate and respond to these risks and the other risks inherent in international operations, it could have a material adverse impact on our operating results.

Political and economic uncertainty arising from the outcome of the recent referendum on the membership of the United Kingdom in the European Union could adversely impact our financial condition and operating results.

On June 23, 2016, the United Kingdom voted to leave the European Union (the "EU"), which triggered short-term financial volatility, including a decline in the value of the British pound in comparison to both the U.S. dollar and the euro. Before the United Kingdom leaves the EU, a process of negotiation is required to determine the future terms of the United Kingdom's relationship with the EU. The uncertainty before, during and after the period of negotiation could have a negative economic impact and result in further volatility in the markets for several years. Such ongoing uncertainty may result in various economic and financial consequences for businesses operating in the United Kingdom, the EU and beyond.

During the period September 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017, approximately 0.3% of our consolidated net sales were attributable to operations in the United Kingdom, and approximately 9.3% of our consolidated net sales were attributable to operations in Europe overall. The Company and its various subsidiaries hold financial assets and liabilities denominated in British pounds, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and accounts payable, and

the future impacts of the United Kingdom's exit from the EU could have a materially adverse impact on our financial condition and operating results.

A portion of our workforce is represented by collective bargaining units, which may lead to work stoppages.

As of September 30, 2017, approximately 21% of our U.S. employees were represented by the United Steelworkers of America ("USW") under collective bargaining agreements, including hourly warehouse employees at our distribution centers in Cleveland, Ohio and Hammond, Indiana. As these agreements expire, there can be no assurance that we will succeed in concluding collective bargaining agreements with the USW to replace those that expire. Although we believe that our labor relations have generally been satisfactory, we cannot predict how stable our relationships with the USW will be or whether we will be able to meet the USW requirements without impacting our operating results and financial condition. The USW may also limit our flexibility in dealing with our workforce. Work stoppages and instability in our relationship with the USW could negatively impact the timely processing and shipment of our products, which could strain relationships with customers or suppliers and adversely affect our operating results. On October 1, 2014, we entered into a four-year collective bargaining agreement with the USW, which covers approximately 104 employees at our largest facility in Cleveland, Ohio. This agreement is scheduled to expire in September 2018, and our goal is to engage in early negotiations in the spring of 2018 to secure another four-year agreement and avoid disruption to the business. Approximately 25 employees at our Hammond, Indiana facility are covered by a separate collective bargaining agreement with the USW that was renegotiated in August 2016 and expires in August 2020.

We rely upon our suppliers as to the specifications of the metals we purchase from them.

We rely on mill or supplier certifications that attest to the physical and chemical specifications of the metals received from our suppliers for resale and generally, consistent with industry practice, do not undertake independent testing of such metals. We rely on our customers to notify us of any product that does not conform to the specifications certified by the supplier or ordered by the customer. Although our primary sources of products have been domestic suppliers, we have and will continue to purchase product from foreign suppliers when we believe it is appropriate. In the event that metal purchased from domestic suppliers is deemed to not meet quality specifications as set forth in the mill or supplier certifications or customer specifications, we generally have recourse against these suppliers for both the cost of the products purchased and possible claims from our customers. However, such recourse will not compensate us for the damage to our reputation that may arise from sub-standard products and possible losses of customers. Moreover, there is a greater level of risk that similar recourse will not be available to us in the event of claims by our customers related to products from foreign suppliers that do not meet the specifications set forth in the mill or supplier certifications. In such circumstances, we may be at greater risk of loss for claims for which we do not carry, or do not carry sufficient, insurance.

Our business could be adversely affected by a disruption to our primary distribution hubs.

Our largest facilities, in Cleveland, Ohio, and Hammond, Indiana, as well as our facility in Janesville, Wisconsin, serve as primary distribution centers that ship product to our other facilities as well as external customers. Our business could be adversely impacted by a major disruption at any of these facilities due to unforeseen developments occurring in or around the facility, such as:

- damage to or inoperability of our warehouse or related systems;
- a prolonged power or telecommunication failure;
- a natural disaster, environmental or public health issue, or an act of war or terrorism on-site.

A prolonged disruption of the services and capabilities of these or other of our facilities could adversely impact our operating results.

Damage to or a disruption in our information technology systems could impact our ability to conduct business and could subject us to liability for failure to comply with privacy and information security laws.

Difficulties associated with the design and implementation of our enterprise resource planning ("ERP") or other information technology systems could adversely affect our business, our customer service and our operating results.

We rely primarily on one information technology system to provide inventory availability to our sales and operating personnel, improve customer service through better order and product reference data and monitor operating results. Difficulties associated with upgrades or integration with new systems could lead to business interruption that could harm our reputation, increase our operating costs and decrease profitability. In addition, any significant disruption relating to our current information technology systems, whether resulting from such things as fire, flood, tornado and

other natural disasters, power loss, network failures, loss of data, security breaches and computer viruses, or otherwise, may have an adverse effect on our business, our operating results and our ability to report our financial performance in a timely manner.

The success of our business depends on the security of our networks and, in part, on the security of the network infrastructures of our third-party vendors. In connection with conducting our business in the ordinary course, we store and transmit limited amounts of customer, vendor, and employee information, including account or credit card information, and other personally identifiable information. Unauthorized or inappropriate access to, or use of, our networks, computer systems or services, whether intentional, unintentional or as a result of criminal activity, could potentially jeopardize the security of this confidential information. A number of other companies have publicly disclosed breaches of their security, some of which have involved sophisticated and highly targeted attacks on portions of their networks. Because the techniques used to obtain unauthorized access, disable or degrade service, or sabotage systems change frequently and often are not recognized until launched against a target, we may be unable to anticipate these techniques or to implement adequate preventative measures. If an actual or perceived breach of our security occurs, the perception of the effectiveness of our security measures could be harmed and we could lose employees, customers, or vendors. A party that is able to circumvent our security measures could misappropriate our proprietary information or the information of our customers, vendors, or employees, cause interruption in our operations, or damage our computers or those of our customers or vendors which could expose us to claims from such persons or from regulators, financial institutions or others with whom we do business, any of which could have an adverse impact on our financial condition and results of operations.

We may need to expend significant resources to protect against security breaches or to address problems caused by breaches. Security breaches, including any breach related to us or the parties with which we have commercial relationships, could damage our reputation and expose us to a risk of loss, litigation, and possible liability. We cannot give assurance that the security measures we take will be effective in preventing these types of activities. We also cannot give assurance that the security measures of our third-party vendors, including network providers, providers of customer and vendor support services, and other vendors, will be adequate. In addition to potential legal liability, these activities may adversely impact our reputation or our revenues and may interfere with our ability to provide our products and services, all of which could adversely impact our business.

Ownership of our stock is concentrated, which may limit stockholders' ability to influence corporate matters.

Following our bankruptcy, the Company's ownership is concentrated among a small group of institutional investors and/or hedge funds and the Company's management team. Certain directors, their affiliates, and/or any other concentrated ownership interests may have the voting power to substantially affect or control the outcome of matters requiring a stockholder vote including the election of directors and the approval of significant corporate matters. Such a concentration of control could adversely affect the market price of our common stock or prevent a change in control or other business combinations that might be beneficial to us.

We could be vulnerable to interest rate fluctuations on our indebtedness, which could hurt our operating results.

We are exposed to various interest rate risks that arise in the normal course of business. Market risk arises from changes in interest rates. We currently finance our operations with both fixed rate and variable rate borrowings, and the market value of our \$165.9 million of fixed rate borrowings may be impacted by changes in interest rates. In addition, if in the future interest rates subsequently increase significantly, it could significantly increase the interest expense on our variable rate borrowings which could have an adverse effect on our operating results and liquidity.

Commodity hedging transactions may expose us to loss or limit our potential gains.

We have entered into certain fixed price sales contracts with customers which expose us to risks associated with fluctuations in commodity prices. As part of our risk management program, we may use financial instruments from time-to-time to mitigate all or portions of these risks, including commodity futures, forwards or other derivative instruments. While intended to reduce the effects of the commodity price fluctuations, these transactions may limit our potential gains or expose us to losses. Also, should our counterparties to such transactions fail to honor their obligations due to financial distress, we would be exposed to potential losses or the inability to recover anticipated gains from these transactions.

We may face risks associated with current or future litigation and claims.

From time to time, we are involved in a variety of lawsuits, claims and other proceedings relating to the conduct of our business. These suits concern issues including contract disputes, employment actions, employee benefits, taxes,

environmental, health and safety, personal injury and product liability matters. Due to the uncertainties of litigation, we can give no assurance that we will prevail on all claims made against us in the lawsuits that we currently face or that additional claims will not be made against us in the future. While it is not feasible to predict the outcome of all pending lawsuits and claims, we do not believe that the disposition of any such pending matters is likely to have a materially adverse effect on our financial condition or liquidity, although the resolution in any reporting period of one of more of these matters could have an adverse effect on our operating results for that period. Also, we can give no assurance that any other lawsuits or claims brought in the future will not have an adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity or operating results.

We could incur substantial costs in order to comply with, or to address any violations under, environmental and employee health and safety laws, which could adversely affect our operating results.

Our operations are subject to various environmental statutes and regulations, including laws and regulations governing materials we use and our facilities. In addition, certain of our operations are subject to international, federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations that impose limitations on the discharge of pollutants into the air and water and establish standards for the treatment, storage and disposal of solid and hazardous wastes. Our operations are also subject to various employee safety and health laws and regulations, including those concerning occupational injury and illness, employee exposure to hazardous materials and employee complaints. Certain of our facilities are located in industrial areas, have a history of heavy industrial use and have been in operation for many years and, over time, we and other predecessor operators of these facilities have generated, used, handled and disposed of hazardous and other regulated wastes. Currently unknown cleanup obligations at these facilities, or at off-site locations at which materials from our operations were disposed, could result in future expenditures that cannot be currently quantified, but which could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity or operating results.

Potential environmental legislative and regulatory actions could impose significant costs on the operations of our customers and suppliers, which could have a material adverse impact on our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Climate change regulation or some form of legislation aimed at reducing greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions is currently being considered in the United States as well as elsewhere globally. As a metals distributor, our operations do not emit significant amounts of GHG. However, the manufacturing processes of many of our suppliers and customers are energy intensive and generate carbon dioxide and other GHG emissions. Any adopted future climate change and GHG regulations may impose significant costs on the operations of our customers and suppliers and indirectly impact our operations.

Until the timing, scope and extent of any future regulation becomes known, we cannot predict the effect on our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

We have various mechanisms in place that may prevent a change in control that stockholders may otherwise consider favorable.

In August 2013, we elected by resolution of the Board of Directors to become subject to Section 3-803 of the Maryland General Corporation Law (the "MGCL"). As a result of this election, the Board of Directors was classified into three separate classes of directors, with each class generally serving three-year terms. Only one class of directors will be elected at each annual meeting of our stockholders, with the other classes continuing for the remainder of their respective three-year terms. The provision for a classified board could prevent a party who acquires control of a majority of our outstanding voting stock from obtaining control of our Board of Directors until the second annual stockholders meeting following the date the acquiring party obtains the controlling interest. The classified board provision could discourage a potential acquirer from making a tender offer or otherwise attempting to obtain control of us and could increase the likelihood that incumbent directors will retain their positions.

In addition, our charter and by-laws and the MGCL include provisions that may be deemed to have anti-takeover effects and may delay, defer or prevent a takeover attempt that stockholders might consider to be in their best interests. For example, the MGCL, our charter and bylaws require the approval of the holders of two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter to amend our charter (unless our Board of Directors has unanimously approved the amendment, in which case the approval of the holders of a majority of such votes is required), and contain certain advance notice procedures for nominating candidates for election to our Board of Directors.

Furthermore, we are subject to the anti-takeover provisions of the MGCL that prohibit us from engaging in a "business combination" with an "interested stockholder" for a period of five years after the date of the transaction in which the person first becomes an "interested stockholder," unless the business combination or stockholder interest is approved in a prescribed manner. The application of these and certain other provisions of our charter or the MGCL could have

the effect of delaying or preventing a change of control, which could adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

The provisions of our debt instruments also contain limitations on our ability to enter into change of control transactions. In addition, the repurchase rights in our Second Lien Notes triggered by the occurrence of a fundamental change (as defined in the indenture for the Second Lien Notes), and the additional shares of our common stock by which the conversion rate is increased in connection with certain fundamental change transactions, as described in the indenture for the Second Lien Notes, could discourage a potential acquirer.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On the Effective Date, by operation of the Plan, the Company issued an aggregate of 3,734,385 shares of its new common stock, as follows:

- 1,300 shares were issued to the holders of Prepetition Second Lien Secured Claims (as defined by the Plan)
 in partial satisfaction of their claims, pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the
 Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") under Section 4(a)(2) of such act and Regulation D
 promulgated thereunder;
- 300 shares were issued to the holders of Prepetition Third Lien Secured Claims (as defined by the Amended Plan) in partial satisfaction of their claims, pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act under Section 4(a)(2) of such act and Regulation D promulgated thereunder;
- 400 shares were issued to participating holders of the Company's outstanding common stock as of August 2,
 2017 in partial satisfaction of their interests, pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act under Section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code; and
- 1,734 shares of restricted stock, together with an aggregate original principal amount of \$2,400 of Second
 Lien Notes convertible into an additional 637 shares of new common stock as of the Effective Date, were
 issued as awards under the MIP to certain officers of the Company, pursuant to an exemption from the
 registration requirements of the Securities Act under Section 4(a)(2) of such act, and Regulation D promulgated
 thereunder.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Information required by this Item 3 has been previously disclosed in the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 6, 2017.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibits required to be filed as part of this Report on Form 10-Q are listed in the Exhibit Index, which is incorporated by reference herein.

Exhibit Index

The following exhibits are filed herewith or incorporated herein by reference:

Exhibit No.	<u>Description</u>
2.1	Debtors' Amended Prepackaged Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization dated July 25, 2017. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC
0.4	on August 3, 2017. Commission File No. 1-05415
3.1	Articles of Restatement of the Company filed with the State Department of Assessments and Taxation of Maryland on August 31, 2017. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 8-A filed with the SEC on August 31, 2017. Commission File No. 1-05415
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of A.M. Castle & Co., as adopted on August 31, 2017. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 8-A filed with the SEC on August 31, 2017. Commission File No. 1-05415
10.1*	Revolving Credit and Security Agreement dated August 31, 2017 between the Company and certain of its subsidiaries, PNC Bank, National Association, as lender and as administrative and collateral agent, and the other lenders party thereto. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on September 6, 2017. Commission File No. 1-05415
10.2*	Indenture dated August 31, 2017, between the Company, certain of its subsidiaries, WSFS, FSB, as Trustee and Collateral Agent. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on September 6, 2017. Commission File No. 1-05415
10.3*	Intercreditor Agreement dated August 31, 2017, between PNC Bank, National Association and Wilmington Savings Fund Society, FSB, and acknowledged by the Company and certain of its subsidiaries. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on September 6, 2017. Commission File No. 1-05415
10.4*	2017 Management Incentive Plan of the Company
10.5*	Form of Award Agreement under the 2017 Management Incentive Plan of the Company. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on September 6, 2017. Commission File No. 1-05415
10.6	Debtor-in-Possession Revolving Credit and Security Agreement, dated as of July 10, 2017, by and among A.M. Castle & Co., Total Plastics, Inc., HY-Alloy Steels Company, Keystone Tube Company, LLC, and Keystone Service, Inc., as Borrowers, PNC Bank, National Association, as Lender and as Administrative and Collateral Agent, and such other Lenders which may be party thereto, and the Commitment Parties thereto. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 13, 2017. Commission File No. 1-05415
31.1	CEO Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	CFO Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	CEO and CFO Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Presentation Linkbase Document

^{*} This agreement is considered a compensatory plan or arrangement.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

A. M. Castle & Co.

(Registrant)

Date: November 14, 2017

By: /s/ Patrick R. Anderson

Patrick R. Anderson, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer & Treasurer

(Principal Financial Officer & Principal Accounting Officer)

(Mr. Anderson has been authorized to sign on behalf of the Registrant.)

A. M. CASTLE & CO. 2017 MANAGEMENT INCENTIVE PLAN

- 1. <u>Purposes of the Plan</u>. The purposes of the Plan are to: attract and retain the best available personnel for positions of substantial responsibility with the Company, provide additional incentive to key Service Providers of the Company, and promote the success of the Company's business. The Plan permits the grant of Notes, Incentive Stock Options, Non-statutory Stock Options, Stock Appreciation Rights, Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Units, Performance Units, Performance Shares, Other Stock-Based Awards, and short- or long-term Performance Cash Awards.
 - 2. <u>Definition</u>. As used in this Plan, the following definitions shall apply:
- (a) "**Administrator**" means the Board or any of its Committees that shall be administering the Plan, in accordance with Section 4 of the Plan.
- (b) "Affiliate" shall mean, with respect to any Person or entity, a Person that, directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with such Person or entity.
- (c) "Applicable Laws" means the requirements relating to the administration of cash or equity-based awards or cash or equity compensation plans under U.S. federal and state corporate laws and regulations, U.S. federal and state securities laws and regulations, the Code, any stock exchange or quotation system on which the Common Stock is listed or quoted and the applicable laws and regulations of any foreign country or jurisdiction where Awards are, or shall be, granted under the Plan.
- (d) "**Award**" means, individually or collectively, a grant under the Plan of Notes, Options, SARs, Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Units, Performance Units, Performance Shares, Other Stock-Based Awards, or Performance Cash Awards.
- (e) "**Award Agreement**" means the written or electronic agreement setting forth the terms and provisions applicable to each Award granted under the Plan. The Award Agreement is subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan.
 - (f) "Awarded Stock" means the Common Stock subject to an Award.
- (g) "Beneficial Owner" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act.
 - (h) "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.
- (i) "Cause" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term, to the term "good cause," or to a term of similar import in an employment agreement between the Participant and the Company. If the Participant is not party to such an agreement containing such a definition, then (and only then) Cause means, with respect to a Participant, the occurrence of any of the following:

- (i) the Participant's knowing and willful failure to substantially perform such Participant's duties with the Company or any Affiliate as determined by the Administrator, such failure having continued for a period of ten (10) calendar days after written notice to the Participant describing such failure in reasonable detail;
- (ii) the Participant's willful failure or refusal to perform specific directives of the Participant's direct supervisor, which directives are lawful and consistent with the scope and nature of the Participant's duties and responsibilities, or the Participant's negligence or misconduct in the performance of those directives;
- (iii) the Participant's conviction of, or entry of a plea of guilty or "nolo contendere" to, either (x) a felony or (y) any other crime that has, or could be reasonably expected to have, an adverse impact on the performance of the Participant's duties to the Company or any Affiliate;
- (iv) the Participant's engaging in criminal misconduct involving moral turpitude if, as a result, in the reasonable judgement of the Committee, the Participant's credibility and reputation no longer conform to the standard required of the Company's employees;
- (v) a breach of the Participant's duties to the Company or any Affiliate under Applicable Law or willful violation in the course of performing the Participant's duties to the Company or any Affiliate of any policy, rule, or directive of the Company or any Affiliate, or of any law, rule or regulation (other than traffic violations or other minor offenses);
- (vi) the Participant's fraud, embezzlement, theft, or other material dishonesty with respect to the Company or any Affiliate;
- (vii) the Participant's use of alcohol or drugs that interferes with the performance of his duties; or
- (viii) the Participant's breach of any restrictive covenant or any material written policy or terms and conditions of employment applicable to the Participant, including without limitation any covenants of nondisclosure, noncompetition, nonsolicitation, and nondisparagement to which the Participant is, or may become, subject.

No act or failure to act on the Participant's part shall be considered willful unless done or omitted to be done in bad faith and without reasonable belief that the action or omission was in the best interest of the Company.

- (j) "Change in Control" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term or to a term of similar import in an employment agreement between the Participant and the Company. If the Participant is not party to such an agreement containing such a definition, then (and only then) Change in Control means the occurrence of any of the following:
 - (1) any Person, other than any Designated Holder or Designated Holders acting as a group, is or becomes the Beneficial Owner, directly or indirectly,

of securities of the Company (not including in the securities beneficially owned by such Person any securities acquired directly from the Company or its Affiliates) representing forty percent (40%) or more of the combined voting power of the Company's then-outstanding voting securities entitled to vote generally in the election of Directors;

- (2) members of the Incumbent Board cease for any reason to constitute at least a majority of the Board; *provided, however*, that any individual becoming a Director subsequent to the Effective Date whose election, or nomination for election by the Company's stockholders, was approved by a vote of at least a majority of the Directors then constituting the Incumbent Board shall be considered a member of the Incumbent Board, unless such individual's initial assumption of office occurs as a result of an actual or threatened election contest with respect to the election or removal of Directors or other actual or threatened solicitation of proxies or consents by or on behalf of a Person other than the Incumbent Board (with the term "Incumbent Board" to mean the members of the Board as of immediately following the Effective Date);
- (3) approval by the stockholders of the Company of a complete dissolution or liquidation of the Company;
- (4) any sale or disposition to a Person of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company (including by way of merger of any direct or indirect subsidiary of the Company with any other corporation or entity); and
- consummation of a merger or consolidation of the Company, (5)other than (A) a merger or consolidation immediately following which the individuals who constitute the Incumbent Board immediately prior thereto constitute at least a majority of the Board, the board of directors (or similar governing body) of the entity surviving such merger or consolidation, or, if the Company or the entity surviving such merger or consolidation is then a subsidiary, the board of directors (or similar governing body) of the ultimate parent thereof, (B) a merger or consolidation (or similar transaction) following which no Person is or becomes a Beneficial Owner, directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company or the entity surviving such merger or consolidation (not including in the securities beneficially owned by such Person any securities acquired directly from the Company or its Affiliates) representing forty percent (40%) or more of the combined voting power of the then-outstanding securities of the Company or the entity surviving such merger or consolidation (other than a Person that was, prior to such merger or consolidation (or similar transaction) a Beneficial Owner, directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company representing forty percent (40%) or more of the combined voting power of the Company's then-outstanding securities), or (C) a merger or consolidation (or similar transaction) following which the individuals and entities that were the Beneficial Owners of the outstanding voting securities of the Company remain direct or indirect Beneficial Owners of forty percent (40%) or more of the combined voting

power of the then-outstanding securities of the Company or the entity surviving such merger or consolidation;

provided, however, that as applied to any 409A Award that is designated to be paid or settled upon a Change in Control, no transaction will constitute a Change in Control unless it constitutes a change in the ownership or effective control of the Company, or in the ownership of a substantial portion of its assets, in each case within meaning of Section 409A of the Code.

- (k) "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the U.S. Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder. Any reference to a section of the Code shall be a reference to any successor or amended section of the Code.
- (l) "Committee" means a committee of the Board or a committee of other individuals satisfying Applicable Laws appointed by the Board in accordance with Section 4 of the Plan.
- (m) "Common Stock" means the common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, of the Company.
- (n) "Company" means A. M. Castle & Co., a Maryland corporation, and any successor thereto.
- (o) "**Designated Holder**" means any of the following, or any of their respective controlled Affiliates, or any fund or account managed, advised or controlled by any of the following or any of their respective controlled Affiliates: Highbridge Capital Management, LLC, Wolverine Asset Management, LLC, Corre Partners Management, LLC, Whitebox Advisors LLC, and SGF, Inc
 - (p) "**Director**" means a member of the Board.
- (q) "Disability" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term, to the term "permanent disability" or "permanently disabled," or to a term of similar import in an employment agreement between the Participant and the Company. If the Participant is not party to such an agreement containing such a definition, then (and only then) Disability means, with respect to a Participant, (i) the inability of such Participant to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment for a period of at least ninety (90) consecutive days, or one hundred twenty (120) days in any twelve (12) month period, or (ii) the entitlement of such Participant to receive, by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment, income replacement benefits for a period of not less than three (3) months under an accident and health plan covering Employees.
- (r) "Dividend Equivalent" means a credit, made at the sole discretion of the Administrator, to the notional account to be established on the Company's books in the name of a Participant in an amount equal to the value of dividends paid on one (1) Share for each Share represented by an Award held by such Participant. Under no circumstances shall the payment of a Dividend Equivalent be made contingent on the exercise of an Option or Stock Appreciation Right.

- (s) "**Effective Date**" means the effective date of the Company's Joint Prepackaged Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization, dated as of May 15, 2017, Case 17-11330 (LSS) (Bankr. D. Del. May 18, 2017), as it may be amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time.
- (t) "**Employee**" means any Person, including officers, employed by the Company or any Parent or Subsidiary of the Company. For the avoidance of doubt, neither service as a Director nor payment of any director's fees by the Company shall be sufficient to constitute "employment" by the Company.
- (u) "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, including the rules, regulations and other applicable authorities thereunder.
- (v) "Fair Market Value" means, as of any date, the value of a Share determined as follows:
- (i) If the need for a determination of Fair Market Value arises as a result of a Liquidity Event, Fair Market Value shall be the value ascribed to a Share in such Liquidity Event;
- (ii) If the Common Stock is listed on any established stock exchange or a national market system, including without limitation any OTC, NASDAQ, or NYSE market, the Fair Market Value shall be the closing sales price for such Common Stock (or the closing bid, if no sales were reported) as quoted on such exchange or system for the day of determination, as reported in The Wall Street Journal or such other source as the Administrator deems reliable;
- (iii) If the Common Stock is regularly quoted by a recognized securities dealer but selling prices are not reported, the Fair Market Value of a Share shall be the mean between the high bid and low asked prices for the Common Stock for the day of determination, as reported in The Wall Street Journal or such other source as the Administrator deems reliable; or
- (iv) In the absence of a determination under (i), (ii) or (iii) above, Fair Market Value shall be determined in good faith by the Administrator.
- (w) "Incentive Stock Option" means an Option intended to qualify, and to receive favorable tax treatment, as an incentive stock option within the meaning of Section 422 of the Code, as designated in the applicable Award Agreement.
- (x) "**Incumbent Board**" means the members of the Board as of immediately following the Effective Date.

(y) "Liquidity Event" means

(i) a Change in Control in which (a) Participants receive cash and/or marketable securities as part of the consideration from such Change in Control directly from the purchaser sufficient to satisfy their withholding income tax obligations or (b) the Company receives cash and/or marketable securities as part of the consideration from such Change in Control and

allocates and distributes an amount of the cash and/or marketable securities to the Participants sufficient to satisfy their withholding income tax obligations; or

- (ii) any other transaction in which the Participants may be involved that results in the Participants' receiving cash and/or marketable securities sufficient to satisfy their withholding income tax obligations.
- (z) "**Non-statutory Stock Option**" means an Option that by its terms does not qualify or is not intended to qualify as an Incentive Stock Option.
- (aa) "**Notes**" means the Company's 5.00% / 7.00% Convertible Senior Secured PIK Toggle Notes due 2022.
- (bb) "**Option**" means an option to purchase Common Stock granted pursuant to the Plan.
- (cc) "Other Stock-Based Awards" means any other awards not specifically described in the Plan that are valued in whole or in part by reference to, or are otherwise based on, Shares and are created by the Administrator pursuant to Section 13.
- (dd) "**Parent**" means a "parent corporation" with respect to the Company, whether now or hereafter existing, as defined in Section 424(e) of the Code.
- (ee) "**Participant**" means a Service Provider who has been granted an Award under the Plan.
- (ff) "**Performance Cash Award**" means a cash incentive Award subject to the satisfaction of Performance Goals and granted pursuant to Section 13 below.
- (gg)"Performance Goals" means goals that have been established by the Committee in connection with an Award and are based on one (1) or more of the following criteria, as determined by the Committee in its absolute and sole discretion: net income; cash flow; cash flow on investment; pre-tax or post-tax profit levels or earnings; operating income or earnings; return on investment; earned value added; expense reduction levels; free cash flow; free cash flow per share; earnings per share; net earnings per share; net earnings from continuing operations; sales growth; sales volume; economic profit; expense reduction; controlled expenses; return on assets; return on net assets; return on equity; return on capital; return on sales; return on invested capital; organic revenue; growth in managed assets; total shareholder return; stock price; stock price appreciation; EBIT, adjusted EBITA; EBITA; adjusted EBITDA; adjusted EBITDA; EBITDAR; adjusted EBITDAR; return in excess of cost of capital; operating profits; profit in excess of cost of capital; net operating profit after tax; operating margin; profit margin; adjusted revenue; revenue; net revenue; operating revenue; net cash provided by operating activities; net cash provided by operating activities per share; cash conversion percentage; new sales; net new sales; sales quote conversion percentage; inventory reduction; excess and/or obsolete inventory reduction; cancellations; gross margin; gross margin percentage; gross profit; gross profit percentage; revenue before deferral; regulatory body approval for commercialization of a product; implementation or

completion of critical projects; research; in-licensing; out-licensing; product development; government relations; compliance; mergers and acquisitions; or sales of assets or subsidiaries.

- (hh) "**Performance Period**" means the time period during which the Performance Goals or performance objectives must be met.
- (ii) "**Performance Shares**" means Shares issued pursuant to a Performance Share Award under Section 10 of the Plan.
- (jj) "**Performance Unit**" means, pursuant to Section 10 of the Plan, an unfunded and unsecured promise to deliver Shares, cash or other securities equal to the value set forth in the Award Agreement.
- (kk) "Period of Restriction" means the period during which the transfer of Shares of Restricted Stock or Restricted Notes, as the case may be, are subject to restrictions and therefore remain subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture. Such restrictions may be based on the passage of time, the achievement of Performance Goals or other target levels of performance, or the occurrence of other events as determined by the Administrator.
- (ll) "**Person**" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 3(a)(9) of the Exchange Act and used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act.
 - (mm) "Plan" means this 2017 Management Incentive Plan.
- (nn) "**Plan Notes**" means Notes in an aggregate original principal amount of \$2,400,000 reserved for issuance under the Plan.
- (00) "**Reorganized Company**" means the Company as reorganized pursuant to the Company's Prepackaged Joint Plan of Reorganization, as amended, modified or supplemented, effective on the Effective Date.
- (pp) "**Restricted Notes**" means Plan Notes issued pursuant to a Tranche A Award under Section 12.
- (qq) "**Restricted Stock**" means Shares issued pursuant to a Restricted Stock Award under Section 8.
- (rr) "**Restricted Stock Unit**" means, pursuant to Section 11 of the Plan, an unfunded and unsecured promise to deliver Shares, cash or other securities equal in value to the Fair Market Value of one (1) Share on the date of vesting or settlement, or as otherwise set forth in the Award Agreement.
- (ss) "Rule 16b-3" means Rule 16b-3 of the Exchange Act or any successor to Rule 16b-3, as in effect when discretion is being exercised with respect to the Plan.
 - (tt) "Service Provider" means an Employee or a Director.

- (uu) "**Share**" means a share of Common Stock, as adjusted in accordance with Section 16 of the Plan.
- (vv) "Stock Appreciation Right" or "SAR" means, pursuant to Section 9 of the Plan, an unfunded and unsecured promise to deliver Shares, cash or other securities equal in value to the difference between the Fair Market Value of a Share as of the date such SAR is exercised/settled and the Fair Market Value of a Share as of the date such SAR was granted, or as otherwise set forth in the Award Agreement.
- (ww) "**Subsidiary**" means a "subsidiary corporation" with respect to the Company, whether now or hereafter existing, as defined in Section 424(f) of the Code.

3. <u>Securities Subject to the Plan.</u>

- (a) <u>Securities Subject to the Plan</u>. The securities subject to the Plan shall consist of Common Stock and the Plan Notes. Common Stock subject to the Plan shall consist of (i) Shares reserved for issuance under the Plan and (ii) Shares issuable upon conversion of Plan Notes.
- (b) <u>Notes Subject to the Plan</u>. Plan Notes may be subject only to Tranche A Awards under the Plan. The maximum aggregate original principal amount of Plan Notes that may be subject to Awards under the Plan shall be \$2,400,000. By their terms, the Plan Notes are convertible into an aggregate of 636,877 Shares (such Shares, the "**Shares Convertible from Plan Notes**").
- (c) Shares Subject to the Plan. Subject to Section 16 of the Plan, the maximum aggregate number of Shares that may be subject to Awards under the Plan shall be 3,952,095, which amount (the "Gross Share Reserve") consists of the sum of (i) the Shares Convertible from Plan Notes and (ii) 3,315,218 additional Shares (the "Net Share Reserve"). The Gross Share Reserve, which is an amount equal to eight and three tenths percent (8.3%) of the Shares outstanding as of the Effective Date on a fully diluted basis, shall be divided into three grant pools:
- Tranche A Award Pool. On the Effective Date, Awards shall be (i) granted in respect of an aggregate of 2,371,257 Shares, representing sixty percent (60%) of the Gross Share Reserve and consisting of (i) one hundred percent (100%) of the Plan Notes (i.e., \$2,400,000 in aggregate original principal amount of Notes representing all of the Shares Convertible from Plan Notes) and (ii) the remainder in the form of Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Units issued from the Net Share Reserve (i.e., a number of Shares from the Net Share Reserve that, when added to the number of Shares Convertible from Plan Notes, represents sixty percent (60%) of the Gross Share Reserve) (such Effective Date grants, the "Tranche A Award Pool"). Each such Award (a "Tranche A Award") shall consist of a prorated combination of Notes and Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Units, and shall be granted to the Chief Executive Officer, the Executive Vice Presidents, and other Employees in senior management. All Tranche A Awards shall vest on the third (3rd) anniversary of the Effective Date, subject to the Participant's continued employment through such date, or on such earlier date as may be provided in any written employment agreement between the Company and the Participant and, if there is no written employment agreement between the Company and the Participant, in the Award Agreement for the Participant.

- (ii) Tranche B Award Pool. An aggregate of 1,580,838 Shares, representing the forty percent (40%) of the Gross Share Reserve not included in the Tranche A Award Pool and consisting entirely of Shares issued from the Net Share Reserve plus any Notes. Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Units originally granted as Tranche A Awards and thereafter added to the Lapsed Award Pool in accordance with Section 3(c)(iii) (the "Tranche B Award Pool"), shall be reserved for Awards to be granted from time to time after the Effective Date to Service Providers in the sole discretion of the Board. Awards from the Tranche B Award Pool (the "Tranche **BAwards**") may consist of Notes (to the extent originally granted as Tranche A Awards and thereafter added to the Lapsed Award Pool in accordance with Section 3(c)(iii)), Incentive Stock Options, Non-statutory Stock Options, Stock Appreciation Rights, Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Units, Performance Units, Performance Shares, or Other Stock-Based Awards and shall vest as may be provided in any written employment agreement between the Company and the Participant setting forth vesting provisions applicable to such Awards, or if there is no such written employment agreement between the Company and the Participant, in the Award Agreement for such Participant; provided, however, that if, at the time of a Change in Control, any Shares or Shares Convertible from Plan Notes in the Tranche B Award Pool remain unallocated (the "Unallocated Tranche B Shares"), the Awards in respect of the Unallocated Tranche B Shares shall be fully allocated and granted in the form(s), with such terms and conditions, and to one or more Service Providers as determined in the sole discretion of the Board; provided further that such Awards will vest immediately prior to, but subject to the consummation of, the Change in Control. Prior to the first anniversary of the Effective Date, the non-Employee Directors of the Reorganized Company shall receive an Award from the Tranche B Award Pool (the "Initial Director Tranche B Award") in the form and having terms to be determined by the Board, provided that no Initial Director Tranche B Award shall be granted to any Director in an amount in excess of \$100,000 per year. Following the first anniversary of the Effective Date, all Tranche B Awards granted to Directors shall be on terms that are consistent in all material respects with Tranche B Awards granted to other Employees who constitute senior management.
- (iii) <u>Lapsed Award Grant Pool</u>. If any outstanding Award expires or is terminated or canceled without having been exercised or settled in full, or if Shares or Plan Notes acquired pursuant to an Award subject to forfeiture are forfeited, the Shares or Plan Notes allocable to the terminated portion of the Award or the forfeited Shares or Plan Notes shall revert to the Plan and shall be added to a lapsed Award grant pool (the "**Lapsed Award Pool**"), and shall again be available for grant under the Plan as determined by the Board in its sole discretion.
- (d) <u>Allocations</u>. The allocation of the Awards made from the Tranche A Award Pool shall be thirty-five percent (35%) to the Chief Executive Officer of the Reorganized Company and sixty-five percent (65%) in the aggregate to the Executive Vice Presidents and other management of the Reorganized Company, with allocations to such Executive Vice Presidents and other management to be made at the discretion of the Chief Executive Officer with the approval of the Board (which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld). The allocation of the Awards made from the Tranche B Award Pool and the Lapsed Award Pool shall be determined by the Board in its sole discretion.

- (e) <u>Share Counting</u>. Upon the granting of an Award, the number of Shares subject to the Award shall be counted against the Net Share Reserve; *provided, however*, that no Shares Convertible from Plan Notes shall be counted against the Net Share Reserve.
- (f) <u>Share Reserve</u>. The Company, during the term of the Plan, shall at all times reserve and keep available such number of Shares as shall be sufficient to satisfy the requirements of the Plan.

4. Administration of the Plan.

(a) <u>Procedure</u>.

- (i) <u>Multiple Administrative Bodies</u>. Different Committees with respect to different groups of Service Providers may administer the Plan. Other than as provided above, the Plan shall be administered by (%5) the Board or (%5) a Committee constituted to satisfy Applicable Laws.
- (ii) <u>Rule 16b-3</u>. To the extent that any transaction contemplated under the Plan is subject to Rule 16b-3 of the Exchange Act and is intended to be exempt under Rule 16b-3, it shall be structured to satisfy the requirements for exemption under Rule 16b-3.
- (iii) <u>Delegation of Authority for Day-to-Day Administration</u>. Except to the extent prohibited by Applicable Laws, the Administrator may delegate to one or more individuals the day-to-day administration of the Plan and any of the functions assigned to it in this Plan. Such delegation may be revoked at any time.
- (b) <u>Powers of the Administrator</u>. Subject to the provisions of the Plan, and in the case of a Committee, subject to the specific duties delegated by the Board to the Committee, the Administrator shall have the authority, in its discretion to:
 - (i) determine the Fair Market Value of Awards;
- (ii) select the Service Providers to whom Awards may be granted under this Plan;
- (iii) determine the number of Shares and Plan Notes to be covered by each Award granted under this Plan;
 - (iv) approve forms of Award Agreements for use under the Plan;
- (v) determine the terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, of any Award granted under this Plan, including but not limited to, the exercise price, the time or times when Awards may be exercised (which may be based on Performance Goals or other performance criteria), any vesting acceleration or waiver of forfeiture or repurchase restrictions, and any restriction or limitation regarding any Award or the Shares or Plan Notes relating thereto, based in each case on such factors as the Administrator, in its sole discretion, shall determine;

- (vi) construe and interpret the terms of the Plan and Awards granted pursuant to the Plan;
- (vii) amend the terms of any outstanding Award, including the discretionary authority to extend the post-termination exercise period of Awards and accelerate the satisfaction of any vesting criteria or waiver of forfeiture or repurchase restrictions, provided that any amendment that would adversely affect the Participant's rights under an outstanding Award shall not be made without the Participant's written consent; *provided, however*, that except as otherwise provided in Section 16, the Administrator shall not, without prior approval of the Company's stockholders (1) amend the exercise price of outstanding Options or SARs, (2) cancel and re-grant Options or SARs at a lower exercise price, or (3) substitute underwater Options for other securities (including buyouts through issuance of such cash or other means). Notwithstanding the foregoing, an amendment shall not be treated as adversely affecting the rights of the Participant if the amendment causes an Incentive Stock Option to become a Non-statutory Stock Option or if the amendment is made to the minimum extent necessary to avoid the adverse tax consequences of Section 409A of the Code;
- (viii) allow Participants to satisfy withholding income tax obligations by (1) payment to the Company of the amount of such withholding obligation by cash, wire transfer, certified check or bank draft, (2) electing to have the Company withhold from the Shares or cash to be issued upon exercise or vesting of an Award that number of Shares or cash having a Fair Market Value equal to or less than the maximum statutory withholding rate for the applicable jurisdiction or (3) a combination of the above; provided, however, that Participants shall not be entitled to satisfy withholding income tax obligations by having Shares withheld pursuant to clause (2) above if the income tax withholding obligations arise in connection with a Liquidity Event or following an initial public offering of the Common Stock (or the securities that are subject to the Award following an adjustment pursuant to Section 16) to the extent that following the initial public offering there are not, at the time the income tax withholding is due, any legal or contractual restrictions on the ability of the Participants to sell such Shares in the public market as may be necessary to fund the required withholding income taxes. The Fair Market Value of any Shares to be withheld shall be determined on the date that the amount of income tax to be withheld is to be determined, and all requests by a Participant to have Shares or cash withheld for this purpose shall be made in such form and under such conditions as the Administrator may deem necessary or advisable:
- (ix) authorize any Person to execute on behalf of the Company any instrument required to effect the grant of an Award previously approved by the Administrator;
- (x) allow a Participant to defer the receipt of the payment of cash or the delivery of Shares that would otherwise be due to the Participant pursuant to an Award;
- (xi) determine whether Awards shall be settled in Shares, with cash or in a combination of Shares and cash;
- (xii) create Other Stock-Based Awards or Performance Cash Awards for issuance under the Plan;

(xiii) establish a program whereby Service Providers designated by the Administrator can reduce compensation otherwise payable in cash in exchange for Awards under the Plan; and

(xiv) make all other determinations that the Administrator deems necessary or advisable for administering the Plan.

The express grant in the Plan of any specific power to the Administrator shall not be construed as limiting any power or authority of the Administrator. However, the Administrator may not exercise any right or power reserved to the Board.

- (c) <u>Effect of Administrator's Decision</u>. The Administrator's decisions, determinations, actions and interpretations shall be final, conclusive and binding on all Persons having an interest in the Plan.
- Indemnification. The Company shall defend and indemnify members of the (d) Board, and officers and Employees of the Company or of a Parent or Subsidiary to whom authority to act for the Board, the Administrator or the Company is delegated ("Indemnitees"), to the maximum extent permitted by law against all reasonable expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees incurred in connection with the defense of any claim, investigation, action, suit or proceeding, or in connection with any appeal therein (collectively, a "Claim"), to which any of them is a party by reason of any action taken or or any failure to act in connection with the Plan, or in connection with any Award granted under the Plan; and all amounts required to be paid by them in settlement of the Claim (provided the settlement is approved by the Company) or required to be paid by them in satisfaction of a judgment in any Claim. However, no Person shall be entitled to indemnification to the extent that he is determined in such Claim to be liable for gross negligence, bad faith or intentional misconduct. In addition, to be entitled to indemnification, the Indemnitee must, within thirty (30) days after written notice of the Claim, offer the Company, in writing, the opportunity, at the Company's expense, to defend the Claim. The right to indemnification shall be in addition to all other rights of indemnification available to the Indemnitee from the Company, its insurers, or otherwise.
- 5. <u>Eligibility</u>. Non-statutory Stock Options, Stock Appreciation Rights, Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Units, Performance Units, Performance Shares, Other Stock-Based Awards, or Performance Cash Awards may be granted to Service Providers. Incentive Stock Options may be granted to Employees only.
- 6. \$100,000 Limitation for Incentive Stock Options. Each Option shall be designated in the Award Agreement as either an Incentive Stock Option or a Non-statutory Stock Option. However, notwithstanding such designation, to the extent that the aggregate Fair Market Value of the Shares with respect to which Incentive Stock Options are exercisable for the first time by a Participant during any calendar year (under all plans of the Company and any Parent or Subsidiary) exceeds \$100,000, such Options shall be treated as Non-statutory Stock Options. For purposes of this Section 6, Incentive Stock Options shall be disqualified as such in the reverse order in which they were granted. The Fair Market Value of the Shares shall be determined as of the time the Options with respect to such Shares are granted.

7. Options.

(a) <u>Term of Option</u>. The term of each Option shall be stated in the Award Agreement. In the case of an Incentive Stock Option, the term shall be ten (10) years from the date of grant or such shorter term as may be provided in the Award Agreement. Moreover, in the case of an Incentive Stock Option granted to a Participant who, at the time the Incentive Stock Option is granted, owns stock representing more than ten percent (10%) of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or any Parent or Subsidiary, the term of the Incentive Stock Option shall be five (5) years from the date of grant or such shorter term as may be provided in the Award Agreement.

(b) Option Exercise Price and Consideration.

(i) <u>Exercise Price</u>. The per-Share exercise price for the Shares to be issued pursuant to exercise of an Option shall be determined by the Administrator, subject to the following:

(1) In the case of an Incentive Stock Option

(A) granted to an Employee who, at the time the Incentive Stock Option is granted, owns stock representing more than ten percent (10%) of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or any Parent or Subsidiary, the per-Share exercise price shall be no less than one hundred ten percent (110%) of the Fair Market Value per Share on the date of grant.

(B) granted to any Employee other than an Employee described in paragraph (A) immediately above, the per-Share exercise price shall be no less than one hundred percent (100%) of the Fair Market Value per Share on the date of grant.

- (2) In the case of a Non-statutory Stock Option, the per-Share exercise price shall be determined by the Administrator, but shall not be less than Fair Market Value per Share on the date of grant.
- (3) Notwithstanding the foregoing, Incentive Stock Options may be granted with a per-Share exercise price of less than one hundred percent (100%) of the Fair Market Value per Share on the date of grant pursuant to a transaction described in, and in a manner consistent with, Section 424(a) of the Code.
- (ii) <u>Waiting Period and Exercise Dates</u>. At the time an Option is granted, the Administrator shall fix the period within which the Option may be exercised and shall determine any conditions that must be satisfied before the Option may be exercised. The Administrator, in its sole discretion, may accelerate the satisfaction of such conditions at any time.
- (c) <u>Form of Consideration</u>. The Administrator shall determine the acceptable form of consideration for exercising an Option, including the method of payment. In the case of

an Incentive Stock Option, the Administrator shall determine the acceptable form of consideration at the time of grant, which, to the extent permitted by Applicable Laws, may consist entirely of:

- (i) cash;
- (ii) check;
- (iii) other Shares that meet the conditions established by the Administrator to avoid adverse accounting consequences (as determined by the Administrator);
- (iv) consideration received by the Company under a cashless exercise program implemented by the Company in connection with the Plan;
- (v) a reduction in the amount of any Company liability to the Participant, including any liability attributable to the Participant's participation in any Company-sponsored deferred compensation program or arrangement;
 - (vi) any combination of the foregoing methods of payment; or
- (vii) any other consideration and method of payment for the issuance of Shares.

(d) Exercise of Option.

- Procedure for Exercise; Rights as a Stockholder. Any Option granted under this Plan shall be exercisable according to the terms of the Plan and at such times and under such conditions as determined by the Administrator and set forth in the Award Agreement. An Option shall be deemed exercised when the Company receives: (x) written or electronic notice of exercise (in accordance with the Award Agreement) from the Person entitled to exercise the Option, and (y) full payment for the Shares with respect to which the Option is exercised (including provision for any applicable tax withholding). Full payment may consist of any consideration and method of payment authorized by the Administrator and permitted by the Award Agreement and the Plan. Shares issued upon exercise of an Option shall be issued in the name of the Participant or, if requested by the Participant, in the name of the Participant and his spouse. Until the Shares are issued (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Company or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Company), no right to vote or receive dividends or any other rights as a stockholder shall exist with respect to the Awarded Stock, notwithstanding the exercise of the Option. The Company shall issue (or cause to be issued) such Shares promptly after the Option is exercised. No adjustment shall be made for a dividend or other right for which the record date is prior to the date the Shares are issued, except as provided in Section 16 of the Plan or the applicable Award Agreement. Exercising an Option in any manner shall decrease the number of Shares thereafter available for sale under the Option by the number of Shares as to which the Option is exercised.
- (ii) <u>Termination of Relationship as a Service Provider</u>. If a Participant ceases to be a Service Provider, other than upon the Participant's death or Disability, the Participant may exercise his Option, to the extent vested, within the time specified in the Award Agreement

(but in no event later than the expiration of the term of such Option as set forth in the Award Agreement). In the absence of a specified time in the Award Agreement, the Option shall remain exercisable for three (3) months following the Participant's termination, after which the Option shall terminate, except if, at the time of a Participant's termination of service, such Participant is under a Company-imposed blackout period restricting the Participant from exercising the Option or otherwise trading in Company securities, the Option shall remain exercisable for a period of three (3) months following the cessation of relevant blackout period, even if beyond the normal expiration of such Option, as determined by the Administrator. Unless otherwise provided by the Award Agreement, if on the date of termination the Participant is not vested as to his entire Option, the Shares covered by the unvested portion of the Option shall revert to the Plan as provided in Section 3(c). If the Participant does not exercise his Option as to all of the vested Shares within the time specified by the Award Agreement, the Option shall terminate, and the remaining Shares covered by the Option shall revert to the Plan as provided in Section 3(c).

Disability of Participant. If a Participant ceases to be a Service (iii) Provider as a result of his Disability, the Participant may exercise his Option, to the extent vested, within the time specified in the Award Agreement (but in no event later than the expiration of the term of the Option as set forth in the Award Agreement). In the absence of a specified time in the Award Agreement, the Option shall remain exercisable for twelve (12) months following the Participant's termination for Disability, after which the Option shall terminate, except if, at the time of a Participant's termination of service as a result of Disability, such Participant is under a Companyimposed blackout period restricting the Participant from exercising the Option or otherwise trading in Company securities, the Option shall remain exercisable for a period of three (3) months following the cessation of relevant blackout period, even if beyond the normal expiration of such Option, as determined by the Administrator. Unless otherwise provided by the Administrator, on the date of termination for Disability, the unvested portion of the Option shall revert to the Plan as provided in Section 3(c). If after termination for Disability, the Participant does not exercise his Option as to all of the vested Shares within the time specified by the Award Agreement, the Option shall terminate and the remaining Shares covered by such Option shall revert to the Plan as provided in Section 3(c).

(iv) <u>Death of Participant</u>. If a Participant dies while a Service Provider, the Option, to the extent vested, may be exercised within the time specified in the Award Agreement (but in no event later than the expiration of the term of the Option as set forth in the Award Agreement) by the beneficiary designated by the Participant prior to his death, provided that such designation must be acceptable to the Administrator. If no beneficiary has been designated by the Participant, then the Option may be exercised by the personal representative of the Participant's estate, or by the Persons to whom the Option is transferred pursuant to the Participant's will or in accordance with the laws of descent and distribution. In the absence of a specified time in the Award Agreement, the Option shall remain exercisable for twelve (12) months following the Participant's death, after which the Option shall terminate. If the Option is not exercised as to all of the vested Shares within the time specified by the Administrator, the Option shall terminate, and the remaining Shares covered by such Option shall revert to the Plan as provided in Section 3(c).

8. Restricted Stock.

- (a) <u>Grant of Restricted Stock</u>. Subject to the terms and provisions of the Plan, the Administrator may, at any time and from time to time, grant Shares of Restricted Stock to Service Providers in such amounts as the Administrator, in its sole discretion, shall determine.
- (b) <u>Restricted Stock Agreement</u>. Each Award of Restricted Stock shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement that shall specify the Period of Restriction, the number of Shares granted, and such other terms and conditions as the Administrator, in its sole discretion, shall determine. Unless the Administrator determines otherwise, Shares of Restricted Stock shall be held by the Company as escrow agent until the restrictions on the Shares have lapsed.
- (c) <u>Removal of Restrictions</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Section 8, Shares of Restricted Stock covered by each Award made under the Plan shall be released from escrow as soon as practical after the last day of the Period of Restriction. The Administrator, in its sole discretion, may accelerate the time at which any restrictions shall lapse or be removed.
- (d) <u>Voting Rights</u>. During the Period of Restriction, Service Providers holding Shares of Restricted Stock may exercise full voting rights with respect to those Shares, unless the Award Agreement provides otherwise.
- (e) <u>Dividends and Other Distributions</u>. During the Period of Restriction, Service Providers holding Shares of Restricted Stock shall be entitled to receive all dividends and other distributions paid with respect to such Shares unless otherwise provided in the Award Agreement. If any dividends or distributions are paid in Shares, the Shares shall be subject to the same restrictions on transferability and forfeitability as the Shares of Restricted Stock with respect to which they were paid.
- (f) Return of Restricted Stock to Company. If an Award Agreement for any Shares of Restricted Stock provides for a date on which such Shares of Restricted Stock shall be forfeited if the restrictions thereon have not theretofore lapsed, then on such date the Shares of Restricted Stock for which restrictions have not lapsed shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Plan as provided in Section 3(c).

9. <u>Stock Appreciation Rights</u>

- (a) Grant of SARs. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, a SAR may be granted to Service Providers at any time and from time to time as shall be determined by the Administrator, in its sole discretion. The Administrator shall have complete discretion to determine the number of SARs granted to any Service Provider. Subject to the provisions of the Plan, the Administrator shall have complete discretion to determine the terms and conditions of SARs granted under the Plan, including the sole discretion to accelerate exercisability at any time.
- (b) <u>SAR Agreement</u>. Each SAR grant shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement that shall specify the exercise price, the term, the conditions of exercise, and such other terms and conditions as the Administrator, in its sole discretion, shall determine.

- (c) <u>Expiration of SARs</u>. A SAR granted under the Plan shall expire upon the date determined by the Administrator, in its sole discretion, as set forth in the Award Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the rules of Sections 7(d)(ii), 7(d)(iii) and 7(d)(iv) shall also apply to SARs.
- (d) <u>Payment of SAR Amount</u>. Upon exercise of a SAR, a Participant shall be entitled to receive payment from the Company in an amount determined by multiplying:
- (i) The difference between the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date of exercise over the exercise price; times
 - (ii) The number of Shares with respect to which the SAR is exercised.

At the sole discretion of the Administrator, the payment upon the exercise of a SAR may be in cash, in Shares with equivalent Fair Market Value, or in some combination thereof, unless the Award Agreement provides otherwise.

10. Performance Units and Performance Shares.

- (a) <u>Grant of Performance Units and Performance Shares</u>. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, Performance Units and Performance Shares may be granted to Service Providers at any time and from time to time, as shall be determined by the Administrator in its sole discretion. The Administrator shall have complete discretion in determining the number of Performance Units and Performance Shares granted to each Service Provider.
- (b) <u>Value of Performance Units and Performance Shares</u>. Each Performance Unit shall have an initial value established by the Administrator on or before the date of grant. Each Performance Share shall have an initial value equal to the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date of grant.
- (c) <u>Performance Objectives and Other Terms</u>. The Administrator shall set Performance Goals or other performance objectives in its sole discretion, which, depending on the extent to which they are met, shall determine the number or value of Performance Units and Performance Shares that shall be earned by the Participant. Each award of Performance Units or Performance Shares shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement that shall specify the Performance Period and such other terms and conditions as the Administrator, in its sole discretion, shall determine. The Administrator may set Performance Goals or performance objectives based upon the achievement of Company-wide, divisional, or individual goals, applicable federal or state securities laws, or any other basis determined by the Administrator in its sole discretion.
- (d) <u>Earning of Performance Units and Performance Shares</u>. After the applicable Performance Period has ended, the holder of Performance Units or Performance Shares shall be entitled to receive a payout of the number of Performance Units or Performance Shares earned by the Participant over the Performance Period, to be determined as a function of the extent to which the corresponding Performance Goals or performance objectives have been achieved. After the

grant of Performance Units or Performance Shares, the Administrator, in its sole discretion, may reduce or waive any performance objectives for the Performance Unit or Performance Share.

- Payment of earned Performance Units and Performance Shares. Payment of earned Performance Units and Performance Shares shall be made after the expiration of the applicable Performance Period at the time determined by the Administrator. The Administrator, in its sole discretion, may pay earned Performance Units and Performance Shares in the form of cash, in Shares (which have an aggregate Fair Market Value equal to the value of the earned Performance Units or Performance Shares, as applicable, at the close of the applicable Performance Period) or in a combination of cash and Shares.
- (f) <u>Cancellation of Performance Units or Performance Shares</u>. On the date set forth in the Award Agreement, all unearned or unvested Performance Units and Performance Shares shall be forfeited, and the Shares subject to the Award shall revert to the Plan as provided in Section 3(c).
- 11. Restricted Stock Units. Restricted Stock Units shall represent the right of a Participant to receive a payment upon vesting of the Restricted Stock Unit (or on any later date specified by the Administrator and set forth in the Award Agreement at the time of grant) equal to the Fair Market Value of a Share as of the date the Restricted Stock Unit vests or such other date as determined by the Administrator at the time the Restricted Stock Unit was granted. The Administrator, in its sole discretion, may pay earned Restricted Stock Units in the form of cash, in Shares (which have an aggregate Fair Market Value equal to the payment to which the Participant has become entitled) or in a combination of cash and Shares. Upon the forfeiture or other termination of Restricted Stock Units without payment therefor, Shares subject to the Award shall revert to the Plan as provided in Section 3(c).

12. Restricted Notes.

- (a) <u>Grant of Restricted Notes</u>. Subject to the terms and provisions of the Plan, on the Effective Date, the Administrator shall grant Restricted Notes to Employees as part of the Tranche A Awards.
- (b) Restricted Notes Agreement. Each Tranche A Award of Restricted Notes shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement that shall specify the Period of Restriction, the original principal amount of Notes granted, and such other terms and conditions as the Administrator, in its sole discretion, shall determine. Unless the Administrator determines otherwise, Restricted Notes, and any Shares issued upon conversion thereof, shall be held by the Company as escrow agent until the restrictions on the Restricted Notes have lapsed.
- (c) <u>Removal of Restrictions</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Section 12, Restricted Notes covered by each Tranche A Award made under the Plan, and any Shares issued upon conversion thereof, shall be released from escrow as soon as practical after the last day of the Period of Restriction. The Administrator, in its sole discretion, may accelerate the time at which any restrictions shall lapse or be removed.

- (d) <u>Consent and Conversion Rights</u>. During the Period of Restriction, Employees holding Restricted Notes may exercise full consent and conversion rights with respect to those Restricted Notes, unless the Award Agreement provides otherwise.
- (e) <u>Interest and Other Distributions</u>. During the Period of Restriction, Employees holding Restricted Notes shall be entitled to receive all interest (including "payment in kind" interest) and other distributions paid with respect to such Restricted Notes unless otherwise provided in the Award Agreement. If any interest or distributions are paid in Shares, the Shares shall be subject to the same restrictions on transferability and forfeitability as the Restricted Notes with respect to which they were paid.
- (f) <u>Return of Restricted Notes to Company</u>. If an Award Agreement for any Restricted Notes provides for a date on which such Restricted Notes shall be forfeited if the restrictions thereon have not theretofore lapsed, then on such date the Restricted Notes for which restrictions have not lapsed shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Plan as provided in Section 3(c).
- 13. Other Stock-Based Awards and Performance Cash Awards. Other Stock-Based Awards or Performance Cash Awards may be granted either alone, in addition to, or in tandem with, other Awards granted under the Plan and/or cash awards made outside of the Plan. The Administrator shall have authority to determine the Service Providers to whom, and the time or times at which, Other Stock-Based Awards or Performance Cash Awards shall be made, the amount of such Other Stock-Based Awards or Performance Cash Awards, and all other conditions of the Other Stock-Based Awards or Performance Cash Awards, including any dividend or voting rights and whether the Other Stock-Based Award should be paid in cash.
- 14. <u>Leaves of Absence</u>. In the sole discretion of the Administrator, vesting of Awards granted under this Plan may be suspended during any unpaid leave of absence exceeding thirty (30) days and shall resume on the date the Participant returns to work on a regular schedule as determined by the Company; *provided, however*, that no vesting credit shall be awarded for the time vesting has been suspended during such leave of absence. A Service Provider shall not cease to be an Employee in the case of any leave of absence approved by the Company as a leave of absence under this Section 14 or transfers between locations of the Company or between the Company, its Parent, or any Subsidiary. For purposes of Incentive Stock Options, no leave of absence may exceed ninety (90) days, unless reemployment upon expiration of such leave is guaranteed by statute or contract. If reemployment upon expiration of a leave of absence approved by the Company is not guaranteed by statute or contract, then at the end of three (3) months following the expiration of the leave of absence, any Incentive Stock Option held by the Participant shall cease to be treated as an Incentive Stock Option and shall be treated for tax purposes as a Non-statutory Stock Option.
- 15. <u>Non-Transferability of Awards</u>. Unless determined otherwise by the Administrator, an Award may not be sold, pledged, assigned, hypothecated, transferred, or disposed of in any manner other than by the laws of descent or distribution or pursuant to a qualifed domestic relations order, and may be exercised, during the lifetime of the Participant, only by the Participant or the Participant's designated legal representative in the case of the Disability of the Participant. If the

Administrator makes an Award transferable, such Award shall contain such additional terms and conditions as the Administrator deems appropriate.

16. Adjustments; Dissolution or Liquidation; Change in Control.

- (a) Adjustments. In the event that (a) the outstanding Shares are changed into or exchanged for a different number or kind of shares of stock or other securities or other equity interests of the Company or another corporation or entity, whether through merger, consolidation, reorganization, recapitalization, stock dividend, stock split, reverse stock split, substitution, exchange or other similar corporate event or transaction or (b) there is an extraordinary dividend or distribution by the Company or an Affiliate in respect of its shares, an equitable adjustment shall be made in order to prevent dilution or enlargement of the benefits or potential benefits intended to be made available under the Plan. Such adjustment may include an adjustment to the maximum number and kind of shares of stock or other securities or other equity interests as to which Awards may be granted under the Plan, the number and kind of shares of stock or other securities or other equity interests subject to outstanding Awards and the exercise price thereof, if applicable, and the numerical limits in Section 3. Notwithstanding the preceding, the number of Shares subject to any Award shall always be a whole number.
- (b) <u>Dissolution or Liquidation</u>. In the event of the proposed dissolution or liquidation of the Company, the Administrator shall notify each Participant as soon as practical prior to the effective date of the proposed transaction. The Administrator will provide for a Participant to have the right to exercise his Award, to the extent applicable, until ten (10) days prior to the transaction as to all of the Awarded Stock covered thereby, including Shares as to which the Award would not otherwise be exercisable. In addition, the Administrator may provide that any Company repurchase option or forfeiture rights applicable to any Award shall fully lapse, and that any Award shall vest in full, provided that the proposed dissolution or liquidation takes place at the time and in the manner contemplated. To the extent that it has not been previously exercised or vested, an Award shall terminate immediately prior to the consummation of such proposed action.
- (c) <u>Change in Control</u>. This Section 16(c) shall apply except to the extent otherwise provided in the Award Agreement or the employment agreement between a Participant and the Company or a Subsidiary of the Company.
- (i) Stock Options and SARs. Upon a Change in Control, each outstanding Option and SAR shall be assumed or an equivalent option or stock appreciation right shall be substituted by the successor corporation or a Parent or Subsidiary of the successor corporation. Unless determined otherwise by the Administrator, if the successor corporation refuses to assume or substitute for the Option or SAR, such Option or SAR shall fully vest, and the Participant shall have the right to exercise the Option or SAR as to all of the Awarded Stock, including Shares as to which the Option or SAR would not otherwise be vested or exercisable. If an Option or SAR is not assumed or substituted for upon the Change in Control, the Administrator shall notify the Participant in writing or electronically that the Option or SAR shall be exercisable for a period of at least ninety (90) days prior to the Change in Control (any such exercise being subject in all events to the consummation of such Change in Control), and the Option or SAR shall terminate upon the occurrence of the Change in Control. For the purposes of this Section 16(c)(i), the Option or SAR

shall be considered assumed or substituted for if, following the Change in Control, the replacement option or stock appreciation right confers the right to purchase or receive, for each Share of Awarded Stock subject to the Option or SAR immediately prior to the Change in Control, the consideration (whether securities, cash, or property) received in the Change in Control by holders of Common Stock for each Share held on the effective date of the transaction (and if holders were offered a choice of consideration, the type of consideration chosen by the holders of a majority of the outstanding Shares). However, if the consideration received in the Change in Control is not solely common stock of the successor corporation or its Parent or Subsidiary, the Administrator may, with the consent of the successor corporation, provide for the consideration to be received upon the exercise of the replacement option or stock appreciation right, for each share of Awarded Stock subject to the Option or SAR, to be solely common stock of the successor corporation or its Parent or Subsidiary equal in Fair Market Value (as of the date of such Change in Control) to the per-share consideration received by holders of Common Stock in the Change in Control. Notwithstanding anything in this Plan to the contrary, an Award that vests, is earned, or is paid out upon the satisfaction of one or more performance objectives shall not be considered assumed if the Company or its successor modifies any of the performance objectives without the Participant's consent; provided, however, that a modification to performance objectives solely to reflect the successor corporation's post-Change in Control corporate structure shall not be deemed to invalidate an otherwise valid Award assumption.

(ii) Restricted Stock, Performance Shares, Performance Units, Restricted Stock Units, Other Stock-Based Awards, and Performance Cash Awards. Upon a Change in Control, each outstanding Award of Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Unit, Performance Share, Performance Unit, Other Stock-Based Award, and Performance Cash Award shall be assumed or an equivalent Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Unit, Performance Share, Performance Unit, Other Stock-Based Award, and Performance Cash Award shall be substituted by the successor corporation or a Parent or Subsidiary of the successor corporation. Unless determined otherwise by the Administrator, if the successor corporation refuses to assume or substitute for the Award, the Participant shall fully vest in the Award, including as to Shares or Units that would not otherwise be vested, all applicable restrictions shall lapse, and all performance objectives and other vesting criteria shall be deemed achieved at targeted levels. For purposes of this Section 16(c)(ii), an Award of Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Units, Performance Shares, Performance Units, Other Stock-Based Awards, and Performance Cash Awards shall be considered assumed or substituted for if, following the Change in Control, the replacement award confers the right to purchase or receive, for each Share subject to the Award immediately prior to the Change in Control (and if a Restricted Stock Unit or Performance Unit, for each Share as determined based on the then current Fair Market Value), the consideration (whether stock, cash, or other securities or property) received in the Change in Control by holders of Common Stock for each Share held on the effective date of the transaction (and if holders were offered a choice of consideration, the type of consideration chosen by the holders of a majority of the outstanding Shares). However, if the consideration received in the Change in Control is not solely common stock of the successor corporation or its Parent or its Subsidiary, the Administrator may, with the consent of the successor corporation, provide for the consideration to be received upon the settlement of the replacement award, for each share of Awarded Stock subject to the Award, to be solely common stock of the successor corporation or its Parent or Subsidiary equal in Fair Market Value (as of the date of such Change in Control) to the per-share consideration

received by holders of Common Stock in the Change in Control. Notwithstanding anything in this Plan to the contrary, an Award that vests, is earned, or is paid out upon the satisfaction of one or more performance objectives shall not be considered assumed or substituted for if the Company or its successor modifies any of the performance objectives without the Participant's consent; *provided*, *however*, a modification to the performance objectives solely to reflect the successor corporation's post-Change in Control corporate structure, or any other equitable adjustment made pursuant to Section 16(a) above, shall not be deemed to invalidate an otherwise valid Award assumption or substitution.

- 17. <u>Date of Grant</u>. The date of grant of an Award shall be, for all purposes, the date on which the Administrator makes the determination granting such Award, or a later date as is determined by the Administrator. Notice of the determination shall be provided to each Participant within a reasonable time after the date of such grant.
- 18. <u>Term of Plan</u>. The Plan became effective on the Effective Date and thereafter shall continue in effect for a term of ten (10) years unless terminated earlier under Section 19 of the Plan.

19. Amendment and Termination of the Plan.

- (a) <u>Amendment and Termination</u>. The Board may at any time amend, alter, suspend or terminate the Plan. The Plan shall terminate upon the occurrence of a Change in Control and no Awards may be granted following a Change in Control.
- (b) <u>Stockholder Approval</u>. The Company shall obtain stockholder approval of any Plan amendment to the extent necessary to comply with Applicable Laws.
- (c) <u>Effect of Amendment or Termination</u>. No amendment, alteration, suspension, or termination of the Plan shall materially or adversely impair the rights of any Participant, unless otherwise mutually agreed upon by the Participant and the Administrator, which agreement must be in writing and signed by the Participant and the Company. Termination of the Plan shall not affect the Administrator's ability to exercise the powers granted to it under this Plan with respect to Awards granted under the Plan prior to the date of termination.

20. Conditions upon issuance of shares.

- (a) <u>Legal Compliance</u>. Shares shall not be issued pursuant to the exercise of an Award unless the exercise of the Award and the issuance and delivery of such Shares shall comply with Applicable Laws and shall be further subject to the approval of counsel for the Company with respect to such compliance.
- (b) <u>Investment Representations</u>. As a condition to the exercise or receipt of an Award, the Company may require the Person exercising or receiving the Award to represent and warrant at the time of any such exercise or receipt that the Shares are being purchased only for investment and without any present intention to sell or distribute the Shares if, in the opinion of counsel for the Company, such a representation is required.

- (c) <u>Taxes</u>. No Shares shall be delivered under the Plan to any Participant or other Person until the Participant or other Person has made arrangements acceptable to the Administrator for the satisfaction of any non-U.S., U.S.-federal, U.S.-state, or local income and employment tax withholding obligations, including, without limitation, obligations incident to the receipt of Shares. Upon exercise or vesting of an Award, the Company shall withhold or collect from the Participant an amount sufficient to satisfy such tax obligations, including, but not limited to, by surrender of a whole number of Shares covered by the Award sufficient to satisfy the applicable tax withholding obligations incident to the exercise or vesting of the Award.
- 21. <u>Severability</u>. Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan or an Award to the contrary, if any one or more of the provisions (or any part thereof) of this Plan or the Awards shall be held invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any respect, such provision shall be modified so as to make it valid, legal, and enforceable, and the validity, legality, and enforceability of the remaining provisions (or any part thereof) of the Plan or Award, as applicable, shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.
- 22. <u>Inability to Obtain Authority</u>. The inability of the Company to obtain authority from any regulatory body having jurisdiction, which authority is deemed by the Company's counsel to be necessary to the lawful issuance and sale of any Shares hereunder, shall relieve the Company of any liability in respect of the failure to issue or sell such Shares as to which such requisite authority shall not have been obtained.
- 23. <u>No Rights to Awards</u>. No eligible Service Provider or other Person shall have any claim to be granted any Award pursuant to the Plan, and neither the Company nor the Administrator shall be obligated to treat Participants or any other Person uniformly.
- 24. <u>No Stockholder Rights</u>. Except as otherwise provided herein or in an Award Agreement, a Participant shall have none of the rights of a stockholder with respect to Shares covered by an Award until the Participant becomes the owner of the Shares.
- 25. <u>Fractional Shares</u>. No fractional Shares shall be issued, and the Administrator shall determine, in its sole discretion, whether cash shall be paid to the holders of fractional Shares in lieu thereof or whether such fractional Shares shall be eliminated by rounding up as appropriate.
- 26. Governing Law. The Plan, all Award Agreements, and all related matters shall be governed by the laws of the State of Maryland, without regard to choice of law principles that direct the application of the laws of another state. The jurisdiction and venue for any disputes arising under, or any action brought to enforce (or otherwise relating to), this Plan shall be exclusively in the courts in Baltimore, Maryland, including the Federal Courts located therein (should Federal jurisdiction exist).
- 27. <u>No Effect on Terms of Employment or Consulting Relationship</u>. The Plan shall not confer upon any Participant any right as a Service Provider, nor shall it interfere in any way with his right or the right of the Company or a Parent or Subsidiary to terminate the Participant's service at any time, with or without cause, and with or without notice. There is no obligation for uniformity of treatment of any Service Provider of the Company or any Participant.

- 28. <u>Unfunded Obligation</u>. Participants shall have the status of general unsecured creditors of the Company. Any amounts payable to Participants pursuant to the Plan shall be unfunded and unsecured obligations for all purposes, including, without limitation, Title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended. Neither the Company nor any Parent or Subsidiary shall be required to segregate any monies from its general funds, or to create any trusts, or to establish any special accounts with respect to such obligations. The Company shall retain at all times beneficial ownership of any investments, including trust investments, that the Company may make to fulfill its payment obligations under this Plan. Neither any investments nor the creation or maintenance of any trust for any Participant account shall create or constitute a trust or fiduciary relationship between the Administrator, the Company or any Parent or Subsidiary and a Participant, or otherwise create any vested or beneficial interest in any Participant or the Participant's creditors in any assets of the Company or Parent or Subsidiary. The Participants shall have no claim against the Company or any Parent or Subsidiary for any changes in the value of any assets that may be invested or reinvested by the Company with respect to the Plan.
- 29. <u>Section 409A</u>. It is the intention of the Company that no Award shall be "deferred compensation" subject to Section 409A of the Code, unless and to the extent that the Administrator specifically determines otherwise, and the Plan and the terms and conditions of all Awards shall be interpreted accordingly. The following rules shall apply to Awards intended to be subject to Section 409A of the Code ("409A Awards"):
- (a) Any distribution of a 409A Award following a separation from service that would be subject to Section 409A(a)(2)(A)(i) of the Code as a distribution following a separation from service of a "specified employee" (as defined under Section 409A(a)(2)(B)(i) of the Code) shall occur no earlier than the expiration of the six (6) month period following such separation from service.
- (b) In the case of a 409A Award providing for distribution or settlement upon vesting or lapse of a risk of forfeiture, if the time of such distribution or settlement is not otherwise specified in the Plan or Award Agreement or other governing document, the distribution or settlement shall be made no later than March 15 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which such 409A Award vested or the risk of forfeiture lapsed.
- (c) In the case of any distribution of any other 409A Award, if the timing of such distribution is not otherwise specified in the Plan or Award Agreement or other governing document, the distribution shall be made not later than the end of the calendar year during which the settlement of the 409A Award is specified to occur.
- 30. <u>Construction</u>. Headings in this Plan are included for convenience and shall not be considered in the interpretation of the Plan. References to sections are to Sections of this Plan unless otherwise indicated. Pronouns shall be construed to include the masculine, feminine, neutral, singular or plural as the identity of the antecedent may require. This Plan shall be construed according to its fair meaning and shall not be strictly construed against the Company.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Steven W. Scheinkman, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of A. M. Castle & Co. (the "Company");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Company's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures [as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)] and internal control over financial reporting [as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)] for the Company and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - Evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's most recent fiscal quarter (the Company's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonable likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Company's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Company's auditors and the audit committee of the Company's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 14, 2017 /s/ Steven W. Scheinkman

Steven W. Scheinkman
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Patrick R. Anderson, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of A. M. Castle & Co. (the "Company");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Company's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures [as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)] and internal control over financial reporting [as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)] for the Company and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - Evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's most recent fiscal quarter (the Company's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonable likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Company's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Company's auditors and the audit committee of the Company's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 14, 2017 /s/ Patrick R. Anderson

Patrick R. Anderson

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer & Treasurer

(Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the accompanying Quarterly Report of A. M. Castle & Co. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2017 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Steven W. Scheinkman, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Patrick R. Anderson, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer & Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer) of the Company, do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of his knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material aspects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Steven W. Scheinkman

Steven W. Scheinkman
President and Chief Executive Officer
November 14, 2017

/s/ Patrick R. Anderson

Patrick R. Anderson
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer & Treasurer
November 14, 2017

This certification accompanies the Report pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section. This certification shall also not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, except to the extent that the Company specifically incorporates it by reference.